PUBLISHED MONTHLY.—PRICE 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats and Daks. Places of interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 52,506—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC

Milkmaid
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.
GRAND
Milk

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1902.
* EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langbourne.	15th March
M. L. CALEDONIA	7558	E. H. Gordon	22nd "
* VICTORIA	6527	E. Crewe	29th "
M.L. EGYPT	7912	G. L. Langborne.	5th April,
* ARABIA	7903	J. L. Parfitt	12th "
M.L. VICTORIA	6527	E. Crewe	19th "
* PENINSULAR	5287	T. Leigh	26th "
M.L. ARABIA	7,903	J. L. Parfitt	3rd May.
* PERSIA	7,951	W. A. Wheler	10th "
M.L. PENINSULAR	5,287	T. Leigh	17th "
* CALEDONIA	7,558	E. H. Gordon	24th "
M.L. PERSIA	7,951	W. A. Wheler	31st "

The steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.

The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage Labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 11 A.M., and 12-30 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's steam barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA and JAPAN, and return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 3rd January, 1902.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

TO TRIESTE DIRECT VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Androvich	4,139	1st April 1902
IMPERATRIX	V. Gutman	4,212	1st May 1902,

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 660.	Rs. 357-8.	Rs. 165.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about.
S. S. TIROL	......	2,771	15th March.
*S. S. POSEIDON	....	3,878	8th April.
S. S. E FRANZ FERDINAND		6,013	16th April

* Will call at Karachi,

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 412-8	Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN A YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 990. 2nd Class Rs. 536-4. Saloon Rs. 618-12.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.

This arrangement will prove of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI, VIA SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
INDIA	E. Klun	2,650	23rd April, 1902.

For further particulars, regarding Passages apply to

E. SCARPA, Agent.
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, 7th March, 1902.

W. W. & CO., BOMBAY.

WILLIAM WATSON & CO.,

PASSENGER & SHIPPING AGENTS,
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(ESTABLISHED 1867.)

Book...PASSAGES and Ship ...CARGO to England and the Continent.
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and to all PORTS of the WORLD.

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WILLIAM WATSON & CO.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on THURSDAY,
SALAZIE	4,255	Aubert	13th Mar. 1902,
OCEANIEN	4,259	Schmitz	10th April 1902,
YARRA	4,256	Negre	8th May, 1902,

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

[illegible] Company are now in a position to issue RETURN [illegible]KETS available for one way by the Messageries Mari[illegible], and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at [illegible] Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, [illegible] advantage to Passengers on three months' privi[illegible]

[illegible]OLOMBO, SINGAPORE, JAVA, SAIGON, TONQUIN, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

[illegible] "TONKIN," 6,363 tons, Captain [illegible], to sail on or about 2nd April, 1902. [illegible] apply to

C. RUINAT, Agent.
[illegible] Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED,

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,192 tons, on FRIDAY, the 14th March, at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on TUESDAY, the 18th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie (weather permitting).

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "JAVA," 1,477 tons, on THURSDAY, the 13th March, at 10 a.m., calling at Kurrachee, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order (weather permitting).

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOMBASA, IBO, MOZAMBIQUE, BEIRA AND DELAGOA BAY.

S. S. "NEVASA," 2,998 tons, on or about MONDAY, the 17th March.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "KERBELA," 1,961 tons, on or about 16th March,

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 11th March, 1902.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, FREE OF CHARGE for COMMISSION.

LATEST LIST of SAILINGS, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.

EVERY ASSISTANCE rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

SPECIAL AGENTS of the Firm meet all Steamers at BRINDISI and MARSEILLES.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co , London ; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

KING, HAMILTON & CO.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. RUBATTINO.	4,580	M. Saporiti	15th March 1902.
DCO. BALDUINO.	4,580	O. Canepa	15th April 1902.
V. FLORIO	2,840	A Dodero	26th April, 1902.

And on the 15th of every subsequent month.

BOMBAY to VENICE calling at ALEXANDRIA and BRINDISI.

Vessel.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on
NILO	2840	Stabile	27th March, 1902.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

SINGLE TICKETS.

1st Class Rs. 605. 2nd Class Rs. 357-8. 3rd Class Rs. 165.

RETURN TICKETS AVAILABLE ONE YEAR.

1st Class Rs. 907-8. 2nd Class Rs. 550.

SPECIAL RATES FOR THE STEAMERS NILO AND V. FLORIO.

To GENOA or VENICE Single ...... 1st Class Rs. 500
" " " " " ... 2nd " " 325

Above fares include the Coal primage of ten per cent.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service.

S S. BORMIDA, Tons 3,000 from BOMBAY to HONGKONG, calling at Singapore, on the 17th March, 1902.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 23.

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Guarantees Against Embezzlement.

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HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY

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THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

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VATCHA BROS.

ROYAL INDIAN, JAMES, RALEIGH, PROGRESS, &c.,
CYCLES, MOTOR-CARS, PHONOGRAPHS, ACCESSORIES, RUBBER TYRES, ELECTRICAL FANS, &c., of latest and best Makes.
The Largest Cycle-Factory in India for building enamelling, nickel-plating, repairing, &c.

572, GIRGAUM TRAM TERMINUS, BOMBAY,
41, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GLARE GLASSES.

WITH the disappearance of the Monsoons and the prospects in the future of Hot and Sunny Days, we beg to remind all, whose Eyes are affected by the glare of the sun, of the necessity of using SUN SPECTACLES. Our neutral tinted Glare stirrup-shaped Spectacle give the greatest comfort in use. They can be obtained in shades of light medium and dark. The lense are of the best make, absolutely free from air bubbles and water marks, so common in the cheap Spectacle.

Steel, Rs. 6. Nickel, Rs. 10.
Gold, Rs. 75.

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BOMBAY AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO., LD.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT,

This Department is well stocked with all the Best and Newest Goods suitable for this Country.

GENT'S HATS AND SUN HELMETS,
PANAMA STRAW HATS.
TWEED HATS AND CAPS.
GENT'S SHIRTS FOR DRESS AND ORDINARY WEAR.
COLLARS, TIES AND SCARVES
In the Newest and most Fashionable Designs.
GENT'S UNDERCLOTHING.

TRAVELLING RUGS, MAUDS, REZAIS,
TABLE LINEN.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, POONA.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

PAR EXCELLENCE THE BRAND LEADING,

OF INDIAN CIGARS.

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SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS;

McDOWELL AND CO., LD.,

MADRAS. LONDON.

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BREAKFASTS, TIFFINS, and DINNERS AVAILABLE at SHORTEST NOTICE.

OYSTERS NOW IN SEASON.

HAMS, BACON AND CHEESE, AS SUPPLIED TO GOVERNMENT HOUSES CALCUTTA, SIMLA, BOMBAY, OOTACAMUND AND MADRAS, and the principal MESSES and CLUBS throughout India and Burma.

BACON—	Rs.	a.
REAL WILTS MIDDLE, from 20 to 30 lb., each per lb., (original weight)	1	2
do. do. do do. on cut	1	3
REAL WILTS BELLY, from 8 to 20lb., each per lb., (original weight)	1	0
do. do. do. on cut	1	1
CUMBERLAND BELLIES, from 10 to 16lb. each per lb.	1	0
do. do. do. on cut	1	1
RASHERS OF BACON, per 1lb. tin	1	4
HAMS—		
Home cured, Pale Cumberland, from 7 to 26 lb., each per lb.	1	2
Cooked ready for table, whole or half Ham per lb.	2	0
Cooked, in slices ,,	2	8

CHEESE—		Rs.	a
STILTON ENGLISH PRIZE DAIRY, whole Cheese,	Per lb.	1	6
do. do. do. on cut	"	1	8
GORGONZOLA, REAL, whole Cheese	"	1	6
do. do. do. on cut	"	1	8
CAMEMBERT, Real, per large tin	"	1	12
MENAUTA per tin	"	1	4
CHESHIRE do. on cut	"	1	0
GRUYERE, Real	"	1	0
CHEDDAR, Pale Loaf	"	0	14
DOUBLE GLOSTER	"	0	14
AMERICAN	"	0	12
EDAMS & GOUDAS	"	0	12

COLD WEATHER DELICACIES NOW.

Ox Tongues, Bath Chaps, Cakes, French Plums, Turkish Figs, etc., etc., Tom Smith's Famous Sweets and Crackers.

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VICEREGAL CATERERS,
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ESTABLISHED 1868.

BEST ELECTRO-PLATED NICKEL SILVER

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WELL BALANCED, WELL FINISHED, HIGH CLASS,
The Best that English Manufacture Can Produce,
WILL LAST A LIFE-TIME.

BEST QUALITY.		FIDDLE. Rs.	a.	SPEAR. Rs.	a.	KING'S. Rs.	a.
TEA SPOONS	Per Doz.	11	12	16	8	22	0
DESSERT SPOONS	" "	22	0	30	0	37	0
TABLE SPOONS	" "	28	0	42	8	50	0
DESSERT FORKS	" "	22	0	30	0	37	0
TABLE FORKS	" "	28	0	42	8	50	0
SECOND QUALITY.		Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
TEA SPOONS	Per Doz.	10	0	15	12	18	14
DESSERT SPOONS	" "	19	0	25	4	33	12
TABLE SPOONS	" "	25	8	38	8	46	4
DESSERT FORKS	" "	19	0	25	4	33	12
TABLE FORKS	" "	25	8	38	8	46	4

TABLE CUTLERY

BEST ENGLISH MADE
DOUBLE SHEAR STEEL HAND FORGED BLADES.

HANDLES.		BONE. Rs.	a.	XYLONITE. Rs.	a.	IVORY. Rs.	a.
DESSERT KNIVES	Per Doz.	14	12	15	12	29	12
TABLE KNIVES	" "	18	8	19	8	42	0
MEAT CARVERS	Pair	7	8	8	0	15	0
STEEL	Each	2	4	2	8	5	8

For Price List of Electroplate and Silver Ware please apply to

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

JOHN ROBERTS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY.

Beg to announce that owing to THE INRCEASING DEMAND for their well-known

ARTISTIC FURNITURE

they have added a

NEW SHOW ROOM

to their already extensive premises where a display of the most UP-TO-DATE designs and patterns may now be seen.

A VISIT OF INSPECTION is respectfully invited.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

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CURRENT and FIXED DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed.

LOANS and OVERDRAFTS granted against approved security.

DRAFTS issued. TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS effected. PERIODICAL REMITTANCES made.

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OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST.
By Appointment to
H. E. LORD CURZON OF KEDLESTON, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E.,
VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished, and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

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Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.

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BORDEAUX
SAINT-JULIEN.

THIS WINE is produced solely from grapes grown in the district of Saint-Julien in a vineyard the property of Messrs. LECHARD FILS. This is a guarantee in itself of its purity, and permits the growers to recommend it as a thoroughly

SOUND and GENUINE LIGHT WINE.

SOLD BY ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

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VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES, GIRGAUM.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and Carriage Horses selected for Local and Up-country Constituents. Horses Shod on the most approved principles, under Personal Supervision.

Horses broken to single (Rs. 15), and double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15). Raw Walers Charged extra.

	Rs.
Horses standing at Livery, on Commission Sale or for treatment including Syce per mensem	35
Commission on Horses Bought or Sold	17
Examination and Certificate	10
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CRUSHED HORSE FOOD, best in the market. Present Price Rs. 5-8 per CWT. Delivered Free.

Special Mixtures, CRUSHED OATS BRAN., etc. supplied.

ST. MARTIN'S PULMONARY BALSAM.

The unfailing REMEDY for COUGH, COLD and ASTHMA Possesses Demulcent and Balsamic properties. Ans. 12 & Re. 1-4

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LIVIERATO & CO.'S

HIGH CLASS EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.
THEY ARE THE CHEAPEST AND THE BEST.

FEW HINTS TO SMOKERS.

FOR the information of the Public, who are misled by blustering advertisements and induced to believe that the CIGARETTES made in Egypt are *THE ONLY GENUINE*, we beg to draw their attention to the following :—Egypt does not produce any Tobacco at all, and the Cigarettes manufactured there are of Turkish Tobacco, the same as our own Cigarettes. There is no difference, therefore, between the Cigarettes made in Egypt and those made in Aden, as both of them are made of the same Turkish Tobacco and by the same Cigarette Makers, with the only difference that purchasers of Cigarettes made in Egypt have to pay nearly double the prices of those made in Aden.

We, therefore, request all Cigarette Smokers to try a box of the Cigarettes made in Aden, and convince themselves of the above facts.

GENERAL AGENTS :

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OWING TO THE ENORMOUS SUCCESS OF
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TO-NIGHT,
WEDNESDAY, 12TH MARCH,
"RUNAWAY GIRL"
THURSDAY, 13TH MARCH,
Under the Patronage and in the presence of
H. E. LORD AND LADY NORTHCOTE,
And the Members of Committee of the Dufferin Fund Fancy Fete, when will be produced, by desire
"SAN TOY"
FRIDAY, 14TH MARCH,
"TOREADOR"
SATURDAY, 15TH MARCH,
"GAIETY GIRL"
TO COMMENCE EACH EVENING
AT 9 O'CLOCK.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.—
Stalls Rs. 5 & 4 Pit Chairs Rs. 2.
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PLAN & TICKETS AT SOUNDY & Co., Ld.

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FINAL AUCTION SALE.

MR. ARNOLD has kindly consented to AUCTION all Articles left over from the Fete. The Auction will be held at the Secretaries Tent on the oval on THURSDAY, 13th March, at 5 P. M.
ENTRANCE FREE.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.
"TIMES"
MONTHLY PAYMENT SYSTEM,
182
SETS OF BEST
CARRIAGE RUBBER TYRES.
By special arrangement with English manufacturers,
REMAINING TO BE GIVEN AWAY
at the initial payment of
Rs. 15
and six further monthly payments of the same amount.
No extra charge for setting the Rubbers, and to upcountry constituents no charges for Packing
UNTIL 15TH MARCH, 1902.
First Come, First Served.
For order forms and particulars, apply
GOVINDJEE MADHOWJEE & Co.,
57, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!!
FOR SALE AND HIRE.

MESSRS. AHMED DEWJI AND BROTHERS, High Class Upholsterers, Furniture Manufacturers, Suppliers to NATIVE PRINCES and CHIEFS, have now the pleasure to inform their Constituents and the Public that they are occupying new and extensive Premises, Nos. 10 and 11, Old Caji Street, Chuckla Road. They make and always have for immediate delivery all kinds of artistic furniture to European style and taste for Dining, Drawing, Office, and Bed-rooms. Also a large and varied stock of Brass and Iron Bedsteads, Perambulators, Bentwood Furniture, Tapestries and Dinner, Dessert, and Toilet Sets, &c., &c., of Standard Makers. Bungalows and Houses furnished on hire at short notice and moderate price.

Up-Country ORDERS and different Contracts undertaken. INSPECTION and CORRESPONDENCE kindly solicited.

HOM. POOR DISPENSARY,

P. O. KANKANADY, MANGALORE, S. C.

Mother Tinctures, powders and high dilutions Schussler's Tissue Remedies, all at 2 as. per dram. Externals, pills and low dilutions, at 1½ as. per dram.

	Rs.	a.	p.
A box of the 30 principal medicines	2	12	0
In 1 dram phials	3	4	0
In 2 dram phials	6	0	0
Manual of Homœpathy	3	4	0
Domestic Indicator, by Dr. W. Schwabe ...	0	8	0
Homœpathic Guide, by Dr. Laytles... ...	0	8	0
Biochemic Guide, by Dr. Laytles	0	8	0
Biochemistry, by J. B. Chapman, M. D. ...	4	0	0

THE SOLERI-BELLOTI SPECIFICS,
AT 4 ANNAS PER TUBE.

A box of the 33 Specifics	7		0
A small trial box of the 16 principal remedies	2	8	0
Guide for the same		0	0

N.B.—All the profits go to the Leper Asylum Hospital, and the Poor House.

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The Comprehensive Criminal Digest, 1862—1899.

BY
CHUNILAL HARILAL VAKIL, B.A., LL.B.

ONE OF THE BEST WORKS OF ITS SORT. It will find its way up to the front rank of books of this sort on its merits alone. For completeness of treatment it has no equal in the field. "Calcutta Weekly Notes":—Considerable care has been used in arranging the various cases under their appropriate headings. We have nothing but praise for the work turned out by the author. "Indian Review Madras":—This book should prove a most useful companion. The laborious task undertaken by the author in compiling this work appears to us to have been excellently performed. "Bombay Gazette":—It makes an era in the compilation of Criminal Digest in this country; will very likely supersede all those at present in the field. "Kayastha Samachar," Allahabad:—It supplies a long felt want. It is an improvement in many respects over all the existing criminal digests and promises to supersede them all. "Lawyer," Ahmedabad:—The arrangement seems to be everything that is desirable. "Madras Law Journal":—It is superior in every respect to the existing criminal digests.—Bombay Law Reporter.

PRICE Rs. 17. POSTAGE 6 ANNAS,
TO BE HAD
AT THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF PIG LEAD AND QUICKSILVER.

On THURSDAY, the 13th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, by order of the concerned, and on account and at the risk of Abdool Cader Ismailjee Motiwalla—
339 pieces pig lead.
34 bottles quicksilver.

AUCTION SALE OF THE MILL BELONGING TO THE MAHALAKSHMI SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, Ld., situated at Wari Bunder, opposite the Prince's Dock, near the Elphinstone Bridge.

Under instructions from the Trustees for Debenture-holders of the Mahalakshmi Spinning and Weaving Company, Limited, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the Mill premises at Wari Bunder, opposite the Prince's Dock, near the Elphinstone Bridge, on SATURDAY, the 15th instant at 3 p.m. in one lot,

All the leasehold lands, together with the buildings standing thereon and all the machinery, such as boilers, engines, spindles, machinery tools, &c., &c., and other appliances.

For full particulars and conditions of sale, apply at the office of the Trustees of the Debenture-holders, Tamarind Lane, Fort.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 12th March, 1902.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

(Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this column.)

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

FACSIMILE CORONATION SPOON used at the anointing. In Hall-marked Sterling Silver gilt, Rs. 10 each. Orders are now being registered by MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay, where a Specimen Spoon can be seen.

LONG'S MENTHOL EMBROCATION—An effectual remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Sore Throats, Sprains, &c. Per bottle Re. 1. Bombay Agents.—Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35 Esplanade Road.

THE KING'S CORONATION—Intending Passengers should call and inspect our Stock of TRAVELLING REQUISITES before purchasing elsewhere. Best Goods at lowest prices.—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road. (Opposite John Roberts & Co.) Bombay.

GRAND PRIX received by the SINGER Co., for their WORLD RENOWNED SEWING-MACHINES is the highest award than a Gold Medal received by other Sewing Machines of less merit.

LOST at Fancy Fete on Monday, 10 Inst, a BROOCH. Five Blue Moonstones, set in Silver in one row with Brilliants round each stone. The finder will be well rewarded, if he or she returns it to MR. F. H. DE BRITO, High Court, Bombay.

TILL SATURDAY NEXT.—Still further REDUCTION in Gent's BOOTS and SHOES till Saturday next, when SALE CLOSES. Gent's Oxford Shoes from Rs. 2-14, Boots from Rs. 3-4.—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents,) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT, & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, (Opposite John Roberts & Co.) Bombay.

BILZ'S NATURAL METHOD of healing, 2 Volumes, 2074 Pages, 715 Illustrations, many plates; 2 coloured adjustable models of the human body, Rs 20. Apply to B. X. FURTADO & BROS. Kalbadevie Road, Bombay.

SWIFT CYCLES.—The Spring Frame Swift is a most luxurious model, suitable for all who suffer from the effects of Vibration. A wide range of patterns to choose from.—W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

WE ARE SELLING LADIES' BOOTS and SHOES at still further reduced prices till Saturday next, when SALE CLOSES. A Special Line. Ladies Tan Lace or Button Shoes reduced to Rs. 3-8; Blacker Tan Lace Boots from Rs. 3-10.—SUTOR & Co., (Retail Agents), THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road, (Opposite John Roberts & Co.,) Bombay.

A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH is a Lasting Joy. An Indifferent Photograph for the sake of Cheapness is FALSE ECONOMY. For a Really GOOD LIKENESS go to RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS.

WANTED, for Local Mill, a WEAVING MASTER, of long experience. Apply with Testimonials to "BIM," Advt. Dept., care of "The Bombay Gazette."

COMMISSION AGENTS WANTED, for Bombay and the Bombay Presidency. Apply HENKE'S TILE WORKS, FEROKE A. G. FEROKE.

WANTED AN ASSISTANT PRINTER.—The services of an experienced Assistant Printer are required for a local English daily paper. Only those who have acted in that capacity before on English Papers need apply. Applications with copies of testimonials to be addressed to "151 M," Advt. Dept., care of "Bombay Gazette."

CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES, at REDUCED RATES till Saturday next, when SALE CLOSES. Prices from Rs. 1-8. Inspection invited—SUTOR & Co. (Retail Agents) THE WESTERN INDIA ARMY BOOT & EQUIPMENT FACTORY, Hornby Road (Opposite John Roberts & Co.), Bombay.

VISITING CARDS, Door Plates, Peon Badges, Crests, &c., &c., engraved on Brass in the best English Style. Compare work, stamp and price. MASANI & Co. General Engravers and Printers. 43, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

BOOK-KEEPING, Higher Accountancy and Commercial Subjects for Government P. W. D. and exams. of English Boards, Moderate Charges by S. R. DAVAR, F. S. S., Accountant from London, 9, Elphinstone Circle.

TO BE LET, for the Season, at Bandora Hill, large FURNISHED BUNGALOW, large Garden and Stables. Apply to Mr. DE BRITO, High Court.

COMMODIOUS FLAT TO LET at the Apollo Chambers, Apollo Bunder, Apply to the MANAGER, Apollo Hotel.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electro Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

M. BRESLAUER & Co. have FOR SALE several thousand real ENGRAVINGS at one Rupee each. Do not miss this opportunity and have a look at them.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants, Clerks, Peons, &c., and Nurses, &c., of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services (Army and Navy), as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee and hold ourselves responsible. Highest reference given if required. Fee Rs. 2 each servant. No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. N. B.—Beware of the so-called Registry Offices who work by assumed names.

THE NEW IMPROVED CELESTINA with 5 rolls, Rs. 75, Phoenix with a Dozen tunes Rs. 60 to 120 and other Hand Organs. Rates and lists of tunes can be had from STEFFENAUER and Co., 5, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

GLORIA CYCLES—Model Riche fitted with ball bearing free wheel and Bowden Triumph pattern brake, a perfect mount. The GLORIA, with latest improvements, price Rs. 220 net cash. Accessories included. Sole Agents, W. H. THORNS & Co., Tamarind Lane.

E. DUCKETT and Co., of East Street Poona, the Principal Monumental Sculptors of the Deccan are prepared to submit estimates for Monuments and Mural tablets of all descriptions and designs. They forward splendid Photographic Catalogues to choose from, and being practical masons themselves, guarantee work to be executed in the best style. Monuments costing from Rs. 15 to Rs. 1,500 have been executed, satisfactorily. Their latest work, was the "erection" of a most imposing Figure to the late Hon. Mr. J. Nugent, C. S. I., I. C. S.—PRICES LOW AND WORK GOOD.

FURNITURE.—Messrs. AHMED DEWJI and BROTHERS respectfully invite the Public to inspect their SHOW-ROOM in Chukla Street.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL, 150° sold by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., Messrs. Phillips and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Currimbhai Hirji, at Rs. 5-3-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 5-7-2 per case, at Bandora.

DEVOE'S IMPERIAL BRILLIANT OIL.—A FINE GRADE OF AMERICAN KEROSINE OIL, 125° Fire Test. Imported by STANDARD OIL CO. of New York. Sold at their Godown, Mazagaon, at Rs. 3-8-2 per case.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, by DIMITRINO and Co. of Cairo, known for their exquisite flavour and fine aroma from Rs. 2-4 to 4-8 per 100. Fresh consignments by every alternate Mail Steamer D. MERWAN & Co., Cigar Merchants, 30, Medows Street, Bombay.

G S LINIMENT.—An Infallible Remedy for the cure of Mange, Malabar Itch, and other Skin Diseases in Horses, Dogs and Cattle. Per bottle, Re. 1-8.—THOMSON & TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road.

TO LIBRARIES.—NOVELS of the latest Colonial Libraries' Series, slightly soiled, to be SOLD at 8 annas each. Apply "Q." care of "Bombay Gazette."

SITUATIONS WANTED.

RATES.—One Anna per line, Minimum charge Four Annas

ADVERTISER, a smart young man from Madras, speaking fluently EIGHT DIFFERENT VERNACULAR LANGUAGES, seeks ENGAGEMENT as a CLERK or a TRAVELLING COMPANION, or an Interpreter. Is also a good horseman and is willing to act in any capacity. Possesses good references and testimonials. Apply for particulars to Box No. "67 F." Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, by an experienced EUROPEAN LADY, SITUATION as Travelling Companion or to teach young Children in a Native Nobleman's family. Apply to "HONOUR" Box No. 16, Advt. Dept., "The Bombay Gazette."

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

CONTRACTS FOR NAVY PROVISIONS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of FRESH MEAT, BREAD and VEGETABLES, to His Majesty's Ships at Bombay, for three years, from 1st April 1902.

Forms and particulars of Tenders may be obtained on application at the Office of the Rear-Admiral, Commander-in-Chief, 2 Marine Lines. No Tenders will be received later than noon on MONDAY, the 24th instant.

EDMUND, F. E. GIPPS,
Secretary to Commander-in-Chief.

2, Marine Lines, 3rd March, 1902.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON and from the 1st of April, 1902, RETURN TICKETS of all classes between BOMBAY and KALYAN and all intermediate Stations will be issued as follows:—

1st and 2nd Class Return Tickets at two Single Fares for the double journey.
3rd Class Return Tickets by Mail Trains at two Single Fares for the double journey.
3rd Class by other Trains at a fare and four-fifths for the double journey

With effect from the same date the rates for season Tickets between Bombay and Kalyan and all intermediate Stations will also be revised. Full particulars can be obtained from Station Masters at Stations between Bombay and Kalyan.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, the 17th February, 1902.

THE NEW EAST INDIA PRESS CO., LIMITED.
ધી નીઉ ઈસ્ટ ઈંડીઆ પ્રેસ કંપની, લીમીટેડ.

NOTICE is hereby given that the 27th ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held at its Registered Office, No. 3, Tamarind Lane, Fort, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of March, 1902, at 3 P.M., to transact the following business, viz:—

1ST.—To receive and adopt the Audited Accounts and Balance-sheet for the year ending 30th September, 1901.
2ND.—To declare a Dividend.
3RD.—To appoint Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
4TH.—To appoint Auditors for the year 1901-1902 and to fix their remuneration.
5TH.—To transact such other business as may be brought forward by the chairman.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
મુળજી જેઠાની કું.,
i.e., MOOLJEE JAITHA & Co.
Secretaries and Treasurers.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the above COMPANY will be CLOSED from 26th Feb. to 12th March, 1902, both days inclusive.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.
MAHABLESHWAR SEASON.

FIRST AND SECOND CLASS PASSENGERS travelling from Poona to Wathar, during the Mahableshwar Season will, until further notice, be conveyed in Extra Bogie Composite Carriages by the Mail train leaving Poona daily at 19-15 and arriving at Wathar at 23-19, up to the limit of the Sleeping accommodation that can be provided in them, which is for 12 first class and 16 second class Passengers.

2. PASSENGERS intending to travel by the Mail Train from Poona are requested to secure accommodation by booking their berths beforehand, which can be done if the Station Master at Poona is advised of the class and number of berths required, and the names of intending occupants. Accommodation will be reserved in the Extra Bogie Composite Carriages, in the order registered. When these carriages are filled, room will be provided in the ordinary train carriages, as far as possible.

3. EXTRA CARRIAGES for first and second class Local Passengers to Wathar will also be attached, when required, to the Down Mixed Train leaving Poona at 22-50, and arriving Wathar at 7-10 daily.

4. THE EXTRA CARRIAGES conveying Passengers for Wathar by the Down Mail Train will be detached there, and first and second class passengers will be permitted to occupy Carriages detached at that Station, until day-light, free of charge.

5. A DINING CARRIAGE will usually be run on the Down Mail Train from Poona to Wathar between the 15th of March and the 15th of June, and Dinner will be provided at a charge of Rs. 2-4-0 for each person. Liquors, Aerated waters etc., will also be supplied at a fixed Tariff. The Dining Carriage will be attached to the Up Mixed Train leaving Wathar at 5-49 daily for Poona, Break ast being provided in it on the journey.

6. FIRST AND SECOND CLASS PASSENGERS before leaving Mahableshwar are requested to give the Station Master, Wathar, at least 24 hours' notice of the Train by which they propose travelling on their return journey, so that accommodation may be arranged for on the Train.

W. P. WRIGHT,
Traffic Manager.

Dharwar, 4th March, 1902.

WINES SPIRITS, BEERS, &c

LAWSON'S
LIQUEUR
WHISKY.
Justly noted for its age, softness, Mellowness, and fine Character.
Strongly recommended to all who desire a good Whisky.
Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS.

BANKS.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital ....$	100,00,000
Sterling Reserve Fund ....$	100,00,000
Silver Reserve Fund ....$	42,50,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors ......$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:
SIR THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager*.
London Bankers.—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld.,
LONDON COMMITTEE.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank, Egypt).
WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.
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JOHN WALTER }

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HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000; but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Are received for 12 months at 4 per cent per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

W. B. THOMSON,
Agent.

7, Church Gate Street, Bombay

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, Ld.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... Yens	24,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.......... „	18,000,000
RESERVE FUND .... „	8,510,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
Tokio, Kobe, Nagasaki, London, Lyons, New York, San Francisco, Hawaii, Peking, Shanghai, Hongkong Tientsin and Newchang.
BANKERS—The LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK
The UNION BANK of LONDON, AND THE PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT and FIXED DEPOSITS, on Terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities and every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN, and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

Y. MATSUO,
Manager.

Albert Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

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C. COLONNELLO, SON & CO.,
105, MEDOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GORGONZOLA, PARMESAM AND GRUYERE CHEESE.

German Sausages assorted in Tins. Sourcroute in Glass Jars and Tins.

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Cepes S. Anne French real, Asparagus, Celery, Truffles, Mushrooms dry and in Vinegar.

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Fresh Anchovies salted loose, and in bottles in Oil, Tonno Fish, Ventresca, Royans a la Bordalaise.

Italian and German mixed Pickles, French and Italian Olives, Olive Farcies, Black Olives loose in Oil.

SALAD OIL Finest Lucca. Pure Italian Wine Vinegar.

Liqueurs, Cremes and Italian Wines assorted.

Macaroni assorted, Vermicelli, Italian Paste assorted, Dry Peas, Milanese Gram, Carolina Rice, White Beans, large and small.

Fresh Walnuts, Hazelnuts and Almonds, Goa Mango preserved, and best Syrup in bottles assorted.

Messrs. KERSHAW & Co's best CEYLON TEA.

Attention is drawn to our celebrated GRIGNOLINO CLARET, a thoroughly Genuine article. Only Rs. 10 per doz. qts.

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Asparagus Dishes.
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Beer Jugs.
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Biscuit, Butter, and Cheese Stands.
Bread, Butter, and Cake Stands.
Bread Baskets.
Bread Forks.
Breakfast Cruets.
Breakfast Services.
Butter Dishes.
Butter Knives.
Cake and Bread Baskets.
Calendars.
Candelabras.
Candlesticks.
Carvers in Cases.
Centre Pieces.
Challenge Cups.
Champagne Bottle Openers.
Champagne Coolers.
Champagne Jugs.
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Cheese Scoops.
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Christening Presents.
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Cigar Cases.
Cigarette Cases.
Claret Jugs.
Cream and Sugar.
Cruet Frames.
Crumb Scoops.
Cups.
Cups and Champagne and Peg Measures.
Dessert Knives and Forks.
Egg Frames.
Entree Dishes.
Fish Knives and Forks.
Flower Bowls.
Flower Stands.
Fruit Dishes.
Fruit Knives and Forks.
Game and Spirit Cabinet.
Ice Pails.
Ice Picks.
Ice Spoons.
Ice Tongs.
Ice Jugs.
Ice Pitchers.
Inkstands.
Jam Spoons.
Jam Stands.
Jardinieres.
Knives, Forks, and Spoons.
Liqueur Frames.
Marrow Spoons.
Mugs.
Napkin Rings.
Nut Crackers.
Nut Dishes.
Paper Weights.
Peg Measures.
Pickle Frames.
Powder Boxes.
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Sauce Boats.
Sherry Cobler Shakers.
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Soup Tureens.
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Spirit Labels.
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64, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKS.

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LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E. C.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.
CAPITAL...Fcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)
LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Calcutta, Bombay, Tunis, San Fransisco, New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney, Tamatave and Tananarivo.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened, and Interest is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

Interest allowed in Current Accounts at one per cent. per annum on balances above Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 from 1st July to end of October and at two per cent. per annum from 1st November to end of June.

Special arrangements may be obtained on Application.

Deposit Accounts are Opened for Fixed Period at rates to be ascertained on Application.

Drafts and Letters of Credit issued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Strong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold, Silver, etc.

E. REY,
Acting Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £500,000
RESERVE FUND £3,75,000

HEAD OFFICE:
47 THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Cawnpore,	Kandy,
Lahore,	Bombay,	Colombo,	Tuticorin,
Amritsar,	Madras,	Mandalay,	Zanzibar,
Kurrachee,	Rangoon,	Newera Elya,	Mombassa,
Steamer Point,	Aden.		

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—CALCUTTA.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Karachi, Lahore, London, Madras, Rangoon and Rawal Pindi.
Sub-Branches:—Murree—(April to October) and Amritsar.
CAPITAL PAID-UP, Rs. 43,90,800.
RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ARE AS UNDER-
STERLING DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS for home remittances 4 per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS—
9 to 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.
2 years at 5½ „ „

Special rates are given for SHORT PERIOD DEPOSITS, which can be learnt on application.

Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received into the Bank's PRUDENTIAL FUND, bearing half-yearly compound interest at 5 per cent. per annum.

Cheques, Bills, Hoondees on Stations where the Bank has Branches and Currency Notes of any circle are collected and credited free of charge in the above interest Deposit Accounts.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened with sums of Rs. 50, and upwards and receive 2 PER CENT. per annum upon the daily balances.

Apply for Rules to Head Office or Branches.

W. MOIR,
Manager.

Bombay, 1st February, 1902.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL..............£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..............£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL......................£562,5000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS..........................£562,500

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, KURRACHEE COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONG KONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

BANK OF CALCUTTA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL.

Subscribed..........................Rs. 15,00,000
Reserve Fund .... „ 13,00,000
Uncalled Capital .... „ 5,00,000

DIRECTORS.
MR. D. YULE, Messrs. Andrew Yule & Co.
„ R. J. D. THOMAS, Messrs. J. Thomas & Co.
„ N. A. McLEOD, Messrs. McLeod & Co.
„ D. KING.

CREDITS granted on approved Security and every description of banking business transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and 2 per cent. per annum allowed on the daily balance.

FIXED DEPOSITS received at the following rates of interest:—

	Per cent. Per Annum
For 2 Years......................	5½
„ 1 Year	5
„ 6 Months......................	4½
„ 3 Months......................	4

The Bank offers special facilities and advice to Constituents as to the purchase and sale of all Indian Securities, particularly the Shares and Debenture Stocks of Jute, Cotton, Tea, and Miscellaneous Industrial Concerns.

The Bank is prepared to guarantee the principle and interest of Debentures on its approved list on terms which may be ascertained on application. Absentee shareholders' and investors' interests carefully watched.

Orders executed on the London Stock Exchange through London Branch.

For further information apply to—

D. KING,
Agent.

Calcutta, 16th July 1901.
LONDON BRANCH:
19, GREAT WINCHESTER STREET, E.C.

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19, HORNBY ROAD.
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
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BALL, HOBSON & Co.,
Umballa.

WANTED, for the Nariad Manore Mill, a CARDING and SPINNING MASTER, of long experience. Apply with Testimonials to MANORDAS HARAKCHAND, Shamshett Street, No. 60-62, outside Fort, opposite Mulji Jaitha's Market. European preferred.

THE BOMBAY SEED CRUSHING COMPANY, LIMITED.
(In Voluntary Liquidation)
SALE OF MILL.

TO BE SOLD by private treaty (owing to the death of the Managing Director) and up-to-date and quite new Oil Mill, which has only worked for a few months, capable of producing from 4 to 5 tons per day, with apparatus for making Boiled Linseed Oil and Raw Oil from Groundnut, Gingelly, Poppy, Rapeseed, also Cocoanut. The whole is in a substantial building and comprises a Siemen Mather Steel Vertical Multitubular Boiler, 10ft. 9ins. by 5ft., having 220 square feet of heating surface, with all mountings complete, and working at 100lbs. pressure, with Injectors and Donkey Pumps, by Cochrane and Co., Liverpool. Large size Horizontal Steam Engine with strong bed plate and foundation, heavy fly wheels, and latest governor. The plant consists of Crushing Rollers, 5 Rolls. Steam Kettle and Pressure Gauge, Hydraulic Moulding Machines, Paring Machines with screws for breaking up edges of cakes, two Powerful Hydraulic Oil Presses with 16in. rams and 16 plates, each and Hydraulic Gauges worked by separate hydraulic pumps. Steam Jacketed Boiling Pan capable of dealing with 1 1-2 to 2 tons of oil, complete with Pressure Gauges, Pumps, &c. All is fitted with elevator troughs, shaftings, pulleys, &c., complete, laid out to save labour. One Disintegrator for Copra. Four large Storage Tanks capable of holding 25 tons of oil, complete, with Patent draw-off Cocks, Pipes, &c.

The above can be seen by appointment by applying to

THE LIQUIDATORS,
No. 9, Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

FOR SALE.

DYNAMOS, Motors, Cables and all Accessories for Electric Lighting and Transmission of power.

Catalogues on application.

TURNER, HOARE & Co.,
Engineers and Contractors,
Bombay.

W. I. P. RAILWAY.

WANTED.

CHARGEMAN BOILER-MAKER, age 30 to 40, able to read and write English, and must be thoroughly experienced in Locomotive Boiler Repairs. Salary Rs. 150 to Rs. 180, with free quarters.

Applications with full particulars of experience, &c. to be addressed to the Undersigned.

GEORGE K. WASEY,
Resident Engineer,
(Loco. Branch) W. I. P. Ry. Mormugao.

TEA (AT CALCUTTA PRICES).

THE best drinking Tea in Bombay—Souchong 7 As. Pekoe 9 As. Broken Pekoe 13 As. Pure Darjeeling (the Premier Tea of India) Pekoe Re. 1-1. Broken Pekoe Re. 1-5 per lb.

McDOUGALL, CLARK & Co.,
Opposite the Custom House.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
IF SHORT OF MILK, AND BEFORE MAKING A FRESH CONTRACT, WRITE TO
THE
DEVONSHIRE DAIRY FARM
PAREL ROAD, CHINCHPOKLI.
THE ONLY EUROPEAN DAIRY in Bombay, that superintends the FEEDING and MILKING of their own Cattle, (inspection invited.)
Deliveries all over Bombay twice daily, and for QUALITY, EXCELLENCE and CLEANLINESS cannot be surpassed.
SPECIAL RATES FOR CLUBS, MESSES, HOTELS, ETC., ON APPLICATION.
W. C. LINTOTT, Proprietor.

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS.

BUILDERS, Contractors, and others should write for details of Sections and Sizes of the above kept in Stock by Turner, Hoare & Co. More durable, cheaper and stronger than timber. Table of Safe Loads and lowest prices on application to

TURNER, HOARE & Co.,
8, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

VICTORIA HOTEL.
PRINCE'S DOCK.
Proprietor JAMES CONNELL.

WINE and Spirit Merchant, established in 1866, Cheapest House in Bombay for GENUINE WINES and SPIRITS, obtained direct from Europe.

Genuine Portwine at Rs. 15 per doz.
Cognac Brandy at Rs. 26 per doz.
Genuine Old Scotch Whisky at Rs. 23 per doz.
Breakfast Bacon, on cut, at Annas 14 per lb.
Cheese, on cuts at Annas 12 per lb.
Breakfast Ham at Annas 14 per lb.
Cooked Ham, sliced, in 2 lb. tins, at Rs. 2-8 per tin.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN'S BAZAAR.

FOR SALE.

ONE ENGLISH-BUILT C. Under-Spring BAROUCHE, by Hooper & Co., of London. New Rubber-tyred BICYCLE WHEELS, VICTORIA (English-built), SECOND-HAND LANDAUS, VICTORIAS and BROUGHAMS by well-known makers.

CARRIAGE REPAIRS of every description will be executed with prompt attention.

HOUSES FURNISHED with the latest styled neat Furniture.

FURNITURE of the latest designs FOR SALE and HIRE, and also made to order.

Apply to
CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.
GIRGAUM.

E. DUCKETT & CO.,
MONUMENTAL SCULPTORS,
EAST STREET, POONA,
SUPPLY MONUMENTS IN
I. Marble, of really white colour.
II. Scotch and Indian Granite.
III. Close-grain Map-stone (Grey).
STATUARY IMPORTED.
Monuments kept in stock for immedi
Inscriptions a speciality, and free

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SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.

THE SALE of the Bombay National Manufacturing Co., Ld., (in Liquidation) previously advertised to take place to-day Wednesday, the 12th instant, by order of Messrs. Goverdhandas Goculdas Tejpal, Narandas Dwarkadas, and Fazulbhoy Visram, is POSTPONED.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Bombay, 12th March, 1902. Auctioneers.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the corner of Church Gate Street, Fort, and opposite the Flora Fountain, the following consisting of glass chandeliers, Lyra lamps, globe lamps, mechanical singing canaries in cage, bentwood tapesty couch and chairs Japanese pannels, best American platedware, rich majolica ware, consisting of jardiniers, pots, figures, busts flower pots and baskets, nickel framed glass show case binocular opera glasses, wall and table clocks, sliding lamps, bronze table lamps, wall brackets rolled gold pocket watches, etc.

This above is now on view.

SALE OF 72 BALES YARN.

On FRIDAY, the 14th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Naranji Mill premises, Ferguson Road, Parel, by order of the Naranji Mills Company, Ld. and on account and at the risk of Messrs Bhimjee Govindjee and Co—

72 bales, each 400 lbs, No. 6s mule yarn.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from the executor of the estate of the late Mrs. Robert Donaldson, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Mahim Fort, Mahim, near the Customs, on SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m., blackwood and teakwood household furniture, glassware and crockery, mahogany cottage piano by Soundy, table ornaments, lamps, pictures, flower pots, etc.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

On SUNDAY, the 16th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pali Hill, Bandora, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, rich crockery and glassware, platedware, sweet-toned cottage piano by Soundy, Persian carpets, China flower vases and wall plates, Japanese cabinets, cane furniture, books, detective hand camera, ice box, wearing apparel, leather dressing case, leather portmanteau and trunks, Chubb's cash box, gent's English saddle, lamps, lady's bicycle, choice plants in pots, etc., the property of the late W. G. NASH Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

On TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by public auction at Middle Colaba, behind the Post Office, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood new designed household furniture, best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, sweet toned square pianoforte by Schiedmayer and Soehne in good order, large size hall cabinets, almiras, dressing and wash hand tables with crockery, side boards, dumb waiters, single and double bedsteads, Indian and Persian carpets, Hink's and Ditmar's lamps, stove, Singapore cane furniture &c. the property of F. G. FOTIADES Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view four days before the sale.

On THURSDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Castle Park, behind the Town Hall, the valuable and handsome French polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, platedware, crockery and glassware, mahogany square piano by Soundy, child's motor pattern perambulator, table ornaments, lamps, pictures, carpets, etc., the property of Lt. J. DICKSON.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

On a date to be fixed hereafter Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, opposite the Post Office, the valuable household furniture, piano, etc., the property of E. W. BRYANT, Esq.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay 12th March, 1902.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & COMPANY,
No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR CAPITALISTS.

The following property belonging to the estate of the late Sir Tharia Topan will be sold by Public Auction on the undermentioned date and hour at the premises by Messrs. MEHERJEE JOHNSTON & Co. under instructions from N. C. Macleod, Esq., Receiver in suits Nos. 255 and 275 of 1893.

Lot 4.

On THURSDAY, the 13th March, 1902, at 4-30 p.m., at the premises.

PROPERTY IN NISHAN PADA ROAD OR NEW BENGALPOORA STREET, BOMBAY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land or ground, together with the messuage tenement, and dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying, and being at Nishan Pada Road, otherwise known as new Bengalpoora Street without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 502 square yards or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No 2479 and Street Nos, 239 and 243, and bounded now or formerly as follows: that is to say, on or towards the west by the said Nishan Pada Road, on or towards the east by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the north by the property of his Highness the Aga Khan, and on or towards the south by the house of Kessumbai, widow of Essaji Pogawaker, and which said hereditaments and premises were formerly in the occupation of the late Sir Tharia Topan or his tenants, and are now in the occupation of the Vendor as the Receiver of his estate or his tenants.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Messrs. Little & Co., Solicitors to the Receiver, or to the Undersigned.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford Markets, on MONDAY the 17th March, 1902, at 11a.m., the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter-houses, Bandora, for 12 months, from 1st April, 1902, to 31st March, 1903, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Market, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskine Road Fish Market, Foras Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Market, Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon and Fergusson Road Fish Market, Parel, from fresh and salt fish-sellers, &c. who sit on the floor or other places not numbered, either in line or outside, under the eaves of the markets, and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets, for 12 months, from 1st April 1902, to 31st March 1903.

For particulars and conditions of these sales, respectively, apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the office of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the Undersigned. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 12th March, 1902.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. BENNETT & Co., THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, at 4 p.m., sell by Public Auction on the premises, the whole of the building materials of houses Nos 872-876,888,892—894, at Parel Road, also Nos. 159 57 to 59 at Bellasis Road, and Nos 45-53 at Pirkhan Lane.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 15th instant, at 1 p.m. Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Victoria 3rd Cross Lane, Byculla, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved, French polished household furniture of the latest design, best platedware, rich glass and crockeryware one double-barrelled C. F. B. L Gun by Reilly, London one sweet-toned harmonium by S Rose & Co one Willcox Gibbs pattern sewing machine, one large size cooking stove. Berkfield filter, China and Japanese flower vases, table ornaments Hitchcock's and other table lamps, a large assortment of pictures also a collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots consisting of palms, crotons (60 varieties) and very fine hanging baskets of harts-tong and other ferns, &c., &c., the property of F. J. CLARK Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 15th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece goods, etc.

AT 1-30 P.M.

- 1 handsome strong vis-a-vis in very good order.
- 1 second-hand strong rubber tyred office Shigram.
- 1 second-hand English-built victoria in good order.
- 1 pair black C. B. horses, 14-2, 7 years, quiet in harness.
- 1 grey Arab, 14-1 hand, quiet in harness and saddle.

AUCTION SALE OF WASTE.

On SUNDAY, the 16th inst, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the office of Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co. Rampart Road, Fort, various descriptions of waste for the year 1902, of Jacob Sassoon Mill, E. D. Sassoon Mill and Alexandra Mill.

Intending buyers should inspect the waste at the respective Mills.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Sassoon House, Ridge Road Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved French polished household furniture of the latest design made to order by Wimbridge and Roberts best plated ware rich glass and crockery ware, rich painting and engravings rich Persian and English carpets, Singapore and English cane furniture, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, Hink's and Ditmar's messenger, table, hall, and hanging lamps, collection of choice and rare plants in tubs and pots, hanging baskets of ferns, a lot of garden tiles, etc., etc., the property of WALTER LANG Esq.

Catalogues will be published, and the property will be on view five days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 12th March, 1902.

NOTES.

INDIAN LAND REVENUE,
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND
POLICY
BY
TODARMAR.
Price, Re 1, Postage, half-anna.
d at the "Bombay Gazette," Bombay.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, MARCH 10.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	£94 5-16	= — 3-16
3 per cent. Rentes	2101 1-4	= unchanged
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	£108	= „
3½ per cent. Govt. Securities	£84 1-2	= „
Bar Silver in London	25 1-16	= + 1-16
Do New York	54 3-8	= + 1-8
Exchange on London at Paris.	25·15	= unchanged.
Do New York	4·87 1-2	= — 1-8
Discount, Bank of England,	3 per cent.	= unchanged.
„ Short London Bills	2 5-8	= „
„ Indian Bank Bills	2 5-8	= „

Goat skin sale opened to-day with a moderate demand. Common qualities easier.

Number of Goat skins offered ... 846,000
„ Sheep „ „ ... 1,240,000

Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet Surats quiet. Manchester was quiet. Total sales 7,000 bales. Sold on speculation and for export 500 bales. Surats nil. Imports 17,000. Spot 4 25-32. Arrivals closed steady.

Mar.	Mar.-Apl.	May-June.	Aug.-Sept.	Oct.-Nov.
4·45	4·45	4·47	4·42	4·27

In New York—

Receipts at the Port	20,000	bales.
Do. last year	29,000	„
Exports to Great Britain	1,000	„
Do. to Continent	44,000	„
Mid-Uplands	9 1-8—1-16	
Futures, month of June	8·77—5	
Do. do. Sept.	8·32—7	

Rapeseed Yellow Cawnpore 42. Ap.-May. Sellers. Tone dull.

Rapeseed Brown 38 1-2. Ap.-May. Sellers. Tone dull.

Linseed 54 1-2. April-May. Sellers. Tone quiet.

Arrivals.—D. Baldino, Matin Raithmoor.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay, during the 48 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Monday, the 10th March, 1902:—

Cotton	11,179	Bales.
Wheat	6,436	Cwts.
Linseed	20,729	„
Rapeseed	4,955	„
Gingellyseed	7,681	„
Poppyseed	622	„
Groundnuts	647	„
Castorseed	8,285	„
Rice	1,79,242	„
Myrabollams	10,541	„
Cottonseed	4,476	„

BOMBAY, TUESDAY, MARCH 11.

FREIGHTS.—There has been rather a quieter tone prevailing in ready freights owing to the very maderate amount of cargo offering. Ready Antwerp has been done at 14s. Hamburg measurement at 15s. and Liverpool at 14s. 3d. whilst for March loading 14s. has been paid for Dunkirk. For forward 14s. to 14s. 6d. is quoted open ports

SPECULATORS have taken the s.s. Dunottar for April loading at 14 s. one, 14 s. 6 d. two picked port. 6 d. extra Hamburg.

EXCHANGE—Tone quiet.

Bank T. T.			1s 4 1-32d
Bank Demand			1s 4 1-16d
Credit Bills 3 month sight D. A.			1s 4 7-32d
Do	6 do	do	1s 4 11-32d
French Francs	3 do	do	170 1-4
Marks	3 do	do	138 1-4
Hongkong	30 Days sight		132
Shanghai	30 „	do	180
Japan	30 „	do	149

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone quiet.

Cash	96·8
1st Settlement	96·4

Money Market. Tone steady.

BANK RATE—

Bank of England	since 6th Feb.	3	per cent.
Bank of Bombay	do. 13th do.	8	do
Bank of Bengal	do. 12th do.	8	do
Bank of Madras	do. 7th do.	8	do

SEEDS—

Linseed.—Tone steady.
Ready ... ... 9 8 to 9 9
Forward, April-May... ... 9 8
Rapeseed.—Tone quiet.
Brown Cawnpore, Ready ... 6 8 to 6 9
Do. Forward April-May... 6 10
Yellow Cawnpore Ready ... Nominal.
Do. Forward April-May... 7 4
Yellow Guzerat, Ready ... Nominal.
Do. Forward April-May... 7 14
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.
Ready ... ... Nominal.
Forward, April-May... ... 8 14
Castorseed—Tone steady.
Ready 29
Forward, April-May 31
Groundnuts—Tone firm.
Ready 42
Gingellyseed—Tone steady.
15 per cent. Mixed, Ready... 46 8

Official quotations of the Bombay Cotton Trade Association, Limited:—

Growths.	Fine.	F.-G.	Good.	Delivery.
Bengals, H.-G. (Ry. terms)	160	154		March
Bengals, M.-G. (Ry. terms)	170	164		do.
Sind-Punjab (M.-G.)	170	164		do.
Belati (M.-G.)	185	179		do.
Khandeish, (M.-G.)		174		do.
Dhamangam Poolgam	188	182		do.
Akola M.-G. Khamgaum do. Karanja do.	187	181		do.
Oomra good staple	195	189		do.
Broach (M. G.)	208		203	do.
Bhownugger (H. G.)	...	...	185	15-25 May
S.-G. Dharwar	...	...	199	do.
Westerns	...	...	187	do.

Cotton. Tone quiet.

THE YOKOMA SPECIFIC BANK, LD.

The manager of the Yorkohama Specie Bank Ld. here has received a wire from the Head Office announcing that at the forty fourth ordinary General Shareholders meeting held at Yokohama yesterday the Bank declared 13 per cent. dividend and added to reserve fund Yen 200,000, raising it to Yen 8,710,000, and carried forward to the next account Yen 520000.

TROOPS FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

THE Hired Transport Tagus, (Captain F. W. Powles), will sail for South Africa on or about the 18th instant, with the following drafts:—1st Somerset Light Infantry, 1st South Wales Borderers, 2nd East Lancashire Regiment, 2nd South Stafford Regiment; 1st Dorset Regiment; 1st Northampton Regiment; 1st Wiltshire regiment; and the 1st Cameronians. The troops will be brought to Bombay in three special trains from Deolali, on the day of embarkation.

THE WEATHER.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON TUESDAY, THE 11TH OF MARCH.

SUMMARY.

Pressure has again decreased rapidly in the north, the fall being brisk to rapid in the Punjab, North-West Provinces and Rajputana, and at Neemuch and Saugor.

Winds are variable in direction and the force has been fresh in Kathiawar and Cutch and moderate to light elsewhere.

Both the maximum and minimum temperatures are in very large excess of normal in the Punjab. The maximum temperature varied from 104° at Billary to 81° at Veraval and the minimum from 55° at Cawnpore to 77° at Cochin and Negapatam.

The skies are partially clouded at Lahore, Delhi Karwar and Coimbatore.

Light showers are reported from Cochin.

Pressure is abnormally low in the Punjab, and the continued fall of the barometer indicates the approach of unsettled weathor to the north of latitude 25°, where the temperature will probably fall.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 10th March 1902.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah. ... inches	29·862
Temperature of the Air ... degrees	80·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	72·4
Dew Point	68·8
Relative humidity of Air	0·678
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	3·2
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day ... degrees	87·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	74·2
General Directions of wind.*	N, WNW, NW, WNW.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours*	220

* From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director Government Observatory.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

BUCK—March 7, at Northbank, Simla, the wife of E J Buck, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

WATKIN—BARR—March 1, at Holy Trinity Church, Bolarum, by the Rev F H Welchman, Captain H G Watkin, 4th (Queen's Own) Hussars, to Evelyn Constance, only daughter of Lieut-Colonel David Barr.

DEATH.

JESSOP—February 22, at Port Blair, Andaman Islands, Walter Jessop, 3rd Asst. Commissioner, Andaman-Nicobar Commission, son of C H Jessop, Esq. of Carlton Kings, Cheltenham, aged 38 years.

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CHIRETTONES
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CHIRETTONES
FOR FEVER, AGUE AND GENERAL DEBILITY,
MOST EFFICIENT IN CHRONIC
BRONCHITIS AND DYSPEPSIA.

When given with Iron produce marked effects in ANÆMIA, and quickly improves the complexion.

Price.—Re. 1 per bottle of 100.

KEMP & Co., Ld.,
CHEMISTS, &c. BOMBAY.

◆ ◆ ◆

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 12 n. Sun sets, 6h. 9m. High water 0-25m., 0-53s. Low water, 6-25m, 6-38s.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3-30 p.m.
Bombay Chamber of Commerce, annual meeting, 4 p.m.
Bombay Flour Mill Company, 4 p.m.
Novelty Theatre: The London Gaiety Company.
New East India Press Company, Tamarind Lane, 3 p.m.
Bombay Gymkhana, Western India Lawn-Tennis Challenge cup meeting.

POSTAL NOTICE.—A mail for Egypt and Europe via Marseilles, consisting of letters and packets specially marked for transmission per French s. s. Salazie, will be made up at the Bombay General Post Office for despatch to destination at 8 a. m. on Thursday the 13th instant, Letters, &c., for Aden will also be despatched by this steamer.

GORED BY A BUCK.—Bhagoo Dewoo, a Hindoo aged twenty-two, residing in the compound of the Victoria Gardens, where he is employed as a labourer, was on Monday morning feeding some deer in the enclosure, when a spotted buck gored him from behind, inflicting two wounds. The injured man was treated at the J. J. Hospital.

LOST AND RECOVERED.—Mr. P. N. Patel, who resides in Gowalia Tank Road, has reported to the Police that his wife lost a bunch of charms, consisting of two gold rings, a gold locket, and two gold coins valued at Rs. 125, somewhere at Scandal Point, Warden Road, on Sunday last. The property was found by Dr. Macdonald who made over the same to Superintendent Nolan of E. Division.

RUN OVER.—Bhagoobai, a Hindoo woman, aged fifty-five, residing in DeLisle Road, while attempting to cross the road at the junction of Clark and DeLisle Roads on the morning of the 9th instant, was accidentally knocked down by an horse attached to a victoria belonging to Mr. Athaides, manager of the Greaves Cotton Mills, and driven by his coachman Bhania Jeena. One of the wheels of the carriage passed over the woman's legs, fracturing the shin bone of the one and grazing the other. The woman was removed to the J. J. Hospital. No blame is attached to the driver.

MUSIC AT APOLLO BUNDER.—The Band will play the following programme at W. B. Green and Co.'s Apollo Bunder Restaurant this evening from 7 to 9 o'clock:—

March	Frisch Gewagt	Franz
Overture	Le Lac Des Fees	Auber
Valse	Girls of Vienna	C M Zeihrer
Selection	Diana's Jugdruf	C Arnst
March	Uunder Freedoms' Flag	F Navawieski
Barn Dance	Boston Belle	Godfrey
Selection	The Toreador	K Kiefert
Galop	Always Joyful	J Hecker

DROWNED.—The dead body of a Hindu woman, name unknown, was on Monday last, found floating in a well in the compound of a house off Parel Tank Road. The Police had the body removed from the well. It bore no marks of violence and was in an advanced state of decomposition. The deceased appeared to be a "ghati" of the labouring class aged about twenty-five years. Information was circulated throughout the town, but no one came forward to identify the body. At an inquest held by Mr. P. Byrne, the Coroner, at the Morgue, the jury returned an open verdict.—A Goanese woman, name unknown, aged about twenty years, was drowned in the Cawasji Patel Tank, Khetwady, on Monday night. Battakee has been beaten throughout the town to ascertain her identity.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.—About 1-30 a.m., yesterday morning, Mr. Cowasji Pallonji, the proprietor of the Adelphi Hotel, Clare Road, was driving along Grant Road in his mail phaeton, when taking a turn into Gilder Street, the phaeton broke in the centre and parted, throwing the occupants, Mr. Cowasji and two other Parsis and the coachman, into the road. The horse bolted with the front portion of the phaeton along Gilder Street, slightly injuring four persons who were all lying asleep on the footpath. The horse was secured at the corner of the street by two Mahomedans. The injured persons were: Poonaji Banaji aged 50; Gunpat Manaji, aged 45; Poonibai, a woman, aged 35; and Jaibai, another woman, aged 35. None of the occupants of the carriage were seriously injured.

RAID ON THE PARSEE HEALTH CAMP.—Yesterday morning at 1-30 a. m., a gang of thieves again appeared at the Parsee Health Camp opposite to the Marine Lines Railway Station. One of the thieves having cut down the ropes of the tent of Messrs. Framji and Sons was trying to look into it, when the son of Mr. Framji, who had been lying asleep close to the wall, awakened. Perceiving a man gazing into the tent he took hold of a stick and struck it against the wall against which the thief was leaning. He then raised an alarm. Upon this the whole gang decamped. Fortunately they had not been able to remove any property, though the ropes of several other tents were cut down. This twice attempted raid on the Parsee Health Camp has been the cause of great alarm to the ladies and children. Some of the families left the retreat early in the morning. Police Inspector O'Keeffe of the Dhobi Talao section was informed of the matter.

OLD OFFENDERS.—Before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, at the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Balkrishna Daji, an old offender, was charged with stealing a metal watch of the value of Rs. 8, the property of one Peerbhoy Gangji, a shop-keeper of Old Nagpada. On the afternoon of the 8th instant, while the complainant was asleep in his shop, the accused entered the place and having picked up the watch, which had been left hanging on a nail, walked away. He was arrested by a neighbouring shopkeeper and made over to the Police. The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and admitted five previous convictions. He was sentenced to two years' regorous imprisonment.—Another noted thief named Khodabux Shaik Mahomed, against whom there was a record of nineteen previous convictions, was sentenced to a term of rigorous imprisonment for nine months for stealing rock salt valued at Rs. 2 from Carnac Bunder.—Two burglars named Pandoo Huri and Nicholas DeSouza were placed before the same Magistrate on charges of breaking into the houses occupied by Parsis in Khetwadi, Tardeo and Mazagon and committing thefts of sundry articles. They were sentenced to ten and eight months' rigorous imprisonment respectively.

DIVINE SERVICE.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

WEDNESDAY, 12TH MARCH.

6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Address, by Rev. H. McNeile

H. E. LORD NORTHCOTE AND THE FISHERMEN OF MANDVI.

YESTERDAY morning, on the Mayo Road, a large number of fishermen representing the Colony of Koliwada at Mandvi, assembled to await H. E. Lord Northcote's arrival at the Secretariat Gate, their object being to personally hand over a petition having reference to the proposed removal of their present quarters for the improvement of the locality. On seeing the Governor's carriage drive past the University Hall the fishermen approached and requested that it should be stopped for a while to enable them to present the petition and garlands of flower. Two of the head-men of the community presented the petition to his Excellency. They were, subsequently, told to go to the Council Hall where a conference took place between them and Mr. Du Boulay, Private Secretary to the Governor.

The petition set forth that the City Improvement Trust, lately called upon the petitioners to give up their land and houses, for the bettering of the Kolivada quarters. The petitioners, bowing to necessity and realizing the duty of sacrifice for the good of the many, signified their willingness to comply with the requisition of the Board. The Chairman of the Board, Mr. S. Rebsch, received a deputation of the petitioners kindly and promised, with real good will and sympathy, to do his best to keep the Koli population within their ancient quarters, after improving their locality, by treating the question of compensation in a liberal spirit. The petitioners on their part pledged their word, as required, to afford to the Trustees every facility in their power to secure that end. To them it is clear that any other than a sympathetic and liberal treatment of the fishermen's case must result in the complete ruin of the Koli population of the district, and the ancient fishing industry of Mandvi. They put full faith in the assurance of the Chairman of the City Improvement Trust; but they were also aware that the final decision in their case must rest with His Excellency's Government. Some years ago, the Koli Bunder of the Dongri (or Mandvi) Kolis was a small triangular piece of land shewn in yellow in the drawing enclosed; but there was a time when this Bunder extended over a much larger area and included oarts and batty grounds since merged into regimental lines and other buildings as pressure began to increase upon space in this ever busy and expanding place on the island. This ample space was then the Fishermen's Landing Place or Hard common to all for hauling up, oiling and repairing their Hodis, Balawas, Boats and other fishing crafts; for weaving, mending, dying and drying nets; for making and mending sails, for stacking nets, ropes, anchors, stakes and other fishing gear; for depositing color-tanks, landing fish and for other purposes connected with the fishing industry. Their elders say that the trouble that now threatens them had threatened their forefathers before, some 150 years ago, in the time of the East India Company during the Governorship of the Honorable Thomas Hodges, but that the Kolis had been spared and their ancient quarters not wrested from them. In very recent times a disaster of another kind stared them in the face and their right of fishing in deep water in the harbour was threatened; but they were saved—thanks to the personal interest and kind sympathy manifested by Sir James Fergusson, then Governor of Bombay.

The petitioners were informed at the conclusion of the interview that their prayers would be given consideration at the proper time.

MAGISTRATE'S DECISION UPHELD.

MR. P. N. GODINHO, pleader for Rama Baboo, applied to the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy and the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton at the High Court on Thursday, for revision of an order passed by Mr. Kursondas Chabildas, third Presidency Magistrate, on the 12th December 1901, dismissing the application of Rama Baboo against Soma Govind who was charged with the offences of bringing a false charge, abetment of wrongful confinement, and defamation. Mr. H. C. Coyajee appeared for the defendant.

Mr. Kursondas Chubildas, in his report on the matter of the application, said as he was not satisfied with the truth of the complaint he referred it to the acting Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court, both the parties serving in that court as peons. The acting Chief Judge replied that the defendant was not actuated by any ill-feeling when he informed the police about applicant offering a gold-embroidered cap for sale to a hawker within the precincts of the court. If defendant caused to be instituted any criminal proceeding against the applicant, he did not do so with intent to injure. The information of the applicant did not disclose that defendant made any specific complaint to the police; it did not show that defendant charged applicant with having committed any particular offence. He merely reported to the policeman on duty that applicant was selling stolen property. Thus the charge under section 211 fell to the ground. With regard to the charge of wrongful confinement, the report of the acting Chief Judge showed that the applicant was taken to the Registrar's bungalow by the police, and that even for that taking, the defendant was not responsible. Mr. Kursondas failed to see any wrongful confinement in a servant being taken to his superior officer in connection with an enquiry about a matter, in which the superior officer had every right to hold a departmental inquiry. With regard to the charge of defamation, the report clearly showed that defendant was protected by the eighth exception to section 500 of the Penal Code. Mr. Kursondas therefore dismissed the applicant's application.

Mr. Godinho had, on the 8th November last, applied to the High Court to transfer the case to another Magistrate, but the High Court refused the application and directed Mr. Kursondas to dispose of the case. He issued a notice to Soma Govind to show cause why a summons should not be issued against him. After hearing arguments, Mr. Kursondas discharged the notice under section 230; and Mr. Godinho again appealed against this order.

Their lordships, on a consideration of all the circumstances, dismissed the application for revision.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY ELECTION.

MEETINGS of various faculties of the Bombay University were held last evening in the Sir Cowasjee Jehangir Hall of the University when the following elections of Deansand Syndics were made:—

Dean in Arts.—The Hon. Mr. Giles.

Syndics in Arts.—Principal Macmillan, Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad, Rev. Father F. Dreckmann and Mr. K. D. Naigaumwalla.

Dean in Law.—The Hon. Mr. P. M. Mehta.

Syndics in Law.—The Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and Rao Bahadur V. J. Kirtiker.

Dean in Medicine.—Colonel Dimmock.

Syndics in Medicine.—Major Herbert and Dr. K. E. Dadachanji.

Dean in Engineering.—The Hon. Mr. W. C. Hughes.

Syndics in Engineering.—Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban and Mr. N. A. F. Moos.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. E. F. NICHOLSON, COMMANDING B. V. R.

Camp, Santa Cruz, 12th March, 1902.

1. Detail—Captain of the week—Captain E A Kenyon. Subaltern of the day to-day (Wednesday)—Lieut G A Phillips, next for duty Lieut S E Greaves.
Battalion Orderly Sergt to-day, (Wednesday)—Sergt H A Sharp.
Battalion Orderly Corporal to-day (Wednesday)—Corpl J Leao.

2. Train Service—The Railway authorities having notified that they are unable to reserve accommodation for the Corps by the Train leaving Santa Cruz at 9-27 a.m. (Bombay time), Members of the Corps must not travel by this train. Reserved accommodation has been arranged for the 9-36 a.m. (Bombay time) which reaches Grant Road at 10 a.m. and Church Gate at 10-12. The accommodation reserved for the Corps will be found in rear of the Up trains and in front of Down trains.

3. Parade.—There will be a Commandant's Parade at Santa Cruz, on Saturday next, the 15th instant, at 6 p.m.
Dress—Drill order, Khaki, Putties, Leather Chin Straps and Helmet Buttons to be worn.
Trains leave Church Gate Station at 3-5 and 5-5 p.m. (Bombay time) and return from Santa Cruz at 8-25, 8-55 and 9-50 p.m. (Bombay time). The Railway authorities have reserved accommodation on the 3-5 and 5-5 p.m. Down, and 9-50 p.m. Up trains, and Volunteers are requested to travel by these trains only if possible.
Dinner will be provided at the Camp about 7-30 p.m. (Bombay Time) for Members of A, B, C, D, E, F and G Companies who attend the parade, provided that they notify their intention to stop to dinner to the Officer Commanding their Company, not later than Wednesday the 12th instant.
Officers Commanding those Companies will be good enough to send to Camp before 6 p.m. on Thursday, the 13th instant, a note of the number of their men remaining in Camp for Dinner on Saturday the 15th instant.

4. Head-Quarters—It is notified for information that the Head-Quarters Office, Carnac Road, is temporarily closed and is now open at Camp Santa Cruz where all communication should be addressed up to the 29th March.

5. Leave of absence has been granted to the undermentioned Volunteers as follows:—No. 4489 Vol C J Alfrey, D Coy and No. 4956 Vol A J Ramm, F Coy, from 11th to 31st March 1902.

By Order,
P. H. ROGERS, Major,
Adjutant, B. V. R.

IT is said that use is now being made of the sea at Dover "to intensify wireless messages between ship and shore."

A Bio bush fire was caused at Casterton, Victoria by a sheep treading on a box of matches and thus igniting some dry grass.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.

ANNUAL REGATTA.

THE Bombay Yacht Club's annual regatta concluded last evening. For the last day rowing matches had been arranged. There were nine items on the programme, but the race for Tenics did not take place. All the races were well started and keenly contested. In the race for Jolly Boats seven boats competed, the first won by Bhawani, Gunga and Hindustan being second and third respectively. The event for 4 and 6 oared-boats was won by H. M. S. Highflyer's gig, 27 feet H. M. S. Magdala's 2nd cutter 25 feet carried off the prize, for man-of-war's boats eight oared and over. The officers Pulling Race was well contested and the Highflyer's gig 30 feet secured the cup. In the sculling race for Yachts dinghies, Forella's dinghy came in first. The following are the results:—

Race for Jolly Boat.—No limit to Crew, Entrance Free, 1st prize, Rs 10; 2nd prize, Rs 5, and 3rd prize, Rs 3. Course—From Committee Vessel round middle-ground buoy, leaving it to Starboard and back across finishing line, Distance 1-23 miles.

Bhawani	1
Gunga	2
Hindustan	3

Race for 8 oared and over Man-o'-War and Bona-fide Ship's Boats.—Native Crews. Entrance Fee, Rs 3, 1st prize, Rs 30, and 2nd prize, Rs 15. Course—From Committee Vessel round Flag-ship buoy, thence round South Troopship buoy, leaving both to Starboard and back across finishing line. Distance 1.23 miles.

Names of Boats.	Time Al's. M S	Time of Arrival. H M S	Corrected Time. H M S
Magdala's Cutter 25'	0 15	4 56 44	0 24 29
Abyssinia's Cutter 25'	Scr	4 57 13	0 27 13
Tenasserin's Cutter 25'	0 15	4 57 10	0 26 55

Race for Torpedo Boats Punts—Two men and no rudder allowed. Only Punts service oars to be used. Native Crew. Entrance Fee 1st prize Rs 5 and 2nd prize Rs 2. Course—From Committee Vessel round Mark-boat, leaving it to Starboard and back across finishing line.

Five Boats competed No 102 came in first, and Nos 105 and 103 came in second and third respectively.

Race for 4 to 6 oared Man-o-War and bona-fide Ships' Boats—European Crews. Entrance Fee, Rs 3, 1st prize, Rs 30, 2nd prize, Rs 15. Start at 5 p.m. Course No 12, distance 1-9 miles.

Names of Boats.	H'cap Allowance. M S	Entered by.
H M S Plassy's whaler 35'	0 80	Sub Lt Hamilton, R I M
„ Highflyers gig 30'	0 13	Comdr J S Luard, R N
„ „ 32'	Scr	„
„ „ 27'	0 58	„

Names of Boats	H'cap Al's M S	Time of Arrival H M S	Corrected Time H M S
H M S Plassy's Whaler	1 20	5 13 35	0 12 15
Do Gig 30'	0 13	5 12 4	0 11 51
Do 32'	Sch	5 12 45	0 12 45
Do 27'	0 58	5 12 15	0 11 17

Race for 8 oared and over Man-o-War and bonafide Ships' Boats—European Crews, Entrance Fee, Rs 5 1st prize, Rs 40, and 2nd prize, Rs 20 Course same as for 4 to 6 oared race.

Names of Boats.	H'Cap. Allowances. M L	Entered by.
H M S Highflyer's Cutter 34'	Scr	Comd J S Luard, R N
Do 30'	0 20	do
Do Magdala's 2nd Cutter 25'	0 43	Lieut E C Carver
Do Abyssinia' Cutter 28	0 30	do

Name of Boats.	Time A's M S	Time of Arrival H M S	Corrected Time H M S
Highflyer's Cutter 30'	Scr	5 37 49	0 22 49
Do	0 20	5 39 59	0 24 39
Magdala's 2nd Cutter 25'	0 43	5 38 15	0 22 32
Abyssinia's Cutter 28'	0 20	5 38 19	0 22 49

Race for Torpedo Boat Punts,—Two men and no rudder allowed, Only Punts service oars to be used, European Crews Entrance Free, 1st Prize, Rs. 10, and 2nd prize, Rs. 5 Course—From Committee Vessel round Marck boat leaving it to Starboard and back across finishing line.

Five boats started No. 103 came in first, Nos. 102 and 105 being second and third.

Race for Officers pulling bona-fide Ships' Gigs Entrance Fee, Rs 10 1st prize a Cup value Rs 75 Course No 13, distance, 19 miles.

Names of Boats.	Time Allowances M S	Entered by
H M S Highflyer's gig 30	0 13	Lt G Schriebr, R N
R I M Hardinge gig 30'	0 13	Lt F D Burgh
H M S Magdala's gally 32'	Scr	Lt E C Carver

Name of Boats	H'Cap A's M S	Time of Arrival H M S	Corrected Time H M S
Highflyer's Gig 30'	0 13	6 2 51	0 17 38
R I M Hardinge Gig 30'	0 13	6 3 13	0 17 47
Magdala's Galley 32'	Ser	6 3 28	0 18 28

Sculling Race for Yachts' Dinghies belonging to Yachts on the R B Y C list. To be pulled by Yachts' Regular Sailing Crews, limited to two in number, Dinghies over 12 feet in length to carry one man per boat, dead weight, who must not not take any active part in the race. 1st prize, Rs 10, and 2nd prize Rs 5 Course—From Committee Vessel round Mark-boat leaving it to Starboard and back across finishing line

Six dinghies started Forellos come in first. Coralie's, second and Stello's was the third.

SATURDAY'S RACES.

The following races will be held on Saturday the 15th instant:—

Yachts H'Cap Class A Race—Start at 3-20 p.m. Course No. 3 reversed.

Yachts H'Cap Class B Race—Start at 3-15 p.m. Course No. 9.

Tomtit Class Race—Start at 3-5 p.m. Course No. 5 reversed

Ship's Boats Fancy rig Race—Start at 3 p.m. Course No. 14.

Entries for all the above races close at noon on Thursday the 13th instant.

BOMBAY RACES.

TWELFTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, MARCH 15.

First Entries closed at 7 p m Monday March 10.

The Horse Hurdles—Distance R C and distance
Mr Gordon Hunder's ch aus g Kettledrum aged
Mr Gordon Hunder's b aus g Here's Luck 5 years
Messrs Anderson and Co's ch aus g Vedette aged
Mr Percy Fischer's b aus g Dart

Race declared void

The Maiden Plate—Distance 7 furlongs
H H Maharaja Holker's ch a h Gallant 13 2 3-4
Mr F M Garda's b a h Naruuji 14 0
Mr Artin A Essayie's g a h Grafter 6 years
Mr Ebrahim Amer's b a h White Oats aged
Mr S C P's h a he Zooraf 13 3 1-2
Mr Jame's ch a b Sandow 5 years
Mr Ali Bin Talib's b a h Mahkoom
Mr G L D's b a h Roman
Mr Finch's b a h Tamerlane 14 0

The Little Pony Plate—Distance 1-2 mile
Mr J P's b aus g Cadet 13 3 1-2
Aga S Shah and Mr Milward's ch aus m Rebecca 14 0
Captain Darell's br aus m Ethel II 14 0
Mr A W P's bl aus m Black Swan 13 2 1-2
Mr W Moran's ch aus m May 13 2 1-2
Mr T C Naples' b aus m Sunflower 14 0
Mr Cross' b aus m Bandicoot 13 3

The Selling Plate—Distance 1-2 mile
Mr A M Bushari's c h a h Shah Jehan 13 2 Rs 800
1st Bombay Lancer's b a g Subboy 13 2 3-4 Rs 1200
Mr S A Wahed's ch a h Pioneer 13 2 1-2 Rs 600
Aga S Shah's ch a h Winchester 13 1 3-4 Rs 900
Aga S Shah's b a h Jodhpore 13 3 Rs 800
H H Maharaja Holker's b a h Jeddah 13 2 Rs 1200
Mr H Jamsetji's h a ch Panala 13 2 3-4 Rs 400
Mr James' g a h The Hypocrite 13 1 1-2 Rs 800
Mr James' ch a h Nonpareil 13 2 Rs 800
Major Lloyd Jones I M S ch a h Basreh 13 1 1-2 Rs 400

The Nursery Handicap—Distance 5 furlongs
Mr Jackson's b a h Hermit 13 3
Mr Almas bin Abdoola's b a h Dharwar 13 3 1-2
Mr Abdool Gany's g a h Jan Timur 14 0
Mr Ebrahim Amer's b a h Cromer 13 3 1-4
Mr Abdool Aziz bin Saif's b a h Hindoostan 13 2 3-4
Mr Ebrahim bin Rashid's b a h Young Taisseer 13 2 1-2
Chief of Mhaisal's g a h Reputation 13 2 1-2
Captain Sloane Stanley's g a h For Ever 13 3
Mr S C P's b a h Rose 13 2 3-4
Mr S C P's ch a h Zooraf 13 3 1-2
Mr Farmer's ch a h Behruan 13 3 3-4
Mr Saad bin Serhan's b a h Huddal 13 2 1-2
Mr A R Obayed's b a h King Edward 13 2 3-4
Messrs Moostapha bin Talib, Cowasjee Burjorjee and Cowasjee Dhunjeeshaw's g a h Tigris 13 3 1-2
Mr Mahomed Shamlan's g a h Silver Cup 13 1 1-2
H H Maharaja Holker's b a h Young Martaban 13 3 1-2
H H Maharaja Holker's ch a h Caesar 13 3 3-4
Mr A W P's b a h Active 14 0

The Hunters' Flat Race—Distance R C and distance about 1 mile 5 furlongs 30 1 2 yards
Mr E S Hale's ch aus m Dancing Girl aged
Mr J L Symon's b aus g Sealark bate the Vicar aged
Lt-Col G H Bull I M S b aus g Billow II rule The Drone aged
Lt-Col G H Bull I M S g aus g Badger 6 years
Mr S McCausland's b aus g Chance By Sweet William—China Rose aged
Mr S McCausland's ch aus g Oaklands aged
Mr A C Boulton's bl aus g Dandaloo aged
Mr R W L Dunlop's b aus g The Count aged
Mr F N Furdoonji's g cb g Transvaal 5 years
Mr Armstrong's br aus g Sweep

The Santa Cruz Plate—Distance 5 furlongs
Mr A M Bushari's b a h Panala II 13 2
Mr Anandji Nanji's b a h Chota Sahib 13 1 3-4
Mr Lyndon's ch a h Paleface 13 3
Mr S C P's g a h Special 13 2 1-2
Mr S C P's b a h Rose 13 2 3-4
Mr Westropp's b a h Chancellor 13 3 1-2
Captain Browning's ch a h Tirah 14 0
Mr Percy Fischer's ch a h Governor 13 2 3-4
Aga S Shah's g a h Achilles 13 3 1-4
Aga S Shah's ch a h Winchester 13 1 3-4
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Hakum 13 3 3-4
Mr G L D's b a h Shaibool 13 2
Mr Finch's b a h Tamerlane 14 0
Mr H Jamsetji's ch a h Panala 13 2 3-4
Second Entries close at 7 p.m, Tuesday, 11th March, 1902,

NOTICE.

The Horse Hurdles—Race is declared void
Additional race for Saturday March 15
The Stand Stakes—Winner Rs 200, 2nd Rs 100, 3rd Rs 50. A Handicap for all Horses landed since 1st July 1901 and other Horses which have not won race value Rs 1500 since March 31

Distance 5 furlongs

1st Entry Rs 5 to close 7 p m Wednesday 12th March; 2nd Entry Rs 10 to close 10 a m Thursday 13th March and Forfeit Rs 5 for Horses not struck out before 10 a m Friday 14th March.

Handicap to be published at Race stand by 9 a m Friday 14th March 1902.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Fultala, 2,692 tons, Captain T Johnston, will sail to-day, for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Itris, 3,383 tons, Captain A S Houstoun, will sail to-day, for Kobe, with a general cargo and Mr Sim as a passenger.

THE steamer Thorndale, 1854 tons, Captain T McDonald, arrived in harbour yesterday, from London, 31st January, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Ravenshoe, 2351 tons, Captain W Bate, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Barry, 29th January, with a cargo of coal and general.

THE steamer Mars, 2497 tons, Captain W Badlington, arrived in harbour, on Monday evening, from Blyth, 7th February, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Afghan, 1,439 tons, Captain W E Dexter, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Mauritius, 25th February with a cargo of sugar and 62 deck passengers.

THE steamer Milwankee, 4,783 tons, Captain V Lander will sail to-day, for Antwerp, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mrs Mossey and child, Mr P Wright and Mrs Wray and two daughters.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Nizam, 2041 tons, Captain B H Bullin, arrived in harbour yesterday, from Calcutta, 7th February via Coast ports, with a general cargo and Mr J L Sharrott and five deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dumra, 762 tons, Captain E C Russell, sailed yesterday, for Karachi via Kathiawar coast ports, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Miss Bahrman, Mr C S Wilson, Miss Rozario, Mr Thomas Mr Allibhoy Adamjee and 200 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Kola, 497 tons, Captain J C Tice arrived in harbour yesterday, from Karachi, 8th March, via Kathiawar Coast Port with a general cargo and the following passengers—Mr Lawson, Miss E Quanbrough, Mr and Mrs H Gocuidas, and two children and 304 deck.

DEPARTURE OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steamer Bengal, 2,751 tons, Captain A Valentine, will sail to-day, for Shanghai, with his Majesty's China and Australian Mails, a general cargo, and the following passengers:—For Sydney—Mr J Fraser Campbell, Mr Fraser Campbell, Mr and Mrs H S Smith, and Mr and Mr Archer. For Melbourne—Mr W N Bountflower, Mrs Bountflower, and Mr Bountflower (Jr) and three children. For Adelaide—Mr and Mrs N A Knox. For Yokohama—Col Sir W Bissett. For Shanghai—Mr W H Marks. For Colombo—Mr L Lowerback, Mr matsumoto, Mr and Mrs Wygornitzky Miss Paliwanaw and Mr R S Templeton.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—MARCH 11.

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent.
H M S Highflyer	5600	Brock			Royal Navy
H M S Plassey					Torpedo G'boat
H M S Magdala		Hewett, R N			Turret Ship
H M S Abyssinia					Turret-ship
Kangra	1478	Sharpe			M M & Co
Valetta	2974	Cubbitt	China	12-3	P & O Co
Onipenta	3420	Hirst			M M & Co
Coromandel	2783	Vibert	China		P & O Co
Nevasa	1916	Cruess	Zanzibar		M M & Co.
Mozaffari	1387	Baker	P Gulf		B & P S N Co
Queensland	2475	Gray			M M & Co
Indra	3223	Coraren			T M & Co.
Java	920	McDiarmid			M M & Co
Parramatta	2941	Cook			P & O Co
Volute	2598	Carter			W & A G & Co
Nurani	2870	Sandilands			T M & Co
K Batchelor	4097	Pain			T M & Co.
Terrier	1008	Kampjard	Singapore		R S & Co
Simla	1039	Whitehead	Persian Gulf		M M & Co
Kerbella	1458	Shepherd	Calcutta, &c.		M M & Co.
Mohammadi	1252	Raffin	Calcutta		B & P S N Co
Fultala	2692	Johnson	Calcutta	13-3	M M & Co
Chindwera	1501	MacLean			M M & Co
Trojan	2363	Horkildson			R A Willis
Yola	2246	Shallis			R A Willis
Torridge	2474	Evans			Cerry Bros
Nizam	2045	Bullen	Calcutta		T M & Co
Ravenshoe	2351	Bate			Greaves-Cotton Co
Thorndale	1854	McDonald			M M & Co
Mars	2497	Badlington			W & A G & Co
Afghan		Dexter			H C Joosu.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—MARCH 11.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
B	City of Lucknow	2371	Elliott			K N & Co
C	Hoseinee	991	Hughes			B & P S N Co
F	Ujina	3126	Robertson	Calcutta	11-3	M M & Co
K	Kilbride	2385	Smith	Japan	19-3	F M & Co
M	Norkoping	593	....	Melbourne	2?-3	O & Okell
N	Lowenburg	3685	Pfeiffer	Hamburg	15-3	Glade & Co
O	Crescent	905	Raffin			M H Cassum
R	Henry Bolckow	639	Maloney	P Gulf		B & P S N Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
Courland	760	Esmail	Gulf Ports	15-3	Shepd & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed.	Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent
1	Arabia	2330	Read	Marseilles	13 3	W & A G & Co
4	Bormida	1499	Belsito	Hongkong	17-3	F R S N Co
3	R Rubattino	3044	Saporiti	Genoa	15-3	F Crocco
5	Itria	3383	Houstoum	Kobe	12 3	M M & Co
6	Bengal	3520	Valentine	China	12-3	P & O Co.
8	Pekin	2522	Fox	China	13-3	P & O Co
9	Milwankee	4782	Lander	Antwerp	12-3	K N & Co
18	Idar	2595	Milne	Antwerp	1 -3	K N & Co.
12	Egypt	4178	Langbourne	Aden	15-3	P & O Co
16	Tenby	2558	Campbell	Hamburg	13-3	K N & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
Kola	497	Tice	Karachi	14-3	M M & Co

MEREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Vessel.	Destination	Agent
Tagus	S Africa	Transport

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
10	Mars s	Badlington	Blyth, Feb 7
11	Thorndale s	McDonald	London, Jan 31
	Ravenshoe s	Bate	Barry, Jan 29
	Nizam s	Bullen	Calcutta, Feb 7
	Kola s	Tice	Karachi, March 8
	Afghan s	Dexter	Mauritius, Feb 25
	Salazie s	Aubert	Yokohama, Feb 13
	Ismalia s	Hoare	Rangoon, Feb 28

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
11	Dumra s	Russell	Karachi
	W. Bridge s	Chivers	London

THE following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday:—
Steamer Itria, Houstoun, for Kobe.
„ Milwankee, for Antwerp.
„ Bengal, Valentine, for Shanghai.
„ Fultala, Johnston, for Calcutta.

THE following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Salazie, for Marseilles.
„ Afghan, for Mauritius.
„ Lowenburg, for Hamburg via Karachi.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 11.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Arabia s—35 bales wool, W and A Graham and Co; 100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 33 bales wool, H K M Jaitha; 50 cwt bafallo pickers, P Hirjee and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Arabia s—90 cwt gingellyseed, John Fachiri; 4,320 cwt groundnuts, E D Sassoon and Co; 330 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.
Salazie s—2,002 cwt rapeseed N Sundarjee and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Arabia s—50 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers
Salazie s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 100 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co

FOR ANTWERP.

Malavankee s—120 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 4,000 cwt linseed, Volkart Brothers; 2,000 cwt rapeseed, Forbes and Co; 1,999 cwt teelseed, 6,000 cwt castorseed and 4,017 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 4,000 cwt rapeseed, N Khairaz and Co; 2,000 cwt castorseed, J A Begbie and Co
Idar s—300 bales hemp, P Bhimjee; 200 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co; 550 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 4,000 cwt rapeseed, N Khairaz and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Tenby s—1,509 cwt gingelly seed, E D Sasscon and Co 140 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co; 2,000 cwt linseed, Ewing and Co; 501 cwt myrabollams, C Purbet and Co
Lowenburg s—660 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 495 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 110 bales cotton Glazebrook Tejpal and Co; 2,000 cwt bonemeal, R Kaderbhoy; 6,540 cwt bones, A H Cassum and Co; 301 cwt rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 4,000 cwt bone meal, E C Nanjee; 403 cwt myrabollams, W Kipp; 1,000 cwt myrabollams, C Purbut and Co; 2,000 cwt bone meal, M Jamal; 5,000 cwt bone meal, Glade and Co; 2,400 cwt myrabollams Cosses and Co.

BREMEN.

Lowenberrg s—4,912 cwt gingellyseed, E D Sassoon and Co 30 cases bristles, Glade and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Volute s—200 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.
R Rubattino s—50 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 2,998 cwt linseed 999 cwt gingelly, A Blascheck and Co; 3,369 cwt talseed, Ralli Brothers; 175 cwt myrabollams, Volkart Brothers; 300 bales cotton, Ralli Brother.

FOR NAPLES.

B Rubattino s—200 bales Cotton Ralli Brother 100 bales cotton, Glade and Co

FOR NEW YORK

Arabia s—10 bales drabery Cowaji Bros.

FOR KOBE.

Kilbride s—1,500 bales cotton, The Mitsui B Kaisha 400 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 1,200 bales cotton, Gaddum anp Co 150 bales Cotton Gwing and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bormida s—800 bales twist David Sassoou and Co; 500 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 200 bales cotton, Talata and Co; 204 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 49 bales twist C Bhowandas
Pekin s—150 bales twist Framjee Sons and Co; 10 baes piece goods E D Sassoon and Co; 75 bales twist, R S Woonwala and Co
Benhal s—15 c chest opium, M H E Ellias; 85 chest opium, D E Sassoon and Co; 10 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; chests opium, Talati and Co; 96 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co; 19 chests opium, Sassoon Dovid and Co; 18 chests opium, H A Esmail and Co; 94 chests opium; P F Talati

FOR SHANGHAI.

Bengal s—200 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 75 bales twist, R S N Talati and Co; 33 chests opium, Tata and Co; 43 chests opium, C Bomanjee and Co; 93 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co; 48 chests opium, E Noordin and Co; 66 chests opium, Talati and Co; 25 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 78 chests opium, N J Abraham; 18 chests opium, Sassoon J David and Co; 40 chests opium, R S N Talati and Co.
Pekin s—675 bales twist, E Noordin and Co; 204 bales cotton, Ewing and Co.

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(THE RED TAMARIND)
IS THE
TRADE-MARK
OF THE
CAWNPORE
WOOLLEN MILLS
& ARMY CLOTH
MANUFACTURING CO., LD.,
CAWNPORE,
and is a
GUARANTEE
that EVERY ARTICLE to which
it is affixed is made of
PURE SOUND WOOL
and
NOTHING BUT WOOL.

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The "LALIMLI" Brand,
and see that you get it.

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OF
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BROADCLOTHS	SOCKS
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NUMDAH	CARDIGANS
BERLIN WOOLS	BALACLAVAS
KNITTING YARNS	SWEATERS
LOHIS	GLOVES

ETC. ETC.

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GOLD AND SILVER
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WEDDING PRESENTS,
SPORTS AND GYMKHANA PRIZES

MODERATE PRICES.
INSPECTION INVITED.

GENUINE
HINKS' LAMPS,
M. BRESLAUER
& Co.

HAVE been APPOINTED AGENTS for the SALE of these well-known LAMPS, and have just received a splendid assortment, consisting of STANDARD, TABLE and BRACKET LAMPS, in Brass, Copper and Hammered Iron.

These Lamps must not be confounded with those generally sold in Bombay, under the name of HINKS' LAMPS, where, perhaps, a small part bears the name "Hinks," while the other portions consist simply of some cheap foreign stuff, thus making it appear that the whole article is manufactured by Messrs. HINKS & SONS.

Our Prices for the genuine Lamp compare most favourably with those sold in the Bazaar for so-called HINK'S LAMPS.

COMFORTABLE
SUITS
FOR DAY WEAR.

FLEMISH HOLLAND COAT AND TROUS.	Rs. 15.
SOFT LUSTRE SILK COAT AND TROUS.	Rs. 28.
STOUT CHINA SILK COAT AND TROUS.	Rs. 32.
WASHING TROPICAL TWEED COAT AND TROUS.	Rs. 15.

Asquith & Lord.
OPP. CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

PIANOS
BY
ALL THE LEADING MAKERS,
Special terms for Cash
or
Monthly Payments.

S. ROSE & CO.
FORT, BOMBAY.

Madame SCHUMANN—
"I have asked for an ERARD Piano."
MENDELSSOHN, writing from Germany—
"The difference between your instruments and those which are manufactured here is so great! It is like hearing a full Orchestra near a small Piano."
WAGNER to LISZT—
"Get an ERARD on the ninetynine years' system or any other system."
LISZT—
"Those fine ERARD Pianos that Marlborough Street makes so well."
Sir JULIUS BENEDICT—
"It would be impossible to improve the touch, and never have I heard richness and mellowness so admirably combined as in the last WORK of ART of 18 Great Marlborough Street."
M. PADEREWSKI—
"I play only on an ERARD whenever obtainable."
Mdlle CHAMINADE—
"I have cherished your Pianos since I first began to play."

ERARD PIANOFORTES:
(As supplied to the Royal Palaces).
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BOMBAY AND POONA.

From A SUIT LENGTH
To AN OUTFIT for
AN ARMY DIVISION.

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and this is testified to by the rapid increase of their Forwarding Department. Send for full particulars of rates to all parts of the United Kingdom
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BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COLONEL LOUIS P. RUSSELL, COMMANDING B. V. A.

Bombay, 12th March, 1902.

1. The Proficiency Class will meet at the Nesbit Road Head-Quarters to-morrow (Thursday) at 9 p.m.
2. There will be Class Firing at Coorla to-day (Wednesday) to-morrow (Thursday) and Friday. Trains leave Victoria Terminus at 5-30 and 6 a.m. (Local time) and Byculla 12 minutes later in each case.
3. There will be Class Firing at Coorla on Saturday afternoon the 15th instant. Trains leave Victoria Terminus at 3-30 and 4 p.m. (Local time) and Byculla 12 minutes later in each case.

Members, who have not fired their Class, are requested to do so, on one of the above dates.

By Order,
G. STODDART, Captain, R. A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

⁂ All communications intended for publication on our columns should be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1902.

THE REVERSE IN SOUTH AFRICA.

THE news from South Africa is disquieting. The other day the special correspondent of the "Standard," writing from Pretoria, told us that the Orange River Colony was the chief point of the Boer resistance, and that there were in this part of the theatre of war some three thousand armed Boers, Transvaalers and Free State men, the most daring of their forces. These are the men, doubtless, who pursued Lord Methuen's column, last Friday, as they were on the way to Lichtenburg, a long march northwards across the Vaal. Presumably, the intention was that Lord Methuen, with his twelve hundred men and General Grenfell with thirteen hundred, should undertake another drive in the hope of sweeping out of action a similarly large batch of the enemy as was secured three weeks ago on the Liebenberg Vlei, when De Wet so narrowly escaped. Had they been able to accomplish this, the demoralisation of the main body of the enemy would have been complete. But it is vain to hope for an unbroken record of success in war. The Boers are certain to score now and again, notwithstanding their diminished numbers. On this occasion they have secured an important victory. The information which reaches us is disjointed, and not very clear, but it seems that the column was marching in the customary order, ox-waggons in front, a mule train in the rear, with the usual advance guard and rear guard of troops, when the enemy effected a rear attack, overwhelming the rear guard before it could be reinforced from the main column which consisted principally of mounted men. Flank parties temporarily checked the advance of the Boers who had advanced on both sides of the column, and would doubtless have succeeded in driving them off, if not of capturing them, but for a panic in the mule-train in the rear. The animals stampeded, rushed past the oxen, throwing the whole column into confusion, and thus giving the Boers the victory. From the fact that Major Paris and the forty men he collected, and with whom he held a position for some time, until compelled to surrender,—is reported to have arrived at Kraai Pan siding,—below Mafeking, it would appear that the two hundred who were captured, were at once disarmed and liberated. The five hundred mounted men who reached Maribogo apparently fled for their lives, leaving their general, their baggage and guns behind them, for we read that they were pursued by the Boers, who were in very strong force, for a distance of four miles. Forty-one lives were lost and seventy-five of our men wounded, two hundred taken prisoners, so there were still over a thousand available men when Major Paris and his gallant forty attempted to make a stand.

The contemplation of a thousand flying from practically only an equal number of Boers is not pleasant, particularly when we remember that it is extremely unlikely the men in the column of a senior general officer were raw recruits or newly imported men undergoing a baptism of fire. After the disaster to De Wet we were boasting of the Boer leader's loss of prestige, and when last week Colonel Rimington made his enormous haul of Boer ammunition and supplies, we were ready to join in the cry that the war was closing. But the effects of those two incidents have been obliterated. The enemy has taken a new lease of life, and it is probable that the immediate result of the disaster will be a large acquisition of strength to the enemy from Burghers who still wavered. They have four guns, a pom-pom and the baggage of a whole column, besides another detail in the shape of a prominent general officer. Delarey has accomplished a greater feat than he did a week earlier at Klerksdorp. He got a convoy, a batch of prisoners and Colonel Anderson, their commanding officer, last week by similar tactics. He liberated the whole of the prisoners without delay, but kept Colonel Anderson for a couple of days. The time was not long, but it was full of anxiety as to what they proposed doing with him. We have similar anxiety to-day as to what the fate of Lord Methuen will be. General Pretorius was wounded and a prisoner when Lord Roberts took over command in South Africa, and his first act was to liberate him. As Lord Methuen is wounded, they may prefer to set him at liberty too, by way of returning the compliment. If the Boers do this, they will gain much in the estimation of their continental friends. If they hold him to ransom or bargain with him for Kritzinger, who can blame them? They cannot afford to carry a sick general about in their rapid movements from place to place. The moral effect of the smashing up of two columns within a week in the same district, and the capture of a general officer will be incalculable. Delarey has prevented the junction of two columns, which doubtless contemplated crushing him, in retaliation for his operations at Klerksdrop. He has guns, a pom-pom, stores and ammunition enough to necessitate the despatch of an expedition in force to dislodge him from any position he may choose to take up in the hills. The end of the war, at all events, is further off than it appeared a month ago.

THE POLICE IN THE PRESIDENCY. THE report on the Police Administration of the Presidency during 1900, which was published and noticed in the press some months ago, is reviewed in a resolution of Government just issued. The resolution was written about the middle of November last, and though by no means a lengthy review, has taken four months to pass through the Government Press. It deals with the state of things prevailing two years ago, when the work of the police was largely increased by the conditions of severe famine, which drove the people in many districts to crime. In the number of cognizable cases reported to the police there was an increase of over ten thousand, which were mainly offences against property. Dacoities became unusually frequent, the number of such attacks on persons and property rising to 1,488, while ordinary house breaking and thefts also largely increased. The frequency of dacoities throughout the presidency has, indeed, arrested the attention of Government, and in this resolution it is observed that every police superintendent is expected to do his utmost whereby the people can be encouraged and supported in concerted action against dacoits. Government, it is added, favoured the proposal to supply fire arms to selected village head men in certain districts, while attention is also being given to the better arming of the police. In the Khandesh district dacoities recently increased to an alarming extent, and a large number of additional police was drafted into the district. The Hon. Mr. H. S. Dikshit was informed at the last meeting of the Legislative Council that orders had been passed for the distribution of sixty breechloading snider carbines to selected police patels in Khandesh, and that this measure might be extended. Government have also under consideration the question of revising the strength of the police establishments including the armed branches. On this point the official review of the police report written before this information was given, indicates that the reduction in the strength of the mounted force made in 1894 was carried too far, and in the interests of law and order it is satisfactory that the matter is now engaging attention. There was a notable rise in the percentage of convictions secured by the police in 1900, and having regard to the amount of exceptional work imposed upon the members of the force in consequence of the famine, Government expresses satisfaction with the high average of zeal and energy displayed by the police. There are, however, a few points on which the remarks of the authorities are scarcely complimentary. There is a large amount of serious crime, more especially murders and dacoities, whose perpetrators go undetected, and a reference to this matter is accompanied by an expression of regret that so many offenders go unpunished. The notorious Giri temple cases in which the victims were lured to destruction by a gang of poisoners whose operations were most skilfully devised, furnish a theme for remarks concerning the indifference of the police to many cases of mysterious disappearance. It is also observed that there seems to be too often a lack of inquiry regarding the doings of habitual extortioners and thieves, whose misdeeds are the subject of common gossip. It is, of course, too much to expect the police to give heed to every piece of idle "gup" in a land where false charges and malicious prosecutions are a common experience, but that there are serious deficiencies of police surveillance in the direction indicated, is only too apparent.

PRIMARY EDUCATION IN VARIOUS COUNTRIES. GERMANY is admittedly in the front, so far as technical and secondary education are concerned, and it is pleasant therefore to find that she has, at any rate, very little advantage in regard to primary education. Mr. R. E. Hughes has recently made some very interesting comparisons between schools and primary education generally in England, in Germany and in America. Among his discoveries we come across the fact that in America there is one school to every three hundred of the population, in France there is one to every 450, in Germany there is one to every 874, and in England, which comes last on the scale, there is one to every 1,550 inhabitants. At first sight these figures seem to be strongly suggestive that England is behind her continental neighbours in the matter of school accommodation, but it has to be remembered that English board schools are large institutions—not a one room building such as are often seen in the States. In Prussia, with a population of 32 millions, we find that there are 79,959 teachers, and in England with a population of 31 millions there are 62,085 certificated teachers. Probably if teachers of all kinds were taken into account, the total number of persons, who have embraced the scholastic profession in England would exceed the number in Germany. It cannot therefore be said that Germany has any very strong lead over England in the matter of her school accommodation or the number of her teachers. One thing, Mr. Hughes points out, is very carefully watched in Germany—regularity and punctuality of attendance. Absentees never exceed five per cent., and are very often much nearer only two per cent. of the total number of children on the rolls. In England this is very different, and 80 per cent. is considered a very good average attendance. In London alone, Mr. Hughes tell us, there are daily 100,000 children absent from the schools. But in England, better salaries are paid to the teachers than in any other country in the world, perhaps, and this is no doubt conducive to greater efficiency. The salary of the average American male teacher is £109 per annum, of the average English male teacher £125 per annum, and of the average German male teacher only £77 per annum. So that if the Germans are sticklers in the matter of education, they pay considerably less money than is paid for it either in America or in England. And it is to be feared too, that German educationists do not work with the same pureness of motive that attends the efforts of educationists in other lands. Herr von Halldorf may be taken as an example of a section of German statesmen at the present time. He is reported by Mr. Hughes to have said: "I am not for teaching arithmetic to the agricultural labourer. It will only spoil him. He has got to lead horses and handle the plough, not figures." Perhaps it is this way of looking at things which has produced so many technical experts in Germany, and such an industrial revival of late. Learning in a groove will always produce specialists—of a kind—but what sort of men will it bring forth? Does this niggardly policy conduce to the general happiness of the men, and is it likely to do so? It is to be feared not, and if that be the line in which German education is conducted, England need not be envious of the momentary superiority of her commercial rivals in matters requiring technical study. Finally Mr. Hughes is emphatic in his assertion that England is ahead of all other nations as regards school games, and those who remember Mr. Kipling's sorrowful outburst a few weeks ago will be pleased to learn that Mr. Hughes thinks, as others have thought before him, "that our national success is, ... largely due to those habits of restraint, co-operation, and resource which no academic training can ever engender so well as the school play ground."

THE INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPHS. ACCORDING to the administration report of the Indo-European Telegraphs Department the total revenue of the department during the past year was Rs. 17,52,375, the total revenue from messages amounting to Rs. 17,19,559. This, as compared with an income of Rs. 15,38,111 in 1899-1900 exhibits, a net increase on the year of Rs. 2,14,264. On the other hand the expenditure of the department amounted to Rs. 8,43,657 against Rs. 8,43,502 in the previous year, showing a net increase of Rs. 155. The principal items going to make up this total were of course those having relation to expenditure on the Persian Gulf Section. In that section general charges amounted to Rs. 1,14,312, a decrease of Rs 29,304 in the figures of the previous year; Rs. 49,912 was paid for line maintenance; signalling involved an expenditure of Rs. 1,81,346, a decrease of Rs. 12,761, and cable maintenance charges amounted to Rs. 2,51,319, an increase of Rs. 20,095. In the Persian Section the various charges amounted to Rs. 2,38,888, as against Rs. 2,42,036 the previous year. On a total capital expenditure of Rs. 1,15,75,201, continues the report, a net profit of Rs. 9,08,718 was earned, so that the dividend payable is at the rate of 7'85 per cent. This is the highest rate paid during the last few years.

H. E. LADY NORTHCOTE has sent Rs. 150 to the Presidency Famine Fund as a donation from Mrs. Rose.

IT is understood that as a result of the Bombay Fancy Fete, the Lady Dufferin Fund will benefit to the extent of about a lakh of rupees.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. Mazagon (extra) left Colombo on Sunday afternoon and is due to arrive in Bombay at 6 a. m. to-morrow.

Mr. W. D. SHEPPARD begs to acknowledge with thanks the following donation to the Lady Northcote Fancy Fete (Shannon River branch):—Mr. Gulam Hussein Allana, Rs. 50.

THE Bombay Presidency Mahomedan Educational Conference will meet on the 13th, 14th and 15th instant, at the pandal erected at Chowpatty. The president-elect, namely, the Chief of Mangrol, and several distinguished delegates arrived yesterday.

BALANCES held in cash at the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of the Government in the Presidency Banks and their Branches on the last day of February were:—1900, Rs. 11,08,42,000, 1901, Rs. 13,23,97,000, 1902 Rs. 13,52,85,000.

THE statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad, Prantej Railway for the week ending 25th January amounted to Rs. 3,836, an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 753. The total earnings from 1st Jan. to 25th Jan., shows Rs. 12,863, an increase on the corresponding period of last year of Rs. 374.

THE statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the week ending 25th January, amounted to Rs. 23,821, an increase on the corresponding week of last year of Rs. 8,972, The total earnings from 1st January to 25th Jan. shows Rs. 93,419, an increase on the corresponding period of last year, of Rs. 44,677.

YESTERDAY afternoon H. E. Lord Northcote presided at the prize distribution held in connection with the Goculdas Tejpal Charities Schools for Boys in Bombay at the G.T. Boarding School Buildings. He spoke of the progress which had been made in Indian Education and assured his audience that the Government would assist in making that progress still more rapid in the future.

THE balloting at the Bombay Chamber of Commerce yesterday, for three Elective Trustees of the Port of Bombay, resulted on the election of the Hon'ble Mr. William Greaves (of Messrs. Ewart Latham & Co.) and Mr. J. M. Dick (of Messrs. W. and A. Graham & Co.). The voting for an Elective Trustee in place of Mr. F. W. Bickel resulted in an equal number of votes for two candidates, and a fresh ballot will be held in respect of that vacancy.

CAPTAIN F. J. FRASER, 33rd P. I., whose writings have contributed so much for many years back to the gaiety of the burlesque stage in India, intimates that his plays are no longer on sale or available for public representation. Captain Fraser, we believe, has had a musical comedy accepted by Mr. George Edwardes for production at a West End London theatre, and has other work on the anvil for the professional stage, and this no doubt explains his desire to turn his back on his earlier efforts. Anglo-India can scarcely help regretting the decision on the part of one who has done so much to assist the amateur stage as the author of Colonel Othello C. B., Blue Beard Retrimmed, the Merry Merchant of Venice, the little Tin Goods, Dick Whittington, Aladdin, Robinson Crusoe, Lodgers and lover, The Unknown Admirer, and, perhaps best known of all, The Station Cat; but the many who have laughed with him in India will wish him equal success on the professional stage in London.

THE neobaptism of the N.-W. P. and Oudh with a title which should omit all reference to Oudh was, of course, liable, as we "Pioneer" pointed out in discussing the subject last November, to the objection that it merged two Provinces which still retain each its distinctive individuality, and there were also difficulties from the legal and administrative points of view. These drawbacks have finally decided the matter, and the Secretary of State has definitely approved the adoption of the name "The United Provinces of Agra and Oudh." The official notification in which this decision is conveyed to the public, observes that the "substitution of Agra for the former title of North-Western Provinces is a revival of the plan by which it was proposed in the Charter Act of 1833 to create the Presidency of Agra, but which was dropped in 1835, when a Lieutenant-Governorship was created in the North-Western Provinces. The inclusion of the title of Oudh is both a compliment to that historical province, and is required for certain legal and administrative purposes." The new title is unfortunately clumsy even if abbreviated into "U. P. A. and O.;" but no doubt, as the official notification puts it, "in popular usage the title United Provinces, which is already passing into general acceptance, will be the term employed."

AMERICANS AND SHAKESPEARE.

DISTINGUISHED ELOCUTIONISTS IN BOMBAY.

IN these days of globe-trotters, the advent in any city of individuals making a tour of the world is an event of no special significance, but the arrival in Bombay of two American artists who have achieved fame in their own country as Shakespearian interpreters who give many of the plays of Shakespeare from the platform in their entirety and wholly from memory, is an event worthy of special mention, such artists are Mr. and Mrs. Hannibal A. Williams of New York who are comfortably ensconsed at the Great Western Hotel, having recently arrived from Colombo; and Bombay being the first city visited on this their first trip to India, they are, as Mr. Williams says, "revelling in the attractions of this beautiful Island city." Our readers are likely to be more interested in Mr. and Mrs. Willliams' unique professional careers than in their impressions of Bombay, though they have found much during the past week to enjoy and admire, and of which they speak enthusiastically. Previous to 1882 Mr. Williams filled the chair of Elocution in the Albany Academy of New York, but for the past twenty years he has held a foremost position in the United States as a student and interpreter of the plays of Shakespeare. Mr. Williams informs us that the American people are especially fond of Shakespeare, and that for years past, in the cities and large towns, literary circles and Shakespearian clubs have been organised for the special study of the works of the great dramatist.

In fact the subject of English literature as a whole receives much greater attention in America to-day than formerly, more time being set apart for it in the preparatory schools at present than was allotted to that subject in the University course thirty years ago.

The study of English literature, and Shakespeare in particular, forms a part of the course in every special school of elocution in the United States. These schools are numerous and prosperous, for the subject of elocution is one which has of late, for various reasons, been growing in popular favour.

Mr. Williams points out that in the general subject of elocution which includes the art of reading, speaking, oratory and debate, a spirit of healthy rivalry exists in the University student body which has been brought about by means of University Oratorical and Debating Leagues, and the Interstate Collegiate Oratorical Leagues. In one of the Interstate Leagues, for example, is included all the colleges of a state. After a local competition a single student is selected by disinterested judges to represent the college in the annual inter-state oratorial contest to which every student taking the subject of elocution is eligible. These contests are held in various cities in different years.

On these occasions college enthusiasm runs high, and the struggle for individual honour and college supremacy serves to advance the standard of oratory among students. The debates between representatives of the California State and Leland Stanford Universities on the Pacific Coast, and between Harvard and Yale Universities in New England, are among the greatest of the annual university events. In the United States the enthusiasm aroused by these competitions for literary supremacy are on a par with the university field and aquatic contests. Mr. Williams is thoroughly acquainted with the history, growth and sphere of usefulness of the National Association of Elocutionists, he having been its organizer eleven years ago, its first Vice-President and member of its controlling board from the first. The membership roll includes more than 2,000 names of professors and teachers of Elocution banded together for mutual improvement, and their deliberations covering a period of five days each year has been a power in advancing and harmonizing methods of instruction, and fostering a spirit of good fellowship among its members.

Mrs. Williams, formerly Miss Jean Stuart Brown, and daughter of the late eminent Scotch Presbyterian divine, Rev. Dr. Hugh Brown, of New York, began her career as an interpreter of classic literature during the seven years in which she was a member of the teaching staff of the Adelphi College of New York. From her first appearances before the literary and Shakespeare clubs of New York, her services were in demand, and during seven consecutive years she gave at her own home private series of recitals during lent and under her maiden name she gave more than 100 recitals in the city of New York alone. Since their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Williams have made two trans-continental tours in the United States, and besides having given many recitals in all the chief literary centres of America, have visited the cities of Canada and British Columbia.

On the present tour, which has already covered a period of more than two years, Mr. and Mrs. Williams have visited the Hawaiian Islands where after a successful series of recitals, Mrs. Williams was invited to give Browning's "A Blot on the 'Scutcheon" at the house of the Honorable the Chief Justice and Mrs. Frear. In New Zealand more than fifty recitals were given, the first at Bishopscourt in Auckland by the invitation of the Primate and Mrs. Cowie, and the last in the capital city of Wellington under the patronage of the Countess of Ranfurly. After spending several months in Tasmania and Victoria, Mr. and Mrs. Williams gave sixty-two performances in New South Wales, of which twenty-one were in the city of Sydney. The sixteenth and last recital in the capital city of Queensland was given at Government House by Mrs. Williams by invitation of the Acting Governor, the Honorable the Chief Justice Sir Samuel and Lady Griffith.

—The recitals in the capital cities of South Australia, Western Australia and Ceylon were under the most distinguished patronage of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Tennyson; the Rt. Hon Sir Arthur and Lady Lawley, and the Rt. Hon. Sir J. West and Lady Ridgeway, respectively. Mr. and Mrs. Williams found the people of the Australian states so hospitable and appreciative of their efforts that their stay in the Commonwealth was prolonged from eight to eighteen months.

It is expected that Mr. and Mrs. Williams will give a short series of recitals in Bombay during their sojourn in the City.

THE GOVERNOR OF DIU.

MR. HERCULANO MOURA, the Governor of the Portuguese possession of Diu, left for Lisbon last Saturday with his wife and children. This small district, which was the scene of famine and pestilence when he first took charge of the place, owes many of its present improvements to him. Among the changes he introduced were the establishment of State Lotteries for the benefit of the poor, the erection of light-houses in the harbour, and the establishments of medical aid for the famine and plague stricken people. The most notable event during his administration was the visit of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Curzon to the ancient and historical Fort of Diu. They were guests at the Government House and were much pleased with the reception accorded to them. Mr. Herculano Moura is an able officer of the Portuguese Royal Navy, and in recognition of his services to the nation the Minister of Marine, in view of employing him in the higher grade of the service, has by wire ordered his return to Portugal. The inhabitants of Diu held a public demonstration in his honour before he left for Portugal.

A SHOCKING bicycle accident occurred at Bedford, when a lady named Boyd, who by profession was a nurse, was killed at the junction of two street She rode straight into a horse attached to butcher's cart. The driver pulled his horse suddenly, but it reared up, and in its de dropped its feet upon the head of the lady. received prompt medical attention, but died the same night, never having regained con ness.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA,

METHUEN CAPTURED.

DELAREY'S GRAND COUP.

SERIOUS BRITISH REVERSE.

DESPERATE FIGHTING.

STAMPEDE OF ANIMALS.

HEAVY LOSSES IN MEN AND GUNS.

METHUEN'S PAST SERVICE

EULOGISED IN PARLIAMENT

LONDON, MARCH 10.

Lord Methuen, who is wounded, two hundred officers and men, besides four guns, a pom-pom and all their baggage were captured by General Delarey on the 7th inst.

Lord Kitchener, in a telegraphic despatch, dated the 8th inst., states that Lord Methuen with 900 Mounted men and 300 Infantry was proceeding from Wynberg to Lichtenburg, intending to meet General Grenfell with 1,300 Mounted men on the 8th, and that 550 Mounted men, who were pursued for four miles by the enemy, have arrived on the line between Maribogo and Kraaipan.

They report that Lord Methuen, with guns and baggage, has been captured by the Boers.

Another despatch from Lord Kitchener, dated the 9th instant, states that Major Paris and the remainder of the men have arrived at Kraaipan.

The despatch further reports that Lord Methuen's column, with the mule waggons in the rear and ox waggons in the front, was attacked by the enemy at dawn.

The rear screen of the column broke before it was possible to reinforce it.

In the meantime, the flank parties temporarily checked the large number of Boers on both flanks of the column, but a panic and a stampede of mules then began.

The mule waggons, with a terrible mixture of Mounted men, rushed past the ox waggons.

All efforts to check the stampede were unavailing and, after a gallant defence, the enemy rushed the ox waggons, wounding Lord Methuen in the thigh.

The British casualties were three officers and 38 men killed, five officers and 72 men wounded and 200 men missing, but many of the latter are probably among the arrivals on the line between Maribogo and Kraaipan.

Lieutenants Nesham and Venning were killed while gallantly serving the guns with case shot.

Major Paris collected forty men and took up a position a mile away, where he was surrounded, and subsequently surrendered at 10 in the morning.

Lord Kitchener adds that Lord Methuen is still a prisoner in the Boer Camp.

MARCH 11.

A despatch from Lord Kitchener states that the Northumberland and North Lancashires behaved with great gallantry during the attack on Lord Methuen's column by the Boers.

Delarey's men were almost all dressed in British uniforms and numbered 1,500.

Lord Methuen is being well cared for and is in his own waggon.

Lord Kitchener hopes that the reinforcements which are now arriving will rectify the situation without disturbing the operations elsewhere of the columns.

IRISH REJOICING OVER METHUEN'S REVERSE.

There is an intense feeling against the Irish members of the Commons, who last night received the reading of Lord Kitchener's despatches regarding Lord Methuen's reverse with derisive laughter and an outburst of cheering.

It is believed that this is likely to drive the wavering Liberals into the Roseberyite Camp.

LONDON, MARCH 10, MIDNIGHT.

Lords, Roberts and Salisbury in the House of Lords and Mr. Brodrick in the Commons, made eulogistic references to Lord Methuen's past services.

THE WEEK'S BOER LOSSES.

During the week eight Boers were killed and wounded and 124 made prisoners or surrendered.

THE COLONIAL EXHIBITION.

The Lord Mayor has opened the Colonial Exhibition at the Royal Exchange.

North Borneo is conspicuously represented.

THE SOMALI PROTECTORATE.

Colonel Swayne has been appointed Commissioner of the Somali Protectorate.

MR. RHODES' CONDITION.

LONDON, MAR. 11.

Mr. Cecil Rhodes is slightly better, but still gives cause for anxiety

CHINESE REGIMENT.

Lord Stanley, Financial Secretary for War, replying to a question in the Commons, said the Chinese Regiment will be kept at Wei-hai-wei and he still hoped to keep it in the same state of efficiency as the Indian Regiments.

WEI-HAI-WEI AS A STATION.

Mr. Pretyman, Civil Lord of the Admiralty, in reply to a question in the Commons, stated that it was proposed to maintain the Hospital and Coaling Station at Wei-hai-wei, the climate of which was most favourable on the Chinese Station.

THE STORE OF RIFLES.

Lord Stanley said the Government was considering a modification in the present rifle, and it would therefore be imprudent to accumulate large stores.

STATEMENT BY LORD ROSEBERY.

Lord Rosebery, speaking at Glasgow, disavowed aiming at the Liberal leadership.

After Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman's Leicester speech, his Lordship said he had either to disown Bannerman's leadership or disown his own policy, and he unhesitatingly chose the former.

RUSSIA AND MANCHURIA.

Russia, yielding to the persistence of China undertakes to withdraw from Manchuria within eighteen months of the signature of the proposed Convention.

PLAGUE OFFICER MURDERED.

ATTACKED WITH HATCHETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 11.

Major Evans, District Plague Officer, stationed at Mirzapore, was attacked by villagers with hatchets and lathis, and very seriously wounded.

He succumbed to his injuries yesterday.

THE VICEROY'S COUNCIL.

PRESENTATION OF BUDGET STATEMENT.

CALCUTTA, MAR. 11.

The meeting of the Viceroy's Council fixed for the 14th is postponed to 19th, when the Budget Statement will be presented.

MAHSUD BLOCKADE WITHDRAWN.

DISPUTE AMONGST JIRGA.

The Mahsud blockade was withdrawn yesterday as orders have been issued for the return of the reserve brigade, and the remainder of the troops will presumably march back at leisure.

There was a big dispute amongst the members of the jirga assembled at Jandola, who own that the question of the selection of the chiefs to be handed over as security, for the return of the stolen cattle, and the surrender of outlaws from British Territory, who have found shelter in the Mahsud country, and the matter was not settled without a fight, in which one Shabikhel elder was shot dead, but the selection was eventually made; seventy-two leading men being sent in, and accepted by Mr. Merk for detention.

The Mahsud question is therefore settled at last for the present.

R. A. M. C. POSTINGS.

Lieut-Colonel Wolseley has been appointed to officiate as P. M. O. Bombay, vice Colonel Supple, appointed P. M. O. Meerut District; Colonel N. B. Mayor getting the permanent post of P. M. O. Bombay.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Lieut-Colonel Reilly resides outside India on vacating command of the 28th Bombay Pioneers.

The transport Armenian is due at Bombay on the 23rd instant from South Africa with drafts for the 1st Bedfords, 2nd Welsh Regiment, 2nd York and Lancasters, 2nd Royal Irish, 1st Royal Scots Fusiliers, 1st Middlesex Regiment, 1st Royal Irish Regiment, 2nd Royal Sussex, 1st Lincolns and 1st Shropshires. Major Fowle, Captains Span and Colston, Lieuts. Has'am, Wigham, Cochrane, Coithurst, Finee and Wilson accompanying, also Captain Seville, 2nd Durham Light Infantry, Captains Jackson and Gratan, R. A. M. C. and 150 prisoners of war.

The Simur Sappers having finished their work on the Kushalgarh-Kohat Railway, returned to their station at once.

Nos. 5 and 6 Companies, Bengal Sappers, Nos. 1 and 5 Companies Madras Sappers and the 28th Bombay Pioneers are likely to finish their work early in April, when they will return to their cantonments.

BOMBAY, ARRIVALS, MARCH 10.—Washington Capt., Beng. R. F. A., from leave, from England.

Benwell, Capt., Bombay, 5th Bombay Cavalry, on duty, from Jacobabad.

Powell, Lieut.-Colonel, Punjab Goorkha Rifles, from furlough, from England.

DEPARTURES, MARCH 10.—Harrison, Lieut., Punjab, Som., L. I. on duty, to Rawalpindi.

Home, Major, Punjab, 1st Bedfordshire Regiment, from leave, to Mooltan.

Colomb, Major, Punjab, 42nd Goorkha Rifles, from leave, to Abbottabad.

Long, Lieut., Punjab, R. A. M. C., on duty, to Rawalpindi.

Saunders, Colonel, R. H. Q.'s., R. A., on leave, to England.

Elliott, Major, Punjab, I. M. S., on leave, to England.

Rynes, Lieut., Punjab, S. & T., Corps, on furlough, to England.

Stuart, Captain, Bombay, 25th Bombay Rifles, to join to Umballa.

Molloy, Lieut., Bombay, 4th Bombay Cavalry, to rejoin to Neemuch.

Fraser, Major, Bombay, R.E., on duty, to Quetta.

Reilly, Lieut.-Colonel, Bombay, S.C., on leave, to England.

Ward, Captain, Bombay, 4th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, on furlough, to England.

Dobbin, Lieut., Bombay, Northampton Regiment, on leave, to Deolali.

Jervis, Lieut.-Colonel, Bombay, I.M.S., on leave, to England.

Windle, Major, Bombay, R.A.M.C. on leave, England.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, MARCH 10.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Rewa, left there this evening.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s. s. China, arrived here from Colombo this morning.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s steamer Palawan, arrived here from Colombo yesterday morning.

LONDON, MARCH 10.

The P. and O. S. N. Co.'s s.s. Formosa, arrived here this morning.

LIVERPOOL, MARCH 10.

The Anchor Line steamer Asia, left here for Bombay the day before yesterday evening.

HONGKONG, MARCH 11.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Tientsin (extra) left here for Bombay this afternoon.

The Austrian Lloyd's s.s. Tivol from Calcutta, left Colombo for Bombay, on the afternoon of the 10th instant, and is expected here on the morning of the 14th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd's chartered s.s. Leopoldina from Trieste left Suez on the 11th instant and is expected here on or about the 27th instant.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS

LONDON, MARCH 10.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet.

Surats quiet.

Good Bhownuggar 3 23-32.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols	94 5-16
3 per cent. Rentes	101 1-4
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	108
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers	64 1-2
Bar Silver	25 1-16

M. SANTOS-DUMONT explains that the accident to his aerostat, which nearly cost him his life, was due to a sunstroke on the balloon, which dilated the hydrogen, and made the fore-end of the balloon go up to an angle of nearly sixty degrees. While the balloon was almost standing on its head, says the "Daily Mail's" correspondent, several of the wires which bind it to the framework broke; then the screw cut the wires supporting the rudder, and the latter falling on the screw was cut up, and unable any longer to guide the machine. M. Santos-Dumont, fearing to be dashed against the hotels of Monte Carlo, opened the valve and descended into the water. The motor of the flying machine, valued at £800, has been recovered. A subscription has been opened to offer M. Santos Dumont his next airship. The Duke de Dino heads the list with £120. The aeronaut says the lesson was a good one, and that he will now have to provide against a fall into the sea far from any help.

ART, MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

BOND STREET GALLERIES.

LITTLE LORD FAUNTLEROY.

ROYALTY AND MUSIC.

LONDON, FEB. 21.

GARDENING is at present, with one unmentionable exception, the prevailing enthusiasm; conversation is larded with strange Latin names, and work on horticulture and seedsmen's catalogues are your only fashionable literature. To meet the public need, now that the outer world lies in the grip of winter, the Fine Art Society has come to the fore with a considerable collection of drawings of gardens. Art must step in when Nature fails us and the Society could not well have chosen a more convincing exponent than Mr. George S. Elgood. Of these sixty-nine water-colours of gardens, native and foreign, there is not one without its individual charm. Both the mainly architectural gardens of Italy, such as those of the Villas Cigona and Bardini, and the typically floral gardens of England are here depicted, and each alike receives exquisitely sympathetic treatment. Mr. Elgood clearly is a true garden-lover, and perceives that the growth and habit of the isolated plant is as material an element of our delight as the full mass of well arranged colour. Acting on his understanding, while in no way sacrificing the larger effects of atmosphere and distance, he has drawn his flowers with the most tender and loving care. The roses in "Viscountess Folkestone," the "Canterbury Bells, Florence," the "Larkspurs," the "Purple Iris, Nice," the roses again at "Villa Arson, Nice," to name but a few of many, are little gems of studious appreciation. It is somewhat unfortunate for Miss Ina Clogstoun that her renderings, of gardens should have been brought into such close propinquity to those of Mr. Elgood, for, under the inevitable comparison with his delicate and exhaustive method, her bolder and less searching manner produces a not altogether warranted impression of coarseness and carelessness. In grasping the general effects of flower groups, as in "Lavender, Abbots Ripon," "The Last of the Flowers," "In the Physic Garden, Oxford," and "The Gay Garden, Hinchinbroke," she attains considerable success, and when she condescends to a closer study of the plants in detail, as in the vine trellis and asters of "November in a Venetian Garden," she shows that she is not without a feeling for form and growth. Much the same defects and merits mark Miss Mary Barton's drawings of Irish life and scenery. She has selected her subjects with taste and discretion, and has generally contrived to master the essentials of her theme, and Ireland, on her showing should not be so distressful a country as we are so insistently told it is. Of Nature in her brighter aspects—"Sunset on the Bog," "Salt Marshes, Wicklow," "Spring Weeding," and "The Beauty of Neglect" deserve special commendation, while the quieter mood of "A Grey Evening" and "At the Glen, Sligo," is no less pleasantly conveyed, but she also is too often apt recklessly to eliminate the significant as well as the superfluous, and to represent by undifferentiated colour-blotches that which in nature is full of incident.

There is a quaint old-fashioned air about the thirteen pastels of Mme. Gatti, on view at the Modern Gallery, and they are drawn with a dainty certainty of touch, but they are rather slightly tinted sketches on a toned background than adequate illustrations of the applicability of pastel. Mr. Hector Caffieri has fleeted the summer months to good purpose in the neighbourhood of Boulogne and now, in the frosty greyness of a London February, under the inspiriting title of "Cliff, Coast, and Quay," presents the results to us at the Continental Gallery. Despite an overlavish resort to body-colour there is an assured cleverness of handling and charming sense of colour displayed in these fifty-seven drawings. "A Breezy Dip" is full of the dash and movement of the sea, and the drowsy heat of summer on the cliffs is well expressed in "Trespassers." The luminous haze of early morning is happily realised in "Landing Fish," the peace of twilight in "A Water Lane, St. Omer," and the tempered glare of a high sun behind thin clouds in "Glistening Suda and Rocky Cliffs." The small collection of cabinet paintings and drawings at the Woodbury Gallery, though containing no picture of notable distinction, includes a fair number of sufficiently pleasing minor works by deceased and living artists. Among the former are a fresh and briskly executed Muller, "A Breezy Day," a good early Constable, "The Watermill, near Dedham," and a favourable example of Nasmyth, "The Fisherman's Retreat." Among the latter "A Sunny Forenoon" by Martin-Breton is conspicuous for its facility and truth, and "En Route to the Bois de Boulogne," by Carlo Brancaccio, for the audacious freedom of its technique. The same qualities characterise eight other canvases by him, of which "Venice, Sunset," is a bright and invigorating piece of knife-work. Of other foreigners, Boudin, Julien Labrie, and Paul de Lisio are seen to advantage, while the claims of British art are ably supported by Mr. Alexander Young. These, however, find their fullest justification in the quite exceptionally important collection of water-colour drawings by British artists, past and present, garnered by Messrs. Agnew at the Old Bond Street Galleries. So fully represented are the masters of the art that its history might almost be complied from the specimens here exhibited alone. De Wint, William Hunt, Clarkson, Stanfield, Varley, David Cox, Copley Fielding, and a score of other famous names confront one in the catalogue, and all are attached to good, often to unusually good examples of the painter's skill. Such, to select but a tithe, are "Carting Home the Plough" (Cox), "Landscape With Cattle" and "Ullerston Priory" (De Wint), "Lambeth" (Varley), "Cymon and Iphigenia" and "Wild Orchid and Primrose" (W. Hunt), "Coast of Antrim" (Clarkson Stanfield), "Scarborough" and "Road leaving Ireton" (Turner), and "Vale of Neath" (Copley Fielding). Nor are the more recent masters neglected. Always characteristic, and in many cases excellent, works by A. W. Hunt, Burne-Jones, Rossetti, Fred Walker, Pinwell, T. Collier, Wimperis, and many other men of note are here. It is a display that no lover of this truly home-bred branch of art should miss.

"Little Lord Fauntleroy" is announced to appear "for a few special performances" at the Avenue Theatre, "with entire company transferred from Wyndham's Theatre." One may congratulate the company which thoroughly deserves the success it had on Monday. But we cannot congratulate the theatre. Anything more difficult to sit through—and indeed if it had not been for the excellence of the acting and the interest of the play it would not have occurred to an ordinary theatre-goer to sit through it—than the performance given at the Avenue Theatre on Monday it would be difficult to conceive. The thermometer was down to twenty degrees Fahrenheit, or something of the kind, and the theatre is naturally draughty. Yet it was not warmed, so far as it could be ascertained in any manner whatever: there was not even a fire in the foyer nor in any place accessible to the shivering person who sat through three charming acts simply because they were charming yet who devoutly longed for a place where he could dispel the effects—chilling to the faculty of critical appreciation as well to the ordinary human body—of icy breezes blown steadily upon his evening-dressed person for the best part of two hours and a half. It is surely a strange thing or ought to be a strange thing, to see the whole of the "stalls" in a London theatre sitting through a play with overcoats on and collars turned up. Yet that is what happened at the Avenue Theatre, and the management surely ought to realise that it is bad business to compel a would-be appreciative audience to shiver. Why cannot a London theatre manager realise that part of the success of any play he can possibly produce must be regulated by the degrees of comfort he can provide for the spectators of that play? Everybody will not go to see "Little Lord Fauntleroy" so long as in this frosty weather the theatre is a theatre of icebergs. But the play itself is thoroughly well worth seeing. The company "transferred direct from Wyndham's Theatre" act it delightfully. The story of the play is, of course, too wellknown to need description. But although something has been said already as to the excellent acting of the play of Wyndham's matinee company, there still remains something more to be said now that the matinee performances at Wyndham's have been supplemented by evening performances at the Avenue. Neither Miss Marion Terry nor Mr. Will Dennis will object to particular attention being drawn to the work of a younger and smaller actor. Miss Marion Terry's Mrs. Errol—somehow printed Mr Errol on the programme—was quite admirable. But then we knew Miss Marion Terry, and we expected it to be admirable. Miss Terry could not be better. She realises the part exactly. Nor could anyone better fulfil the part of Lord Dorincourt than does Mr. Will Dennis—why, by the way, is he throughout the play consistently referred to as "the Earl"? would talk of the Earl in ordinary life? These as Miss Terry and Mr. Dennis will forgive us for saying, are minor parts. The real success of "Little Lord Fauntleroy" considered as an acted play must turn and does turn on the powers of a child-actor. Master Vyvian Thomas as Lord Fauntleroy—One has to call him Master Thomas, though surely no more hideous or absurd term than "Master" was ever devised as the prefix of a small boy's name—had the failure or the success of the play in his hands. He succeeded wonderfully. If there is one thing that is difficult, it is, and must be, for an ordinary London audience to be convinced by a twelve-year-old boy. The child-actor who took the part of Lord Fauntleroy did succeed in convincing his audience. Nobody would wonder if a girl had convinced an audience: we may hope, perhaps, that as successful a future as an actor awaits "Master" Vyvian Thomas as once awaited Miss Marie Wilton.

The Prince of Wales will on Monday afternoon pay his first official visit to the Royal College of Music since he succeeded the King as President of the institution, and his Royal Highness will be accompanied by the Princess. The Royal party will arrive about half-past three, and will be entertained by the students at a performance limited to an hour, given in the new concert room, which was opened last year by the Duke of Cambridge. The programme, besides other things, will comprise English works by Sullivan, Elgar, and Pearsall, while Sir Hubert Parry, the director (and the munificent donor of the concert organ), will "by command," be represented by his Ode "To Music," written for the inauguration ceremony last year. Dr. Elgar, will be asked to compose a Coronation Ode, which will, it is hoped, be heard for the first time at the State performance contemplated at Covent Garden during the Coronation week, the solo being undertaken by Madame Melba. Although no official intimation has yet been received, there is a report that for the decoration of the Opera House on that occasion the King is in favour of artificial rather than real flowers. The guest will probably prove a true one, for at the last "gala" some of the singers complained that the scent of so many natural flowers affected their voices, and as it was necessary to postpone the decorations till the very last minute, the workwomen were scarcely out of the place before the company arrived. But there will be plenty of real and rare flowers carried by the ladies in boxes and stalls. Mr. Maurice Grau who last week celebrated his thirtieth anniversary as manager (a Rubinstein tour was his first essay), has settled the details of his "gala" performance at the Metropolitan Opera House in honour of Prince Henry next Tuesday. Boxes will be £50, stalls £6, and standing room (the lowest price) £1 a head. The decoration of the house with American beauty roses and Florida smilax will cost about £4,000. The programme will comprise the first act of "Lohengrin" second of "Carmen," third of "Aida," second of "Tannhauser," first of "Traviata," and the third scene of "Le Cid," and the representation is expected to last from eight p.m, till about half past one on the following morning. Happy orchestra? The cost of the performance including artists and decorations, is estimated at £16,000.

There was so much that was tawdry and unreal and overloaded with sentimentality in "Memory's Garden" that it might be easy to forget that in one scene there was a sense of humanity for which one might look in vain in plays which are better written than this and more successful than this is likely to be. There was so much that was false that it might be easy to forget that there was something that was genuinely true. But in Messrs. Albert Chevalier and Tom Gallon's second act was a scene between a ruined girl and the father of her betrayer, and another between a father and son both of which conveyed an impression, very rare in the theatre, of the naked reality of human passions in conflict. It did not last very long. Before it, and after it, and all around it, was an excess of melodrama and an excess of sentiment, and a lack of emotional reticence which did much to obscure its genuineness. Even while it lasted, it was over emphasised. Everything was underscored twice too heavily, and said twice too often. But there was something which rang true, and that is uncommon enough in theatrical writing not to be allowed to pass without notice. The story of the play turns upon the relations of George Cartwright, the darling son of an old clergyman, with a village girl, who had been his boyhood's companion. He loves and rides away, returning to find that a child has been born, and that another playmate, later his servant, has taken upon himself the wrong that was not his, and is ready to marry the mother and confess himself the father of the child. In the best-written scene of the play the girl tells the old clergyman that she will not enter into this marriage, and, while refusing to give the real name of her betrayer, tells him enough for him to guess that it is his own son. Then there is a scene, in which the father tries to persuade the son to do his duty, and confesses that he is himself the author of such a wrong so tardily repaired, and that he, the son, is the fruit of that wrong. There are possibilities of drama in this situation which are scarcely more than suggested in its treatment—the force of the son's anger at his father's confession being in itself a revelation of the depth of his own wrong. But so far as it goes the scene is handled with a genuine feelling for human nature, and it is genuinely impressive. But if certain scenes of the second act contained merits which should not be overlooked, the whole of the rest of the play was on a level to make one wish it forgotten as quickly as possible. Pathos in carol singers and frosty moonlight. Sentiment in an elaborately ponderous allegory around the broken legs of a sugar Cupid from a Christmas tree. Comedy in a wearisome blindman with a dog who talks about his good fortune in not having married. Rustic life, in villagers and chidren with spotless clean print frocks and sun bonnets, who appear against an impossible background of Christmas card laburnum trees and pelt the Queen of the May with red roses (which they are fortunate enough to have in some profusion at that season of the year). All the paraphernalia of the crudest melodrama are trotted out, all its absurd unrealities. The acting was remarkable chiefly for a charming performance of the betrayed Jessie Ferbridge by Miss Norah Lancaster. Although her acting showed inexperience, it also showed quite exceptional talent and charm. Mr. Mackintosh made the most of his picturesque manner and incisive voice as the old clergyman, and was impressive in spite of a distressing tendency to overact. Mr. Bassett Roe was vigorous and rather dignified as Dick Miller, the ruined girl's faithful protector, and Miss Carlotta Addison and Mr. Denis Eadie were valuable in smaller parts.

SOLICITORS' EXAMINATION.

THE following articled clerks have applied to the Prothonotary of the High Court for admission to the examination for the office of solicitor of the High Court, which commences at an early date:—1. Messrs. Framjee Shapurjee Mehta, articled clerk to Messrs. Little and Co. 2. Manockjee Pestonjee Billimoria, articled clerk to Messrs. Edgelow, Gulabchand, and Wadia. 3. Cowasjee Jamsetjee Billimoria, articled clerk to Messrs. Framjee and Dinshaw. 4. Hormusjee Dadabhoy Shroff, articled clerk to Messrs. Wadia and Ghandi. 5. Jehangir Perozshah Mehta, articled clerk to Messrs. Crawford, Brown, and Co. 6. Chandulal Vajubhai Dewan, articled clerk to Messrs. Ardasir, Hormasjee, Dinshaw and Co. 7. Raghunandan Nanu Kothare, articled clerk to Messrs. Nanu and Hormusjee. 8. Dharamsey J. Thakore, articled clerk to Messrs. Craigie, Lynch and Owen. 9. Jamasjee Perozjee Dastur, articled clerk to Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga, and Girdharlal. 10. Pandurang Shamrao Laud, articled clerk to Messrs. Smetham, Bland, and Noble. 11. Devidas Motiram, articled clerk to Messrs. Matubhai, Jamietram and Madon. 12. Shavakshah Byramjee Ardesir Nariman, articled clerk to Messrs. Ardasir, Hormusjee, Dinshaw and Co. 13. Muncherahah Bomanjee Chothia, articled clerk to Messrs. Ardasir, Hormusjee, Dinshaw and Company. 14 Gulabhai Vasonjee Desai, articled clerk to Mr. Muljee R. Barbhaya. 15. Sunderdas Narandas, articled clerk to Messrs. Dikshit and Daunjishah. The date for the examination will be fixed hereafter.

NOTES FROM AURANGABAD.

OUR correspondent, writing on Sunday, says:—Following in the wake of Colonel R. A. Gilchrist, Colonel H. M. Mason, the local Station Commandant and Senior Colonel of the Hyderabad Contingent, having been appointed to the Command of the Bellary District, received a splendid sending off yesterday, when departing for his new post. He was escorted to the Railway Station by the whole of the officers of the Garrison in full uniform accompanied by their better halves, all the Native Commissioned Officers of the Infantry and almost the whole rank and file of his own Regiment, the 4th Lancers H. C. The procession was preceded by the Band of the 3rd Infantry H. C. The Railway Station was crowded with the Military element and there was scarcely elbow room for any one else. As the train steamed into the Station, there was general commotion, every one trying to shake hands with the gallant Colonel who seemed much affected by this spontaneous show of affection and regard. The scene was most impressive and one ever to be remembered. Colonel Mason shook hands with as many as he possibly could and entered his carriage when the train steamed off. Colonel Mason has only been here for about 18 months, but by his suave and urbane manner he gained the approbation and goodwill of all those with whom he came in contact. He carries away with him the best wishes of all and that he may long live to enjoy his new honors is the universal wish. Since his departure Colonel D. W. Pendon, Commanding 3rd Infantry H. C., has assumed Command of the Station, while Major R. Wapshare has taken over charge of the Lancers.

Owing to the construction of buildings in connection with the new Railway Station of the recently constructed H. G. V. R. which is in close proximity to the Lancers Parade Ground, the Military authorities are endeavouring to obtain possession of the hamlets of Puddampura and Kuranpura so as to extend their parade ground. These hamlets have belonged to the Rajas of Bikanir for 300 years. There is an ancient temple dedicated to Balajee, which is held in great veneration. The inhabitants are greatly concerned at this innovation as some of them have occupied the land for generations past and have erected substantial buildings thereon, and there is no other available spot for them to establish themselves anew. The Naib in charge of the hamlets has gone to Bikanir to consult the Raja on the subject.

The advent of the railway has given a great fillip to the local trade, and although the goods clerks are kept hammer and tongs at their work, they find it difficult to clear the sheds in time. Every Station has its own feeder lines of road to the interior of the District and each supplies its own quota of trade. But a little more vigilance is greatly needed on the part of the Police, for robberies are rife everywhere. In most of those which have been detected, the Police themselves were incriminated and the crimes having been brought home to them, many of them were sentenced to rigorous imprisonment with hard labour. These men had been mainly recruited from the pensioners of the Hyderabad Contingent, but they having proved themselves unworthy of the trust reposed in them, Mr. Crawford the Railway Superintendent, has decided to infuse fresh blood into his force by recruiting from outside. This is a wise measure and calculated to do much good in the near future.

A collision occurred between two trains here the day before yesterday. A Goods Train was in the yard shunting and its engine was taking in water. Another Goods Train came down the decline, and though the brakes were put, it dashed into the standing train. The engine was seriously damaged and two wagons smashed to atoms, but fortunately no lives were lost. Telegrams were sent immediately to all concerned, and the authorities came down to make enquiries which Mr. F. C. Crawford Railway Superintendent and Magistrate, is at present conducting.

The hot weather has now set in with severity, but how it is to end no one can prophecy. I previously informed you that there was apprehension of a drought, and it has only come too true. Scarcely has the cold season ceased; when stringent orders have been issued to restrict the supply of water for only a few hours morning and evening every day. The taps being limited in number, crowds gather there and day and night quarrels take place between the parties for priority. Every attempt was made last year to supplement the meagre water supply by sinking and deepening and clearing wells, but with no adequate result. The same is to be attempted now, and the result is awaited with grave anxiety.

A curious case of fatal joking was brought before the Divisional Sessions Judge two days ago, when it transpired that two brothers entered a jowari field in a village of the Vyzapur Talook to eat some raw corn. A scuffle ensued between them and the keeper when the latter throwing his opponent on the ground tied a string around his neck to make believe to strangle him. Unhappily the poor boy was suffocated and before any help could be given to him he was lifeless. The Mir Adul (Divisional Judge) sentenced the accused to imprisonment for life. Both were nearly of the same age, viz, about 17 years.

One of the standards in commercial circles has passed away in the person of Ootamchand, son of Ruttonchand, the eminent local banker.

A curious case of attempted murder is at present engaging the attention of the Moglai authorities in the City. An Agent of the late Ootamchand Ruttonchand's firm was found with his throat cut in his house in the city at noon. He was immediately removed to the Hospital, where he lies in a precarious state. He gives the names of two prominent men as the perpetrators of the deed, and both are under arrest, undergoing their trial. But the curious point is that one of the suspects is a resident of the Cantonment and the British authorities refuse to hand him over till his guilt has been finally established. Mr. A. C. Hankin, C.I.E., Inspector General of H. H. the Nizam's Police, has come down to watch the case on behalf of the Police, and to demand his extradition. Such a cause celebre has never been heard of here before, and the greatest excitement prevails among the Marwari community, both high and low, whose staple item of conversation it has now become. The progress of the case is being watched with the keenest interest by all classes. The trying Judge is Mr. Syed Hussein Bilgrami, B.A., B.L., First Class Talookdar, Aurangabad, whose court is crowded to overflowing daily.

At no time in the memory of the oldest inhabitants has the rate of exchange between Halli Sicca and Government coin been reduced so low as at present. During the late famine the rate was 27 per cent. per 100 Government Rupees, but now it has dwindled to 9 per cent. which has paralysed traders, farmers and ryots alike. Hally Siccas are in very great demand just now as the Jummabundi will commence very shortly and farmers will have to pay in their land revenue demands, but the essential coin is not to be had, nor can it be procured from any other State. Trade is almost at a standstill and ruin stares the farmers in the face. The principal staples exported to Bombay are cotton and linseed, but they are paid for in Government (British) coin, so that the burden of loss must fall on the poor cultivators. The only remedy appears to be the reopening of the mint by the Nizam's Government and the purchasing by it of all available Government Rupees.

This morning, while some women were digging for white earth to clear their houses in a cave, the upper portion fell in burying one poor woman in the debris. She was extricated with much difficulty and conveyed to the Hospital where it was ascertained she had received several severe injuries in addition to her leg being fractured. Tetanus has supervened and she is not expected to recover.

ALLEGED CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

CHARGES AGAINST BROKERS.

AT the Esplanade Police Court yesterday Mr. Karsandas Chabildas, the Third Presidency Magistrate, heard the case in which Bai Revabai, wife of one Motichand Hirachand, charged Gabroochand Vestachand and Bapalal Gordhan, both brokers, with criminal breach of trust in respect of ornaments worth Rs. 2,250 and abetment of the same. Mr. S. B. Spenser, pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. De Souza, pleader, defended both the accused.

The story of the complainant was that she wanted to sell some ornaments as she was in need of money. She told this to one Nemchand Hemchand, a broker, who introduced her to one Khimji Mawji, also a broker. Khimji Mawji did not buy the ornaments. She was then introduced to both the accused by the same Nemchand on the 22nd January 1901. Both the accused came to her and wanted to take away the gold and pearl ornaments for approval. Then Nemchand Hemchand drew up a list of the ornaments and got the signature of the 1st accused on the "Jangad Chithy." Both the accused then left with the ornaments promising to return within five or six days. A full week passed away and no one came. She then asked Nemchand to make inquiries. Upon inquiry it was found that No. 1 had left for Patan, while the second accused used to put Nemchand off. Some time after the broker Khimji Mawji came back and informed her that her "Vali" was with a merchant Rattanlal Ranglidas. With a pretext of buying the same the complainant went to Rattanlal and made sure that the "Vali" was hers.

The defence was that the allegations made against both the accused were untrue. Not only were they not entrusted with the ornaments, but they had no acquaintance with complainant whatever. Neither had the first accused given his signature on the "Jangad Chithi" nor had any one of the accused pledged the pearl Vali with Rattanlal. The complainant was instigated by persons who were inimical to them both to file a suit against them. Evidence for the defence was taken and the Court adjourned.

THE GOCULDAS TEJPAL CHARITIES.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES,

ADDRESS BY THE GOVERNOR.

AT the Goculdas Tejpal Boarding School Buildings, Gowalia Tank Road, yesterday afternoon, the distribution of prizes gained in connection with the Goculdas Tejpal Charities Schools for Boys was held. His Excellency Lord Northcote, Governor of Bombay, attended and distributed the prizes. Accompanying him was Mr. Du Boulay, his Private Secretary.

WELCOME TO LORD NORTHCOTE.

The proceedings opened with an address of welcome to His Excellency delivered by Mr. Goverdhandas Goculdas Tejpal, who said: Your Excellency, Ladies and Gentlemen,—It gives me great pleasure to heartily welcome your Excellency and express, for myself and on behalf of the Managing Committee, our sincere thanks for the kindness, with which your Excellency consented to do us the honor of presiding at to-day's prize distribution ceremony. We all know how busy your Excellency is. The Governorship of an Indian Province can never be a bed of roses, and trying must be the due discharge of the arduous duties, attached to the august office. Your Excellency holds—and holds with such credit to yourself and with beneficial results to the people, over whose destinies your Excellency so worthily preside.

This is hardly the occasion to review your Excellency's success for administration, or to recount at length the inestimable qualities of the head and the heart, of which unmistakeable evidence has been so often given during the three years your Excellency has been amongst us, but I cannot let this occasion pass without referring to them. Suffice it to say that the conscientious and thorough impartiality which have marked the general policy and the living interest and undying sympathy for the classes as well as the masses which has characterized every measure of your Excellency's eventful administration have won the grateful admiration of your subjects, and made your Excellency's name a household word throughout the Presidency. But what has touched most the grateful Indian heart is the perennial spring of private charity, which has so copiously flowed from Government House, and in regard to which Lady Northcote has proved so worthy a spouse of so generous a friend of the poor and distressed. Your Excellency's presence here, to-day, is one more illustration of the readiness with which your Excellency is so anxious to give the weight and dignity of your support and approval to all movements, calculated to further the social or moral well-being of the people. I will not take up your Excellency's time by going into details of the nature of the various institutions we maintain. The report of our Secretary will show how and with what splendid results they are worked. I will only content myself with expressing my best personal thanks to the gentlemen of the General and the Managing Committees, and especially to our Chairman, Mr. Bhaishanker Nanabhai for the abiding interest they take in the administration of the Charities, and the manner in which they do their best to carry out the benevolent intention of the donor, I may take this opportunity of expressing how deeply we felt the irreparable loss we sustained by the deaths of the Honourable Mr. Justice M. G. Ranade and Mr. Lakhmidas Khimji, both of whom were members of our Managing Committee, and always took a deep interest in the affairs of the Charities. In conclusion, I again thank your Excellency for your kindness in gracing this occasion, and you, ladies and gentlemen, for your responding to our invitations.

THE REPORT.

Mr. J. M. Gandhy, then presented the report which read as follows:—

The schools represent the four boys schools, which, along with a number of other institutions, the Goculdas Tejpal Charities maintain in Bombay. These are the High School, the Anglo-Vernacular School, the Seminary and the Sanskrit Pathshala or College. At the end of the last year there were, in all, 781 students receiving education in these four schools. The number used to be much larger before the plague appeared. We had close upon a thousand boys at the end of 1896. The numerical strength of the schools has, however, begun to show distinct signs of improvement, and every care is taken, by scrupulous cleanliness and otherwise, to keep the school premises above suspicion, so as to induce as large an attendance as possible, even when the plague epidemic is at its height. The average attendance during the last year was 693, i. e., more than 88·5 per cent. of those on the rolls. The High School is a school of established reputation, located in a spacious building of its own in Agiary Lane, and is under the management of Mr. D. G. Padhye, M. A., who is a Fellow of the local University. It was developed out of our A. V. School and began to regularly send up its students for the Matriculation from the year 1895. It has sent, since then, 175 students for the examination; and 79 out of them came out successful.

The Anglo-Vernacular School is an old and popular institution founded by the generous donor in his life time. It teaches the first three A. V. Standards. There were 223 boys on the rolls at the end of last year. It was examined in October last by two graduates, chosen by the Committee, the result of the examination showing a percentage of 72 of those who passed under all heads. This school too has its Gymnastic and Drawing classes, and has an unbroken record of success under the guidance of its veteran Head Master, Mr. Maneksha Byramji, who, in his time, won distinction as a servant of Government in the Educational Department. The Seminary in Mandvi is a still older institution, having been opened in 1855. It teaches from the Gujarathi Alpha Beta to the 3rd A. V. Standard. At the beginning of the current year, it had 294 boys on the rolls. It passed at the annual examination 134 out of 224 boys submitted, showing how well their duties had been performed by Mr. Motiram Trikumdas, Head Master and his assistants. The Sanskrit Pathshala or College, located with the G. T. Boarding institution in these very buildings, is conducted on lines similar to those of the Sanskrit College at Benares, though on a more modest scale. The subjects taught are Kavya or Literature, Vyakaran or Grammar and Jyotish or Astrology. This College meets specially the needs of poor Brahmin students from the mofussil. Not only is the instruction free, but each student receives a scholarship, ranging from Rs. 1 to Rs. 5, according to merit. The average number on the rolls was, last year, 50. The annual examination was held by Professor S. R. Bhandarkar of Elphinstone College and Shastri Jivram Lalluram, who declared themselves satisfied with the progress of the students. As to the more prominent of the other institutions, maintained by the Charities, in and out of Bombay, our Boarding Institution, under the control of Mr. K. M. Gandi, B. A., LL. B., deserves first mention. Selected students of promise get free board, books, fees, &c., and lodge here till they take their degree. This institution was opened in 1885, since which date it has thus assisted one hundred and fifty students, out of whom fifty-two graduated in Arts, one in Medicine; and sixty nine passed one or more of our lower University examinations, and there are twenty eight still receiving the benefits of the institution. A small number of paying boarders is also admitted. Twelve such boarders are maintained by the Trustees of the Khatay Makanji Trust Fund. The total expenses of the Institution, last year, amounted to nearly nine thousand Rupees. Next comes our Law and Medical Fund, from which substantial help is given to students studying for higher examinations in Law and Medicine. The Charities have thus helped a large number of students, out of whom, one passed the Indian Medical Service examination, one got an European diploma in Medicine, one Bhatia lady became a trained nurse, sixteen took the L. M. & S. degree, and nine passed lower University examinations. In Law, the Charities have helped one gentleman to become a Barrister-at-law, two to become Solicitors, eight to get their LL. B. degree, and seven to pass the 1st LL. B. The Charities maintain a thriving Girls' School, located in a newly bought building of its own in Fort. It is intended for Hindu girls and is under the management of Bai Aimai assisted by four lady teachers. It had two hundred and twenty five girls, on its rolls, last year. The school teaches up to the seventh vernacular standard, paying due attention to music and needle work. The Charities maintain in Cutch, the native place of the generous donor, one Anglo-Vernacular School, teaching up to the Vth standard, and four Vernacular Schools, teaching up to the VIth standard. Last year, there were eighty boys on the rolls of the first, and close upon four hundred on the rolls of the last mentioned of these institutions.

Subsequently a pleasing programme consisting of recitations and songs was submitted by the children and afterwads His Excellency distributed the prizes.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR.

Addressing the assembly His Excellency said:—Ladies and gentlemen,—It is almost invariably a great pleasure to me to take part in any such function as the present one, since I find a most hearty rivalry existing in nearly every school I visit—and it is pleasant to notice that that spirit of emulation is not confined exclusively to mental, but is, to an increasing degree, noticeable in physical competitions. Not that I mean to suggest that there does not remain much to be done for education in India by Government, by public bodies, and by private individuals. So far as the first body is concerned, we have ground for hoping that our hands will not much longer be entirely crippled by the financial paralysis which the exigencies of plague and famine have for so many years imposed upon this Presidency; and we trust that anything we may be able to do to keep education will be seconded to the best of their abilities by the other two classes I have referred to. I observe with pleasure in this country, especially in such schools as the Goculdas Tejpal, which have been established by private charity and munificence, the keen desire of students and teachers alike to make the best use of the advantages they enjoy. It has often struck me when visiting schools in Bombay that although a proportion of boys and girls are pointed out to me as dull students, I seldom or never hear of their unduly neglecting study for sports, as is too often the case in England. (Applause.) It is an encouraging sign to find that the great majority of pupils realize that such institutions as the Gocuidas Tejpal schools were meant by their generous founders to be intellectual armouries from whence mental weapons should be drawn to equip the youth or girl for the battle of life; and that full advantage is being taken by them of this munificent provision. This real educational zeal is clearly shown in the case of these particular schools by the manner in which the number of the students has been maintained notwithstanding the plague panic. Considering how natural and how wide-spread that panic was, the managers of the schools are to be most cordially congratulated on the comparatively small diminution in the number of their students. Your report to-day shows most satisfactory results from the examination point of view; and I am glad to take this opportunity to thank the High School collectively on behalf of the Bombay Government for the very great public spirit they showed and the valuable aid they rendered in the taking of the Census last year. Mr. Padbye and those who helped him have every reason to be proud of the good work they then performed. You refer in your report to some of the other Institutions maintained by the Gocuidas Tejpal charities which Institutions are not, I understand, represented here to-day amongst the prize winners. But it is satisfactory to learn how successfully they continue to fulfil their beneficent objects; and particularly to hear of the flourishing condition of your Girls' School since every mind that can truly call itself progressive must desire to see the blot of female ignorance effaced from India's scutcheon. (Applause.) There is nothing now left for me to say with regard to these charities as a whole. They will always remain as a splendid memorial of the founder's benevolence, and we must all earnestly hope the example he set to his generation may stimulate to like exertions many other public spirited citizens of this Presidency. In conclusion, I have only to thank you for the warm welcome you have extended to me, and to wish every prosperity to this institution. (Applause).

In proposing a vote of thanks to His Excellency the Governor Mr. Bhaishankar Nanabhai, chairman of the Managing Committee said.—Ladies and Gentlemen,—I beg to propose a cordial vote of thanks to our esteemed and popular Governor for so kindly honouring us with his presence this evening and distributing the prizes, and I am sure you will pass it with acclamation. The lucky recipients of the prizes will long remember this day with pleasure and they and the other students will be encouraged in their studies by the thought of receiving prizes at the hands of such an illustrious Statesman and warm and sympathetic friend of education. You all know that there has scarcely been a single educational gathering of any importance during His Excellency's term of office which His Excellency has not gladly attended, and in which he has not taken great interest while his sympathy for the distress and suffering of the country during the unfortunate years we have passed through has been manifested in a very substantial and generous manner for which we are all deeply grateful to him. Our warm acknowledgments are no less due to his illustrious consort who has also evinced the keenest interest in the welfare of the people, and to whose earnest effort the great success of her latest philanthropic movement the Fancy Fete just over is so largely due. We are also grateful to Her Excellency for kindly visiting our school the other day and interesting herself in its work.

THE VOTE WAS CARRIED WITH ACCLAMATION.

Responding His Excellency said he was emboldened by their kindness to ask that a holiday be given to the children to remind them of his visit.

This request was received with cheers and the proceedings terminated.

THE FAMINE.

BOMBAY RELIEF MEASURES.

DURING the week ending the 1st instant the prices of the staple food-grains rose in Ahmedabad, Broach Sholapur, Ahmednagar, Khandesh, Bijapur and Dharwar; elsewhere they fell.

The numbers relieved are compared below with those of the preceding week:—

	Preceding week.	Week under report.
Workers	177,460	190,877
Dependants	8,889	8,994
Gratuitously relieved in poor-houses and villages	37,577	32,279
Total	223,926	232,120

The numbers on relief works, including dependants, have decreased in Bijapur by 391, in Khandesh by 29 and in Belgaum by 14; while they have increased in the other districts as follows:—Panch Mahals 5,858, Kaira 3,818, Ahmedabad 2,102, Broach 1,082, Surat 594, Sholapur 273, Ahmednagar 229.

The numbers in receipt of gratuitous relief have increased in all districts except Ahmedabad and Ahmednagar, where they have decreased by 7,201 and 167, respectively. The following relief works were opened during the week:—

Ahmedabad.—Providing ten years' supply of metal for Taloda-Modasa Road.

Broach.—Deepening the village tank of Tantrav. Three small works under Civil Agency were opened in the Panch Mahals and two large works were closed in Ahmedabad during the week.

An allotment of Rs. 3,000 has been sanctioned for the improvement of water-supply in the Ahmednagar District.

FAMINE RELIEF MEASURES.

The number of persons in receipt of relief during the preceding and present weeks in each province is shown in the following table:—

Name of Province.	Preceding week. Revised figures.		
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.
British Provinces.			
Bombay and Sindh	181433	37550	218983
Punjab	......	2008	2668
Ajmer-Merwara	6163	1034	7197
Total British Provinces	187596	41252	128848
Native States.			
Rajputana States	19682	4308	20990
Central India States	30614	499	31113
Baroda	23713	12279	35992
Bombay Native States	33825	4 99	38724
Total Native States	107837	21985	129819
Grand Total	295430	63237	358667

Name of Province.	Present Week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief.	Total.	
British Provinces.				
Bombay and Sindh	195697	32768	227965	+8982
Punjab	——	2587	2587	—81
Ajmer-Merwara	7822	724	8546	+1349
Total British Provinces	203519	35579	239098	+10250
Native States.				
Rajputana States	22703	3624	26327	+2337
Central India States	27994	432	28426	—2687
Baroda	24338	12726	37064	+1072
Bombay Native States	32790	5312	38102	—622
Total Native States	107825	22094	129919	+100
Grand Total	311344	57673	369017	+10350

BOMBAY ENGLISH SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Your correspondent D. S. M. does not appear to understand the first principles of debate. To all his opponents' arguments he has replied by reiterating the fact of his 20 years' experience, some feeble attempts at facetiousness. He talks of English not being the be all and end all of education. Now who said it was, and what has it to do with the point at issue, viz., the fitness or otherwise of foreigners as English teachers. Unless my facetious opponent can give the public the benefit of those 20 years of his unique experience in some practical shape, his iteration and reiteration of the fact, unbacked as it is by argument, is to no purpose. I would beg of him to keep to the point at issue and not to get involved in the bewildering meshes of his verbosity.—Yours, &c.,

PONS ASINORUM.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

A SPECIAL meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay was held yesterday afternoon, Mr. S. Rebsch, presiding. There were present Brigadier General Ventris, Mr. D. W. Shepperd, Mr. F. Macrae, Mr. Sassoon J. David, Mr. D. E. Wacha, Dr. A. G. Viegas, Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Mr. E. Gray, the Hon. Mr. W. C. Hughes, Major H. C. Meyer and Mr. H. C. Armstrong.

COLABA RECLAMATION SCHEME.

The Board considered the Colaba Reclamation Scheme.

The Chairman proposed that the Reclamation Scheme together with the representation made by the Corporation, be submitted to Government for sanction.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola said that he supported the scheme both at the meeting of the Board and of the Corporation, because he thought that their resources should be increased and that the income which they derived would go towards the relief of the burden that would ultimately fall on the Corporation. Government had handed over to the Trust a large area of vacant lands at moderate rates, which were leased by them and from which they derived high rates and a rate of interest, which formed one of the items of their revenue. He did not refer to the Municipal lands because they had not so far succeeded in leasing much of them. Their second source of revenue was the two per cent, which the Corporation was bound to pay. Their third source of income was the reclamation scheme. But under the Act the ultimate liability in regard to their loans, which practically meant their expenditure, lay on the Corporation under the guarantee clause, and therefore if they made any income out of the reclamation schemes, it was to relieve the Corporation to that extent. As under the Act the city was represented by the Corporation, he asked if it would be wise on their part to proceed with the scheme at present as to give the Corporation an intimation that if they did not want them to develop their resources, and as they were, a body ultimately responsible under the guarantee clause, the scheme had better be postponed. He therefore moved an amendment that the question be postponed for eight months, and the matter might then be referred to the Corporation to see whether they would not under the then existing circumstances, accept their intention of relieving them of a portion of their liability and that after the expiration of that period the scheme might be re-submitted to the Corporation for re-consideration.

The chairman said that Mr. Ibrahim seemed to have forgotten that the Board was permitted to undertake some seven schemes involving a very large amount. In view of the development of their resources, he was against the postponement of the scheme. It was necessary for them, if they wanted to maintain a regular scale of operations in the future, that they should be ready with an income on which they could borrow money to carry out those schemes.

The Hon. Mr. Ibrahim said that they were not restricted in their borrowing power to their income. In case they were unable to meet the interest and the sinking fund charges on their loans, the Corporation was to find the money.

The Hon. Sir Bhalchandra said that there was no likelihood of the Corporation re-considering the matter. He did not think that during the next eight months there would be such a change in the personnel of the Corporation as to induce them to change their opinion. He did not think anything would be gained by postponing the scheme.

Dr. Viegas was opposed to the postponement of the scheme.

Mr. Wacha in opposing the scheme said that the Corporation were of opinion that the scheme should at present be postponed sine die, and that in the meantime other schemes might be taken in hand in order to improve the insanitary slums of the city.

Mr. Ibrahim's amendment was put to the vote and negatived.

Mr. Wacha moved another amendment to the effect that the scheme be postponed sine die. This was also rejected.

The original proposition was adopted by a large majority.

AGRIPADA ESTATE.

The Board accepted the application from Ba Mithibai Mugaseth for the lease of plots Nos. 7 and 8 Agripada Estate.

PLOT BEHIND FRERE FLETCHER SCHOOL.

The Trustees considered an application from Messrs Sitaram and Mirza for the lease of the small triangular plot at the back of the Frere Fletcher School for building purposes.

It was resolved that the Trustees were not prepared to accept any application for that piece of land at present.

MAHALUXIMEE RACE COURSE.

The Board considered a letter from the Honorary Secretary, Western India Turf Club, requesting permission for the extension of the Grand Stand and laying of a fresh track.

The Trustees granted the application, subject to the terms of their sufferance.

HORNBY ROAD ESTATE.

The Board refused the application from Mr. R. D. Tata for the lease of plot No. 70 on Hornby Road at a reduced rate of rent. Mr. Tata stated that he *wished to erect only a one storeyed building on the* plot in order to secure light and air for the buildings erected by him on the neighbouring plots.

After transacting some other business, the Board adjourned.

PRESIDENCY PLAGUE RETURNS.

THE cases of plague and deaths therefrom reported to Government during the week ending February 21st, were as follows:—

Cities.	Cases.	Deaths.
Bombay	877	701
Karachi	54	47
Poona (including Cantonment).	95	89
Districts.		
Panch Mahals	2	0
Kaira	594	343
Broach	184	136
Surat	108	85
Thana	60	45
Khandesh	1,087	800
Nasik	83	57
Poona (excluding City)	187	105
Satara	749	502
Sholapur	290	223
Ahmednagar	2	2
Kolaba	11	11
Ratnagiri	16	14
Belgaum	835	657
Bijapur	8	4
Dharwar	1,009	691
Political Agencies.		
Kanara	5	7
Hyderabad (Sind)	38	32
Shikarpur	4	1
Kathiawar	27	19
Kolhapur	637	400
Cutch	68	51
Rewa Kantha	153	109
Baroda territory	242	151
Sachin	10	4
Janjira	42	33
Aundh	5	3
Savanur	39	34
Total...	7,512	5,366
Week ending February 14th ...	5,881	4,406
Total to date	676,345	517,851

Ahmedabad, Karachi, (excluding City) Upper Sind Frontier, Thar and Parkar, Mahi Kantha, Palanpur, Savantwadi, Dharampur, Akalkot and Bhor were free during the week.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m., yesterday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern Fort Southern and Esplanade	4	3	8
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	32	14	29
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Khumbharwada	45	24	52
D Khetwady, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalakshmi	24	11	25
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	80	29	62
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	22	9	17
G Mahim and Worli	21	10	23
Water Division	0	0	1
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	22	31
Total	228	122	248
Total plague deaths to date	107,726	93,177	
Same date last year	131	174	338

MORTALITY OF THE WEEK.

The total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending yesterday was 1790 as against 1739 during the previous week. Of the total number 893 died of plague which showed an increase of 36 over the preceding week. The total mortality of the corresponding period of the last year was 2490 which included 1196 deaths from plague.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

WINTER OILSEEDS.

THE second general memorandum on the winter oilseeds crop of the season 1901-02 is as under:—

The accounts of these crops are uniformly unfavourable, the failure of the winter rains having induced a condition of drought which restricted sowings and afterwards injuriously affected the growing crop. In the Panjab and the Frontier Province the crop of rapeseed on unirrigated land will perhaps hardly yield a harvest, and about four-fifths of the crop is grown on such land. In Sind also the crop is not good. In the North-Western Provinces and Oudh, and in Bengal and Madras, conditions are better and a fairly good crop in anticipated. But in the Central Provinces, Bombay, Berar, and the Nizam's territory the drought, rats, and insects have combined to reduce the yield to a level very much below the average.

The reports from the provinces are summarised below: In the Panjab in the first forecast the area under rapeseed sown up to the end of November was estimated to be 814,700 acres, or 47 per cent. less than the area entered in the preceding year's final report. It is now estimated that only 790,100 acres are under the crop and seeing that there has been no rain since the crop was sown, and 78 per cent. of it is on unirrigated land, prospects are gloomy.

In the North-West Frontier Province the area is now estimated at 106,900 acres. Prospects are reported to be very bad owing to the continued drought, and unless rain falls within a week or so the yield will be very small, the crop being almost entirely dependent on rain.

In the North-Western Provinces, and Oudh, the season has been unusually dry and growth has been retarded where the supply of moisture was insufficient. The light rain which fell towards the close of December and the beginning on January, was of benefit to the rapeseed and linseed crops, which were badly in need of rain. The crops have generally escaped from fungoid disease, but rapeseed is reported to have been somewhat injured from frost in places. Harvesting has now commenced: in the Meerut and Agra divisions, where rain was scanty from the beginning, but where oilseeds are not largely grown, the yield is not expected to exceed 75 per cent. of the normal. In the other divisions the crops are comparatively better, being about 90 per cent. in Allahabad and 80 per cent elsewhere.

In Bengal there was no rain in December and January, and all the rabi crops have suffered severely in consequence. The normal area under oilseeds is estimated at 4,162,000 acres, but the area actually sown this year is returned at only 3,805,500 acres, against 3,872,700 acres last year, the decrease being due to drought in the sowing season. The yield will amount, according to the estimates of the district officers, to 78 per cent. of a normal crop, and this figure may be taken as correct. If, however, general rain should fall before the middle of March, it is probable that an 80 per cent. crop will be harvested. The area, and the proportion of the estimated yield to the normal, are:

Linseed	781,100 acres	68 per cent.	
Rapeseed and mustard	1,985,700	„	81 „
Til Rabi	295,700	„	85 „
Til Bhadoi	89,500	„	82 „
Others	675,500	„	70 „
Total	3,805,500	„	78 „

In the Central Provinces the season has been abnormally dry. Rain in October was confined to a few more or less local showers, and there was none in November and December. In the first half of January some showers fell in the north of the province, the Narbada Valley, and the plateau districts, which improved prospects. Germination was generally unsatisfactory owing to the dryness of the soil. The hot dry weather which generally prevailed was adverse to the young plants, and insects did much injury. The area sown is estimated to be about 548,000 acres or 11 per cent more than that sown last year, land in which earlier crops had failed being subsequently sown with linseed, but it is 44 per cent. below the average. The district figures indicate a yield for the province of only 54 per cent of the normal.

In Bombay the area under linseed in Gujarat is estimated at 1,600 acres, or 63 per cent. below the average. Sowing rains were deficient. The crop is suffering from absence of moisture and injury by rats. In the Deccan the area is 102,000 acres, which is 23 per cent. over last year's, but per 44 cent. under the average. The crop has suffered from want of moisture. Rats have also injured it in most places in Khandesh. In the Karnatak the area is 37,000 acres, or 26 and 59 per cent under last year's area and the average respectively. The decrease is due to deficiency of sowing rains. The crop has almost withered in Bijapur and parts of Belgaum and Dharwar. Injury from insects has also been reported from places.

In Gujarat the area under rapeseed is only 500 acres, or a seventh of the average. In the Gujarat States the area is 16,800 acres, or 67 per cent below the average, the decline being due to deficient late rains. The crop is good in Cutch and Palanpur but poor elsewhere owing to the injury done by rats. In Sind the area is 107,000 acres or 29 per cent. below last year's and 16 per cent. under the average. The decrease in Karachi and Larkhana is attributed to low inundation, and in the Upper Sind Frontier to the loss sustained by the cultivators owing to the failure of last year's crop. Elsewhere the supply of water is good and the condition of the crop fairly good. In Khairpur the area is 8,600 acres, or more than double the average. The crop is in fair condition.

In Madras, the area sown with castor seed is about 5 per cent. more than last year but is considerably below the average. The deficiency is most marked in the Deccan districts, where the early part of the season was unfavourable. The crop is almost everywhere reported to be fair or good, and especially so in the Circars and Southern districts, so than it is probable that the actual yield may prove to be more than 86 per cent. of the normal yield from the area sown.

In Berar the area is estimated at 179,200 acres, being 19 per cent. larger than last year, but 17 per cent. below the average. A larger area than last year was devoted to the cultivation of "rabi" crops, owing to sufficient moisture in the soil at sowing time. The crop, which promised to be fair, has been considerably injured by rats, and only a poor crop can now be expected. The estimated yield will probably be 35 per cent. of the normal.

In the Nizam's Territory the area and estimated yield are as under:

	acres.	tons.
Sesamum	377,023	10,011
Linseed	370,376	9,893
Rapeseed and mustard	12,077	209
Others	1,111,395	24,215
Total	1,870,871	44,334

The area is 3 per cent. smaller than that of last year, but it is larger than the average. The yield, however, is smaller than last year or the average owing to the unfavourable character of the latter part of the monsoon.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WHEAT.

The Second Memorandum on the Wheat Crop of the Bombay Presidency for the Season of 1901-1902. (Information up to 20th February) States:—

Total area in Presidency, including Sind and Native States, 16·7 lakhs acres or 13 and 37 per cent. respectively below last year and average. Decrease general and due generally to deficiency of late rainfall in Presidency and to low floods in Sind. Substitution of jowar and other crops also accounts for some decrease. Crop suffered from insufficiency of moisture everywhere, particularly in Gujarat and eastern parts of Deccan and Karnatak. Rats have further done extensive damage to surviving crop throughout Gujarat and Khandesh. Here only a very low outturn is expected; elsewhere the crop will yield somewhat better. In Sind a fair crop will be gathered.

Gujarat.—Area 114,000 acres; 38 per cent. below last year's and 62 per cent. below average. Decrease due to scanty late rains. Crop suffered from want of moisture and from scantiness of well water, particularly in the north. Rats have damaged surviving crop everywhere and only a very poor outturn expected.

Gujarat States.—Area 325,000 acres; 22 and 18 per cent. below last year's and average. Decrease due to absence of late rains. Crop damaged by rats in Baroda, parts of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Cambay. Where helped by irrigation condition of crop good, elsewhere poor.

Deccan.—Area 408,000 acres; 3 and 53 per cent. under last year's and average. Late rains partial and increase in area in some talukas insufficient to make up the deficit elsewhere. Crop suffered from absence of late rains and deficient water-supply in wells. Injury from rats reported from all talukas of Khandesh, three of Nasik, one of Nagar and one of Satara. Crop diseased in one taluka of Sholapur. Expected outturn middling to poor.

Deccan States.—Area 12,000 acres; 41 per cent. under average; crop good in Phaltan; elsewhere drycrop almost withered, irrigated crop poor. Disease reported from Akalkot.

Karnatak.—Area 272,000 acres; 21 and 44 per cent. under last year's and average. Rain for sowing deficient, and more area placed under jowari and other crops. Crop mostly withered in Bijapur and eastern parts of Belgaum and Dharwar. Elsewhere fair to middling. Damage by insects reported from three talukas of Bijapur and one each of Belgaum and Dharwar.

Karnatak States.—Area 72,000 acres; 22 per cent. under average. Rain for sowing deficient in places. Injury from insects reported from Miraj and Mudhol. Crop suffered from want of moisture and estimated to yield a poor outturn.

Sind.—Area 434,000 acres; 4 & 5 per cent. under last year's and average. Increase in Thar and Parkar due to extension of Jamrao Canal; elsewhere area decreased owing to low inundation. Crop fair to good.

Khairpur.—Area 32,000 acres. Water-supply good. Crop fair.

BOMBAY LINSEED AND RAPESEED.

The Second Memorandum on the Linseed and Rapeseed crops of the Bombay Presidency for the Season of 1901,1902:—(Information generally up to 20th February.) is as under:—

LINSEED.

Gujarat.—Area 1,600 acres; 63 per cent. under the average. Sowing rains deficient. The crop suffering from deficiency of moisture and damage by rats.

Deccan.—Area 102,000 acres; 23 per cent. over last year's, but 44 per cent. under the average. Increase over last year's area general and due to timely and sufficient rain at the time of sowing. The crop has suffered from want of moisture everywhere, but more particularly in the eastern tracts. Rats have also injured it in most places in Khandesh.

Deccan States.—Area 2,300 acres, one-fourth of the average, crop fairly good in Phaltan, Jath and Akalkot. Elsewhere withered.

Karnatak.—Area 37,000 acres, 26 and 59 per cent. under last year's and the average, respectively. Decrease due to deficiency of sowing rains. Crop almost withered in Bijapur and parts of Belgaum and Dharwar. Injury from insects has also been reported from places.

Karnatak States.—Area 3,800 acres 37 per cent. below the average. Crop in bad condition in Kolhapur, Sangli and Miraj, elsewhere somewhat better.

RAPESEED.

Gujarat.—Area 500 acres: one-seventh of the average. Area restricted owing to deficiency of moisture. The crop damaged by rats everywhere.

Gujarat States.—Area 16,800 acres; 67 per cent below the average. Decrease due to deficient late rains. Crop good in Cutch and Palanpur. Elsewhere poor owing to damage done by rats.

Sind.—Area 107,000 acres; 29 per cent. below last year's and 16 per cent. under the average. Decrease in Karachi and Larkhana attributed to low inundation, and in the Upper Sind Frontier to loss sustained by cultivators owing to failure of last year's crop. Elsewhere water-supply good. Condition of the crop fairly good.

Khairpur.—Area 8,600 acres; more than double the average. Crop fair.

IMPROVEMENT OF CALCUTTA.

IT is too early in the day yet to say whether the scheme for improving certain streets and opening out the congested quarters of Calcutta will receive the sanction of the Secretary of State, for the simple reason that no despatch, giving the details of the project, has ever been sent to the India Office. The statement that such a despatch is now before Lord George Hamilton and his Council seems to have been founded on erroneous information. But accepting the view that sooner or later a scheme will be formulated, it may serve a useful purpose to examine the question in some of its bearings now. If, then, a big Improvement Trust is created and the work is spread over several years, the burden of the improvements will not press heavily upon the Municipality which might be empowered to raise loans from time to time, working up to 1 1-2 or 2 crores. The demand that the Imperial Government should bear the bulk of the expenditure does not appear at all reasonable. Certainly they should give a contribution, say one-tenth of the whole sum, and the Local Government might give as much again, thus leaving seven-tenths to be borrowed in the open market. There seems to be no good reason why the wealthiest city in India should not pay for its public improvements. Moreover these will, eventually pay for themselves by the enhanced value of the adjacent lands in the areas through which broader streets are driven. It is a clear case for the application of the betterment principle. Further, the value of land in Calcutta has about doubled during the last twenty years, so house-owners should be able to pay reasonable taxes. The argument that because the Imperial and Local Governments have contributed very largely to public work in Simla and Darjeeling, therefore, they should make them selves responsible for similar improvements in Calcutta, cannot be maintained. Simla and Darjeeling are not commercial centres; their municipal income is very limited; and if they ceased to be summer capitals, they would dwindle down to small sanataria. They have risen from small hill villages to their present status simply because a host of Government officials move annually into residence within their bounds. Calcutta on the other hand, has long been a big native city, a great commercial centre, and a busy port, while in the last thirty years its manufacturing industries have enormously expanded. Its wealth is great, its trade is steadily increasing, and it has no need to go begging for money to Government for its public improvements.—"Pioneer."

BOMBAY COMMAND ORDERS.

BY THE LIEUTENANT-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES, BOMBAY.

Office of the Deputy Adjutant-General, Bombay Command
Poona, 7th March 1902.

With the approval of H E the Commander-in-Chief in India, the Lieut Genl Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointment:—4th Bombay Rifles.—2nd Lieut S B Orton 2nd Battn Border Regt a Candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to be Officiating Double Coy Officer, dated 25th Feb 1902.

With the concurrence of the Lieut-Genl Commanding the Forces, Madras, the Lieut-Genl Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointment:—Personal Staff—Lieut W F S Casson, 2nd Madras Lancers, is appointed provisionally Aide de Camp to Major Genl C J Burnett C B, Commanding Poona Dist, with effect from 17th Nov 1901, vice Major Kirk, resigned.

The Lieut Gen Commanding the Forces is pleased to make the following appointments:—

5th Bombay Cavalry—Lieut E D Giles, Offg Sqn Officer, to be Sqn Officer vice Capt Hocken, appointed 4th Sqdn Comand pro tem.

7th Bombay Lancers—Lieut E F Orton Double Coy Officer 26th Baluchistan Inf Offg Sqdn Officer, to be Sqdn Officer, to fill an existing vacancy.

Lieut Orton will be graded above Lieut S M Bruce, and below Lieut R L C Wilkinson.

8th Bombay Infantry—Major R M Betham 3rd Double Co Comndr, Seconded, Capt E Sauler, 3rd Double Coy Comdr. pro tem, and Captn M T Elderton, 4th Double Coy Comdr. pro tem, to move up in grade succession, vice Major C A Brown, appointed 2nd in Command.

Capt C S Follows, Double Co Officer, to be 4th Double Coy Comdr, pro tem vice Capt M T Elderton.

Lieut-Colonel G Grant Dalton, 1st Battn W Y Regt, will be placed on half pay on the 7th March on completing his period of service in Command; and he is permitted to proceed to England on or after that date, traveling at the public expense.

The undermentioned Officers have passed the tests for retention in the Indian Staff Corps:—

Lieut A Delme-Radcliffe 11th Bombay Infantry 2nd Lieut F G Gillies, 15th Bombay Rifles now attached to 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry.

The undermentioned Officers are qualified for promotion to the rank of Lieut:—Lieut V E Garrett and 2nd Lieut R O Latham No 39 Co late No 9 Co Eastern Division R G A 2nd Lieut H C Pearson, No 29 Co late No 18 Co Southern Division G A; and 2nd-Lieut E M Little No 41 Co late No 5 Co Southern Divi R GA.

ANTI-PLAGUE VACCINE.

THE following statement shows the number of doses of Plague Vaccine sent to various places from the Plague Research Laboratory during the week ending Friday, the 7th March:—

Date.	Where and to whom sent.	Doses.
	Bombay Presidency.	
1 to 4 March	Bombay, Laboratory Officers	5
6 March	Ahmedabad, Civil Surgeon	506
1 March	Berar, Civil Surgeon, Wun District	50
4 March	Mulkapur, Civil Surgeon, Buldana District	502
	Rajputana	
4 March	Jaypore, Residency Surgeon	100
	N-W P	
1 March	Dehra Dun, Dr Sarah Vroman, M D, Girls' High School, A P Mission	24
4 March	Allahabad, Capt Fullerton, I M S	502
4 March	Dehra Dun, Civil Surgeon	104
	Punjab	
1 March	Kasauli, Civil Surgeon	247
3 March	Amritsar, Civil Surgeon	24
3 March	Simla, The Health Officer	500
4 March	Ludhiana, Dr Miss Edith Brown Medical School	397
5 March	Patiala, Chief Medical Officer	3,023
3 March	Ludhiana, Civil Surgeon	1,510
6 March	Karnal, Civil Surgeon	100
	Total sent out during the week under report	7,591
	Total sent out since 1st January 1902, in addition to above	1,07,299
	Total sent up to December 1901	24,89,690
	Grand Total	26,04,583

WHAT is likely to be the most costly beef-steak pudding in the world has just been ordered from the Cheshire Cheese by Mr. Charles M. Schwab. On the day after his audience with the King, Mr. Schwab partook of a portion of the famous pudding at the Cheshire Cheese, and was so impressed with it that he inquired of Mr. Moore, the manager, how many people could be fed with one pudding. On being informed that 100 persons could be satisfied, he offered Mr. Moore £500 if he would bring one of the puddings to the States, and carve it at a dinner in a New York club house. Mr. Moore asked for time to consider the proposition, and Mr. Schwab left after assuring him that the offer would stand. Mr. Schwab afterwards confided to a Transatlantic friend that he would give such a dinner as his fellow-millionaires across the Atlantic had never before sat down to. Mr. Moore is sending a quantity of the old sack—worth a guinea a bottle—as well as the pudding to the Steel Trust manager. There will be a disposition to take this report (taken from the "Express") with a grain of salt; but a reporter who inquired at the Cheshire Cheese was informed that the statement was correct.

NEWS LATER THAN THE MAIL.

THE GREAT BANK FRAUDS.

THE ACCUSED SENTENCED.

LONDON, February 23rd.—The accused who were found guilty in connection with the Liverpool Bank robbery were sentenced by Mr. Justice Bigham on Saturday.

Thomas Goudie and Richard Burge were each sentenced to ten years' penal servitude, and Frederick Kelly and William Stiles each to two years.

His Honour, in sentencing Burge, said that he had cheated and terrified Goudie, whom the robbery had benefitted little.

Kelly restored £17,000 to the bank, Stiles £3,594 and Burge 30,000, in addition to £44,000 the amount of the banking accounts of Mances and "Larry" Marks, two of the accused who have disappeared.

BIG FIRE IN NEW YORK.

EIGHTEEN LIVES LOST.

London, February 23rd.—A serious fire broke out yesterday at the armoury of the 71st American Regiment, New York.

The flames spread to the Park Avenue Hotel with the result that 18 persons were killed and 50 injured. Great damage was done before the flames were subdued.

"JACK THE RIPPER" MURDERS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

London, February 21st.—Eight "Jack the Ripper" murders have been perpetrated recently in San Francisco, all the victims being girls.

THE CONCENTRATED CAMPS IN SOUTH AFRICA.

BY A BOER PRISONER.

A Boer prisoner of war writes to the "Civil and Military Gazette" follows:—This is rather a delicate subject to handle especially in my present position, as there is such a feeling an animosity amongst the majority of prisoners against their opponents, so that if any fellow-prisoner tries to put the truth before the world he is called a British subject, hand-supper, private detective, a wolf in sheep's clothing, and more similar epithets; in fact he is called everything he is not, and life is made rather hard in camp for such a delinquent (in their estimation). I am not, Mr. Editor, giving you my views on these camps, but simply the facts of what I saw and beheld during my stay of two months in such a camp. The camp I allude to is the concentrated camp at Kroonstad O. R. C., and according to statements I heard and saw, supposed to be one of the worst camps in South Africa. I see that from time to time some rather serious accusations are brought forward by some Members of Parliament at Home, and if I was at liberty I daresay I could point out that these accusations are mostly exaggerated, and a mere venting of spleen, but I refrain from doing so at present for the above reasons. I trust, however, that the time is near that freedom of opinion will be granted even to a Boer prisoner. Now as to this camp, I find per my diary (which I kept whilst in the field and even up to the present) that we were called together in the month of May 1901, whilst in Ladysmith camp, and told that we were to be sent to our different district townships. We gladly welcomed this news and anxiously counted the days that had to bring this change about. As "everything comes to those who wait" it also came to us, and so we proceeded to this camp, minus an escort, well stocked with mouth provisions for the road supplied by the military. Our journey was rather tedious, but we reached Kroonstad three days after our departure, and immediately proceeded to camp. As a reinforcement of the male sex was at the time gladly welcomed there was quite an ado on our arrival. The fair sex turned out "en masse" and told us that a batch had already arrived from Capetown and some more batches were yet expected, which proved to be correct, and so we were quite a jolly crew.

Next day I went round camp on a regular tour of inspection to convince myself as to the reports I heard. I found this camp under the supervision of a Superintendent and staff appointed by the military, this staff being residents of the Transvaal and O. R. Colony. Civil law is in force there, and anybody not complying with the camp rules is taken before the magistrate (the same that acted there previous to the war). There is also a committee consisting of Boer members, who have to visit the camp regularly and report to the military should any complaints arise. The hospital staff are practically all of our own people, viz., Dr. Van der Walt, Sister Annie Parkins, and some twenty young ladies who act as nurses; all these ladies are from camp and are paid £3 monthly for their services each; also some Boer orderlies who get the same pay. I visited the hospital almost daily, and made enquiries as to the cause of deaths, etc., and was assured that it was mainly due to the fact that in the majority of cases they wait until the patient is hopeless before taking him or her to the hospital; they believe more in the Dutch medicines than in the doctor, consequently he is approached when the patient is already beyond his reach. I know of a good many who pulled through simply because they went to hospital in time. The refugees could please themselves as far as medical attendance was concerned, for private doctors were allowed to practise in camp at leisure. The hospital staff nursed the sick very tenderly, and I will always remember them very kindly. This camp comprises a few thousand families, and is consequently very large, and can yet be largely extended should it be required. The scale of rations is the same for children as for adults, viz., the same as served out to any other prisoner of war; so it is rather an advantage to a family which consists of mostly children, for as they can't consume their share of rations it leaves so much the more for the adults in the family. Each family is supplied with a bell-tent, and if large they get as much as three tents for one family. They are also allowed to fix up corrugated iron structures, or make any other improvements they like, and as the majority of refugees all brought some furniture with them, the camp has quite a homelike appearance, and it is quite a treat to hear the music, vibrating through the air from more than one tent at night. Some of the male refugees keep milch cows and sell the milk for the supply of the hospital; others have their wagons, carts and horses there; and some even have sheep and goats which they keep out there. There are four shops in camp and one butcher's shop. The refugees get served with raw meat, and some of the best bread I ever tasted is baked in this camp. There is a big square in this camp where the young congregate every evening for sing-songs and dances, and whilst engaged at such they seem so happy and all care seems forgotten, but I am sorry to say that more than one already received his death of cold there.

Boer foot-police are on duty in camp day and night to see to the cleanliness of the camp, as well as to watch for irregularities and are paid by the military. No Tommy is allowed in any of these camps, and if he strays anywhere in the vicinity of any of these camps he is severely punished by the military. Boers are also in charge of the commissariat department, so if there is any rations short at any time they know exactly who is to blame and where they have to air their grievances. The schools in this camp erected by the military under Africander teachers are very largely patronised, and I was most pleased to see that, in this camp at least, some real common sense was used. The parents are allowed to have their children instructed in whatever language they desire, and English is instructed wholesale out there. The teachers are well paid and I had a letter the other day to say that festivities were given to the children on Christmas Day, and they were, together with their parents, all highly pleased. The school tents serve for religious purposes as well, and they have their own Dutch parson who holds services and is paid by the military. Whilst there, I have seen as many as five pairs getting spliced in a single day. A letter I received last week states that ten pairs had to meet that same catastrophe in a single day. So that instead of being down in the mouth they seem to be very plucky. Each pair gets served with a tent, and in return for the facilities granted to these men in stopping with their families, the Superintendent expects something from them in return; consequently they have to fetch wood for the camp per wagons miles away, minus an escort, yet they never try to escape. Whilst I was there several hundreds took the oath of allegiance and volunteered for service, as they were, like the rest of us, fairly sick of the whole concern. We had a very strong Rugby team in camp, and held some very successful concerts. I enjoyed my two months' furlough out there, as when I again got on the war path, viz., as a prisoner of war, and this no doubt seems queer to the public at large, yet queerer things happen in war time. I daresay the military know what they are about, for I was, and yet am treated by them with the greatest consideration and impartiality. Whatever anybody had to suffer in this camp is and was brought about by our own people, who glory in backbiting if they can further their own ends.

A VALUABLE BOOK.

The Thirteenth Edition (60th thousand) of "THE WIFE'S ADVISER," 60 pages, illustrated, is now ready. Copies will be sent free, for a limited time, on receipt of two stamps for postage.

E. LAMBERT & SON,
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HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

THE following is an amusing original advertisement for a Domestic Servant.

Wanted.—A general servant, one who
Unites in her person the range of the Zoo:
The horse for its strength, when she wields brush and broom;
The mouse for its silence, when crossing the room;
The hare for its swiftness, when errands she runs;
The fox for its cunning in scenting out duns;
The ant for its forethought in saving the pence;
The tortoise for slowness in taking offence;
The adder for deafness to gossips assaults;
The beetle to blindness to missus's faults;
The bear for its rudeness, when followers call;
The lark for the hour that it bursts through sleep's trail
Last, the owl in its wisdom, her mind must endure,
With the patience of Job, when her wages are due.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

Said Stiggins to his wife one day:
We've nothing left to eat;
If things go on in this queer way,
We shan't make "both ends meet."
The dame replied in words discreet,
We're not so badly fed,
If we can make but "one" and "meat,"
And make the other "bread."

Good Excuse:—At a trial held some time ago in Ireland one of the Jurors asked to be excused from serving on the jury.

Judge: "For what reason?"
Juror: "My Lord, I've got the itch."
Judge (to the clerk): "Scratch him out."

A "Lancet" correspondent says he was interviewed by a man who told him he had just begun business in the neighbourhood and was desirous of the medical man's patronage. The man turned out to be an undertaker.

A man in the car was telling how good his doctor was. "Clever?" said he: "Well I should say he was. The other day I called him in when I had swallowed five cents. He said if the coin was not counterfeit it would pass and made me cough up two dollars."

The man who eats cloves
May disguise his condition,
But he's never quite free
From the breath of suspicion.

The other day Pope Leo XIII entered on the twenty 5 year of his Pontificate, having been elected to the Papal See on February 20, 1878. This length of reign, if we except the traditional twenty-five years of St. Peter, has been surpassed by only two of the Roman Pontiffs, Pope Pius VI. (1775-1799), who reigned twenty-four years six months and fourteen days, and Pius IX. (1846-1878, Pope Leo's immediate predecessor) whose Pontificate covered the unprecedented period of thirty-one years seven months and twenty-two days. Pope Adrian I. (772-795) comes next to Leo XIII., with a reign of twenty-three years ten months and twenty-four days, followed by Pius VII. (1800-1823), with twenty-three years five months and six days. If Leo XIII., who entered on his ninety-third year, on March 2, should be spared one year longer, he will have had the second longest Pontificate known to history.

The late Sir William Christopher Leng was a commanding personality throughout South Yorkshire, and Sheffield, the town with which he was so intimately associated, was justly proud of him. He took command of the "Sheffield Telegraph" at a time when both the paper and the Conservative Party which it ably represented were at a low ebb, and by his vigorous writing and shrewd business capacity built it up to be a great property. His most famous work was at the time when the workmen of the cutlery town were striving to obtain the right of combination, their earliest efforts being unhappily accompanied by tyranny and violence which he unflinchingly exposed at the cost of no little risk to himself. In his day he was the most powerful political force in Sheffield. He was one of two brothers who have won fame and position in journalism, the other and younger being Sir John Leng, M. P.

Some of President Loubet's characteristics are detailed in an interesting sketch of the President in the March "Pall Mall Magazine." His speeches he prepares himself, but as he is not much of an orator he delivers them badly. He converses very well; he is a good listener, and his patience is proverbial. It is said that he does not know how to get rid of a bore, and that he often has to be rescued by his first secretary, M. Combagian. In his dress the President is simple. Some French Boswell who has interviewed his valet pretends to know that he possesses "five frock coats, two for winter and two for summer, and one for State occasions."

President Loubet married at the beginning of his career the village belle of Montelimar, Mademoiselle Marie Denis. The authorities are at accord in praising Madame Loubet for the good sense she shows in the place to which she has been called. She performs her social duties with grace and zeal. She is essentially a family women, a spouse and a mother. She has as well a heart for all the miseries. In winter time one may see her often in company with one of the ladies of the household and the secretary, M. Poulet, issuing from the Elysee on her way to some women's hospital or children's home. She makes life genial around her, and the personnel of the Palace say they have never known better days than under her administration. The President and Madame Loubet have three children—two sons and a daughter. The elder son, Paul, is his father's private secretary.

"The weather at San Remo," writes a correspondent, "is again bad. There was snow this morning close to the upper part of the town: "The first 'flower battle,' was to have come off last Thursday week, but the rain and mud prevented it. On the Saturday afternoon it became suddenly fine, and a few enterprising people hurriedly decorated their carriages, and with the 'chars' rushed into the fray, in the Corso Victor Emanuele. On Shrove Tuesday, in cold bright weather, the Corso was crammed with the showiest carnival pageant ever seen in San Remo. Country folk, too, had poured into the town, and comfits, paper discs, and flowers fell as thick and fast as the raindrops had been falling in the previous days. The money prizes and banners for successful competitors in carriage-decorating were exceptionally generous—£80 for the best floral carriage or masquerading 'char' is a reward not to be despised! There was, however, talk of four times that sum (8,000fr.) being spent on one turn-out where glory, rather than gain, was the object!"

The Rev. Geoffrey Hill, whose book "The Aspirate; or, The Use of the Letter 'H' in English, Latin, Greek and Gaelic" has just been published by Mr. Unwin, has had no difficulty in finding anecdotes illustrating the treatment to which poor "H" is often subjected. One relates to a Cambridge man who tells how disgraced all the men of his college felt when, in the hearing of visitors who were being shown over the chapel and were expected to admire both it and everything connected with it, the organist, who, unfortunately, was an undergraduate, said very loudly to the choir, who were practising in the chancel, he himself being in the West Gallery with the organ, "And now, gentlemen, we will 'ave 'Opkins in He."

Many of our readers will remember the following story which Mr. Gladstone used to relate, connected with himself:—"At the celebrated election in 1865, at which he lost his seat for Oxford University, becoming, to use his own phrase, unmuzzled, his opponent was Mr. Gathorne Hardy. The practice at a contested election was for each voter to record his vote by word of mouth before tellers for each party. The late Professor Henry Smith was acting as teller for Mr. Gladstone when an uncouth country clergyman entered, and to the usual request for whom he wished to vote, replied, in his confusion, "I vote for Mr. Glad——I mean for 'Ardy.'" "I claim that vote," quietly put in Professer Smith. "No, no," protested the clergyman; "I did not finish the name." "Quite so; but you did not begin the other," retorted the Professor. No doubt the clergyman ultimately had it his own way, although he may not have quite seen the point of the Professor's objection.

The Archdeacon of the East Riding yesterday inducted the Rev. J. M. Wynne to the Vicarage of Reighton. The church resembles an old Roman temple, and many think that on the site stood an altar which has smoked with the victims offered to Thor. Many antiquarians visit the church to see the pavement of flints on which the old Saxon font stands. Some years ago one Sunday Sir Henry Irving and Mr. J. L. Toole were driving through the village, and the latter went in to Evensong, while Sir Henry Irving remained outside in charge of the pony and trap.

The annual report which the Medical Officer of Health has just presented to the Marlow Urban District Council discloses an unusually clean bill of health at the picturesque up-river town. During the year 1901 only one case of infectious disease was notified in the district, and that a very mild case of scarlet fever. The zymotic death rate worked out at 0·00. This is quite an exceptional record for a town of nearly 5,000 inhabitants.

WRITERS AND READERS.

Sir William White, who recently retired from the great post of naval constructor, may give us a book. He has several times been asked to write one on the progress of naval architecture within recent years. Sir William's part in this progress has been so large, that the volume must, more or less, be autobiographical. The writing of it depends on his health.

Mr. Gilbert Parker has completed the dramatisation of his novel, The Right of Way which appeared last autumn. No doubt the piece will be produced both here and in America before long. Americans are hoping to see Mr. Richard Mansfield play Charley Steele, a part which they think would suit him greatly. On this side of the Atlantic the novel has done very well, but in America it has had an enormous success.

Mr. Fisher Unwin is to publish a little series which really describes itself in its general title, the Welsh Library. It is being edited by Mr. Owen Edwards, whose volume on Wales, in the Story of the Nations Series has met with singular success. The idea is to gather into the library what may be called the classics of Welsh literature—writings with which the average English reader is, as yet, little familiar. A Welsh literary renaissance seems to be in progress, and this is part of it.

Mr. John Murray is publishing another book by Mr. Montgomery Carmichael, who recently wrote an agreeable one about Tuscany and its people. The scene of the present volume, which is cast in the form of a character study, also lies in that sunshine region. What we have is a biography, so to speak, of the outer and inner life of an Englishman who is a scholar and a mystic. He is concerned with the deeper side of Catholic mysticism, and, indeed, the touch of serious thought belongs to the whole story.

Mr. Hilaire Belloc once walked from his village in France to Rome, and a book which he has just finished relates to this journey. As it included the crossing of the Alps, it is very modestly described in the title of the work, The Path to Rome. Mr. Belloc's monographs on Danton and Robespierre have already made us familiar with his qualities as a writer. He will now also be seen as an artist, for these notes of travel in Italy have sixty drawings by him. Mr. George Allen will publish the book early in April.

A volume on Dante and the Divine Comedy is announced by Mr. John Lane for early publication. It is by Mr. Payling Wright, and consists of short studies which assume an interest in Dante, rather than an intimate acquaintance with his works. They are intended to serve at once as an incentive to beginners and as a help to those who have already been caught by the cult of Dante. Their standpoint is quite independent, and in one of them is advanced what is believed to be a new theory of the motif of the Divine Comedy.

Mr. Dent is to publish, under the title of Recreations and Reflections, a volume of papers that have appeared in the "Saturday Review." They are on all manner of subjects, and the list of writers is also extensive. It includes Mr. Swinburne, Mr. Cunninghame Graham, Mr. Churton Collins, Mr. Selwyn Image, Mr. Arthur Symons, and Mr. G. A. B. Dewar. Mr. Dent also makes the announcement that the next volume in the Temple Classics will be Boethius's Consolations of Philosophy, translated by Mr. W. V. Cooper. The first translation of this work, as need hardly be said, was made by King Alfred.

Now, good angels, preserve the King! This quotation from the Tempest is on the page of a volume which Messrs. Chapman are to publish next week. It is entitled The Crowning of a King, and is a record of coronations in all ages, as these bear upon the coming Coronation. The writer is Miss M. F. Johnston, and her book has illustrations. She noticed some of the changes which have gradually come about in the ceremonies attending our English coronations. The King's road to Westminster, this summer, will not be covered with cloth of Tyrian dye, but it would have been a few centuries ago.

Mr. Edward Arnold's spring list makes mention of several interesting volumes, among them being the following:—Cross-Bench Views of Current Church Questions, by Canon Hensley Henson. Finland: Its Public and Private Economy, by Mr. N. C. Frederiksen, formerly Professor of Political Economy in Copenhagen University. The Field Training of a Company of Infantry, by Major H. H. Craufurd, late Grenadier Guards. A Ride in Morocco among Believers and Traders, by Frances McNab. The last-named author has written a very readable volume of travel in South Africa. Frances McNab is a "nom de guerre" but no doubt it stands for a Scottish Lady.

A series of addresses, by the late Archbishop of Canterbury, on the Acts of the Apostles has been in preparation for some time. The work, which his daughter, Miss Margaret Benson, has supervised will now be issued by Messrs. Macmillan. The addresses were delivered in Lambeth Palace Chapel between the years 1887 and 1892. They were meant to be educative in the sense that they dealt largely with the religious and social responsibilities of life. The addresses were not written by Dr. Benson, but were delivered from such notes as the pressure on his time allowed him to prepare. Their publication in Book form is made possible by reports taken down by those who attended them.

Mrs. Hodgson Burnett, who often visits England, has been spending the winter in New York.—Mr. Robert Barr has changed the title of his book relating to the adventures of James V. of Scotland, and it will now be called A Royal Tramp.—Man, Woman and Fate is a novel by Miss Iza Duffus Hardy which Messrs. Chatto will publish shortly. Miss Hardy is the daughter of Sir Thomas Duffus Hardy, who was Keeper of the Records.—Will of the Wisp is the title of a novel of Lancashire life by Mr. John Garrett Leigh, which Messrs. Dent are about to publish—Mrs. Edith Wharton's novel, The Valley of Decision, will be issued soon by Mr. Murray. The chief character in it is an Italian duke of the eighteenth century.—The Beautiful Mrs. Moulton is a novel by Mr. Nathaniel Stephenson, a young American writer, which Mr. Lane will publish this spring.—Mrs. C. N. Williamson has a story called The Silent Battle coming out with Messrs. Hurst and Blackett.

M. Maeterlinck's new volume of essays will be published in April by Mr. George Allen. The title is not yet definitely fixed.—Max O'Rell has now finished the manuscript for his volume, Studies in Cheerfulness, which Messrs. Chatto will publish. He is in America.—Mr. John Lane is to publish a play by Mrs. W. K. Clifford, under the title The Long Duel. It will be ready in the course of the spring.—The fourth volume in Mr. Heinemann's series on the World's History will be published in a few days. It deals with the country and peoples of the Mediterranean.—Mr. Elkin Mathews is to add to his Vigo Cabinet series of verse a volume entitled Urlyn the Harper and Other Songs. It is by Mr. Wilfrid Wilson Gibson.—Next week Messrs. Chapman will publish Mr. Vandam's translation of the Recollections of the Congress of Vienna, which Count de la Garde-Chambonas wrote. He was an eye-witness of the greatest gathering of crowned heads that the world has seen.

The condition of Count Tolstoy is grave; but while there is life, it is said, there is hope, and he is still alive as I write. Another of the long list of eminent invalids has succumbed. Lord Dufferin's death is only in an indirect and secondary way a topic for the literary column. Yet his early and only book, Letters from High Latitudes, has more vitality in it to-day (and we are getting on for half a century since its publication) than have the two complete works of many more professional authors. People who set an overweening value on literature as compared with life might on the strength of that brilliant early literary promise say he had given up to the Foreign Office what was meant for mankind. Yet most people would prefer to make history than to write it.

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Caution.—Beware of local substitutes, all are inferior. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid." The name and address of the sole makers, Condy & Mitchell, Ltd., of 65, Goswell Road, London, England, is at foot of label. Condy's Fluid can be obtained everywhere through Chemists and Stores.

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Extract from the "Egyptian Gazette."

To protect the foreign consumer against fraud and misrepresentation, the Government, by Ministerial Decree, dated 4th December, 1893, instituted the affixing of labels on each box exported, and to differentiate the qualities the labels are of different colours. These labels are affixed by all the bona fide manufacturers and controlled by the Cairo Customs before being allowed out of the country, heavy penalties being enacted against any infringement of the clauses of the Decree.

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LINUM CATHARTICUM PILLS.
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SICK HEADACHES, BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, &c
AN AGREEABLE APERIENT.

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CURE FACEACHE & NEURALGIA.
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AVOID IMITATIONS.

USE COAGULINE
TRANSPARENT CEMENT, FOR ALL BROKEN ARTICLES.

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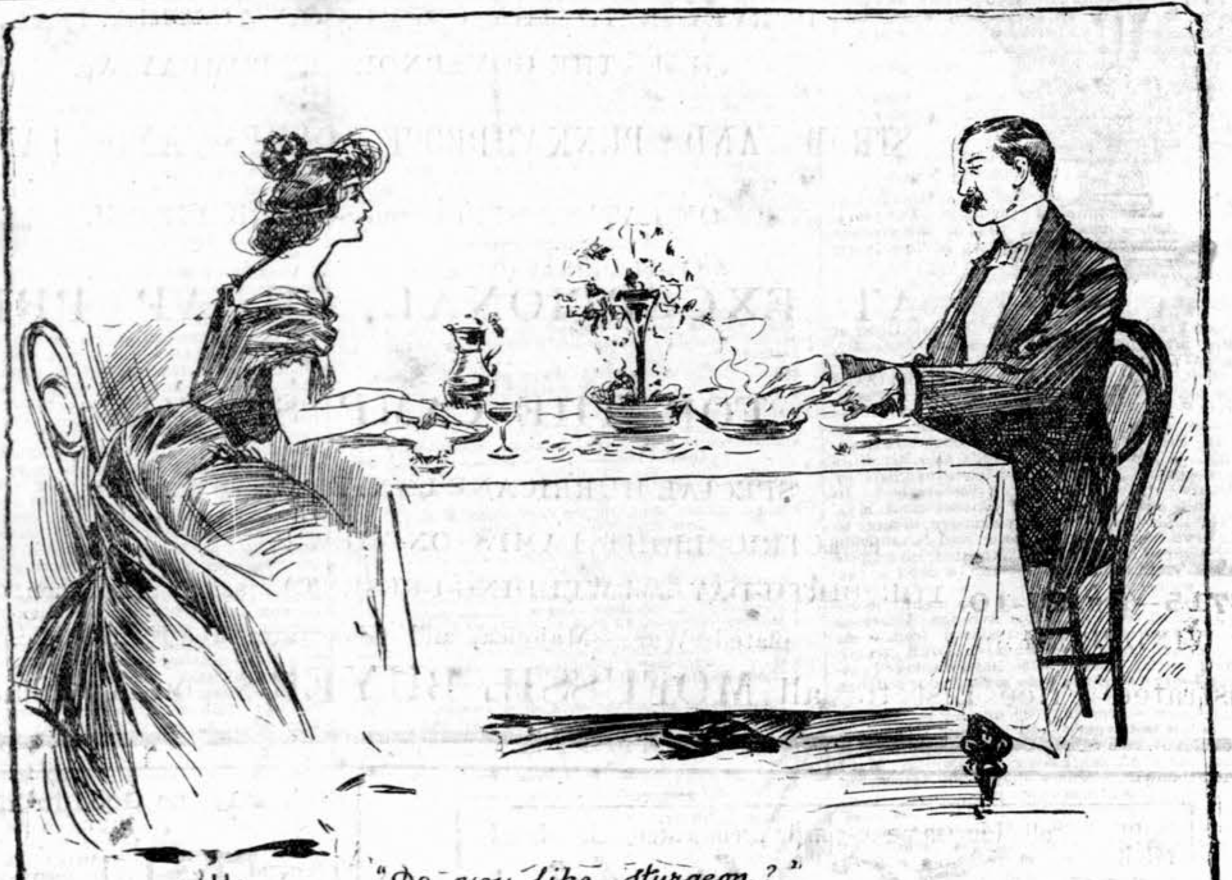
TO STAMP COLLECTORS.—OLD ENGLISH STAMPS of various kinds, either in lot or separately. Fivepenny, Sixpenny, Eightpenny, Ninepenny One shilling. What offers! Apply "STAMPS," care of this paper.


He "Do you like Sturgeon?"
Fair Visitor "Yes; we smoke it in Russia."
He "Really!—We smoke "Guinea-Gold" here."

SOLE WHOLESALE REPRESENTATIVES FOR THE EAST.

STANLEY OAKES & CO.,

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Procurable Locally from the undernoted Firms:—J. NEUBERG, PHILLIPS & Co., LTD., KEMP & Co. LTD., DINSHAW MERWAN, IRANI HORMUZ SHERIAR, HORMUSJEE ADERJEE, AMEERCHAND PURBUDASS, &c., &c.

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ELEVEN YEARS OLD & FIVE YEARS OLD

GOLD MEDAL CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1883-84

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LABORATORY, ROYAL POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTION.
March 18th, 1878.

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London.

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Professor of Chemistry.

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the Shippers of the "CARLTON WHISKIES, that the empty Bottles have been dishonestly refilled with the poisonous trash very often sold in India under the name of Whiskey, this is therefore to caution consumers to CAREFULLY EXAMINE the CORKS and CAPSULES to see they have not been tampered with; also that the Corks, Capsules and Labels are branded with their Trade Mark.

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DEAR SIR,—

YOU will see from the above address that I am encamped right away in the Jungles. Before coming here, I purchased a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE. I can honestly say that I did not know its worth, till I tried it on a man here suffering from persistent malarial fever, and I can conscientiously say that with one bottle, the fever ceased, and so far has not returned. I had been giving the man QUININE for days together, but still the fever kept on, but on taking one bottle only of your mixture, he has not had a return of the fever.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) HENRY H. SPOONER,
In charge Opium Police, Anas.

To
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.

The above is one out of many unsolicited Testimonials. BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS, & BATLIWALLA & Co's CHOLERAL (specific for Cholera) may be had from Treacher & Co., Kemp & Co, Philips & Co., Beynon & Co., &c. &c. &c., or from the Sole Manufacturers, Dr. H. L. Batliwalla, Worli, Dadar, Bombay, at Re. 1 per Bottle.

DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

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THE VERY FINEST DRESSING.
SPECIALLY PREPARED AND DELICATELY PERFUMED.
RESTORES THE HAIR.
PROMOTES THE GROWTH.
ARRESTS THE FALL.
STRENGTHENS THE ROOTS.
REMOVES DANDRUFF.
ALLAYS ALL IRRITATION.

Full Description and directions for use in 20 languages supplied with every bottle

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For INFANTS and INVALIDS.

MELLIN'S FOOD supplies materials by which diluted cow's milk is converted into an **ideal food for Infants and Invalids;** and **IT ASSURES THE DIGESTION OF THE MILK BY THE INFANT.** The character of cow's milk is so changed by the addition of Mellin's Food that the preparation is adapted for use from birth. By the use of Mellin's Food, and the exercise of proper care, those diseases which make such frightful havoc among infants in India and the East generally, such as diarrhœa, convulsions, the various wasting diseases, have been largely decreased.

Send to any of the Agents mentioned below for book of pictures and testimonials.

MELLIN'S FOOD for a light, sustaining and highly nutritious diet, adapted for the use of all.

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The Genuine Liebig Company's Extract,

Is the most concentrated meat essence made. Invaluable in Kitchen, Sick Room, and Hospital, and on the Battle Field.

The only Meat Extract ever connected with JUSTUS VON LIEBIG.

For Constipation and Biliousness

LAXATIVE FRUIT JULIEN. PURGATIVE

A nice and safe remedy for ladies and children to act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines. *Fruit Julien* cures habitual constipation, offensive breath and sick-headache.

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A French Remedy for all Irregularities,

Superseding Bitter Apple, Pil Cochia, Pennyroyal, &c.

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The next time you take cold, dose yourself with a lot of home remedies and dilly-dally along until your cough is deep-seated and you are threatened with pneumonia or consumption. That's one way, to be sure.

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Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

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Another grand thing about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is that it cures hard coughs, the hardest kind of old coughs, even after all other remedies have failed.

Put up in large and small bottles.

When it hurts your lungs to cough, then apply one of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters directly over the painful lung. It will quiet the pain, remove all congestion, and greatly strengthen.

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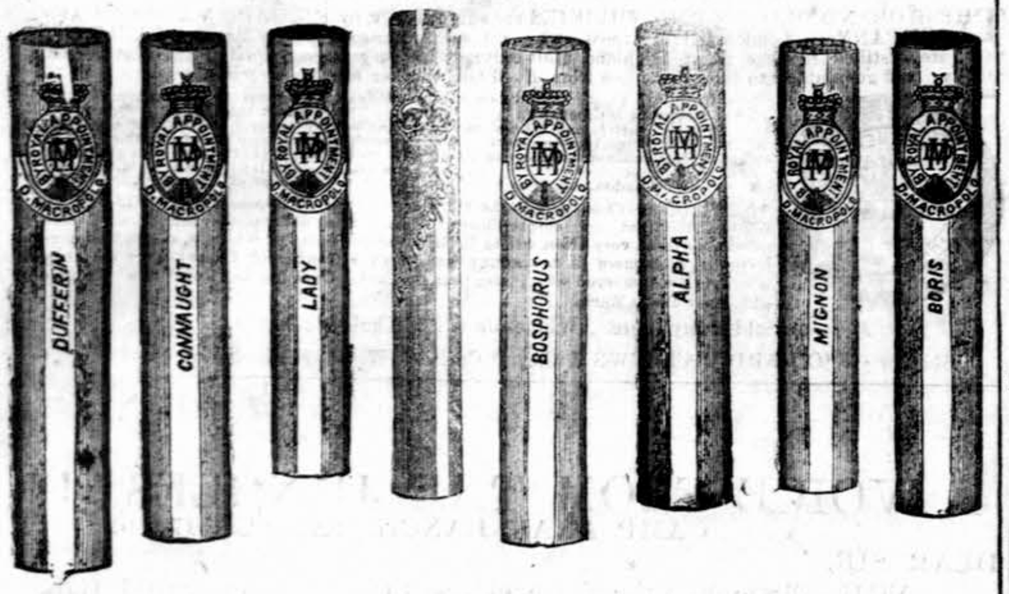

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Lady	do. 100	...	do.	...	„	3 0
Queen Alexandra	do. 50	...	do.	...	„	3 0
Bosphorus	do. 100	...	do.	...	„	3 8
Alpha	do. 100	...	do.	...	„	2 12
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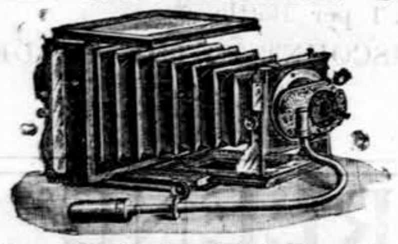

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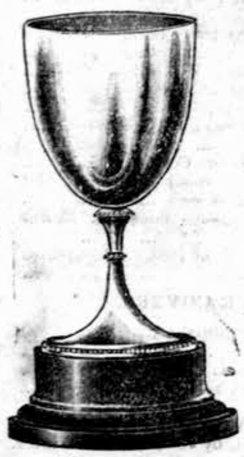

No. 1201.
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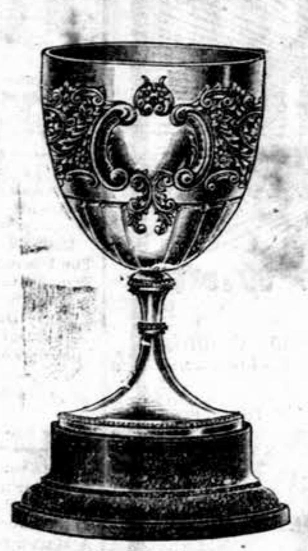

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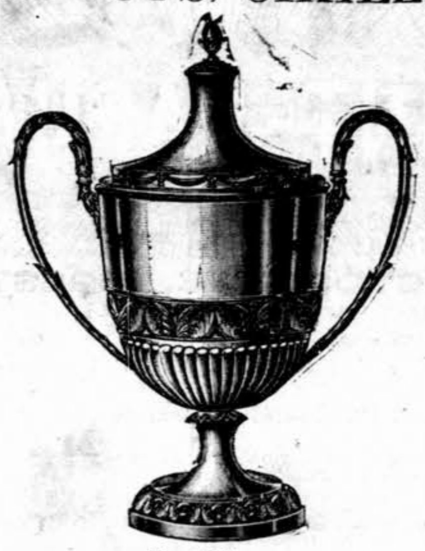

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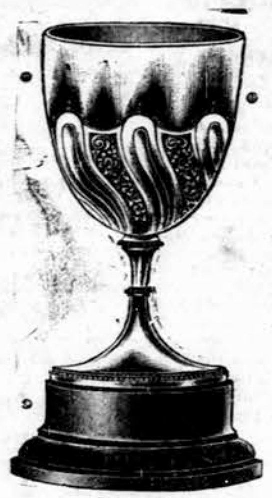

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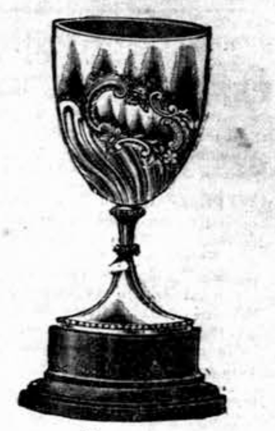

No. 120[illegible]
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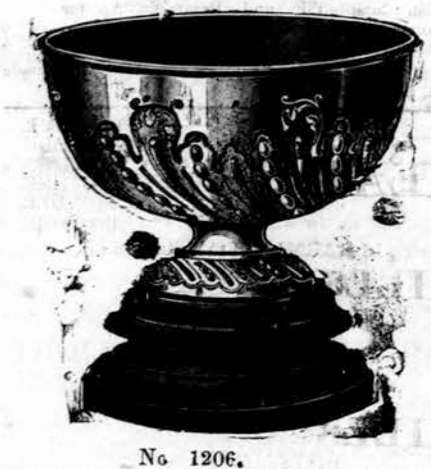

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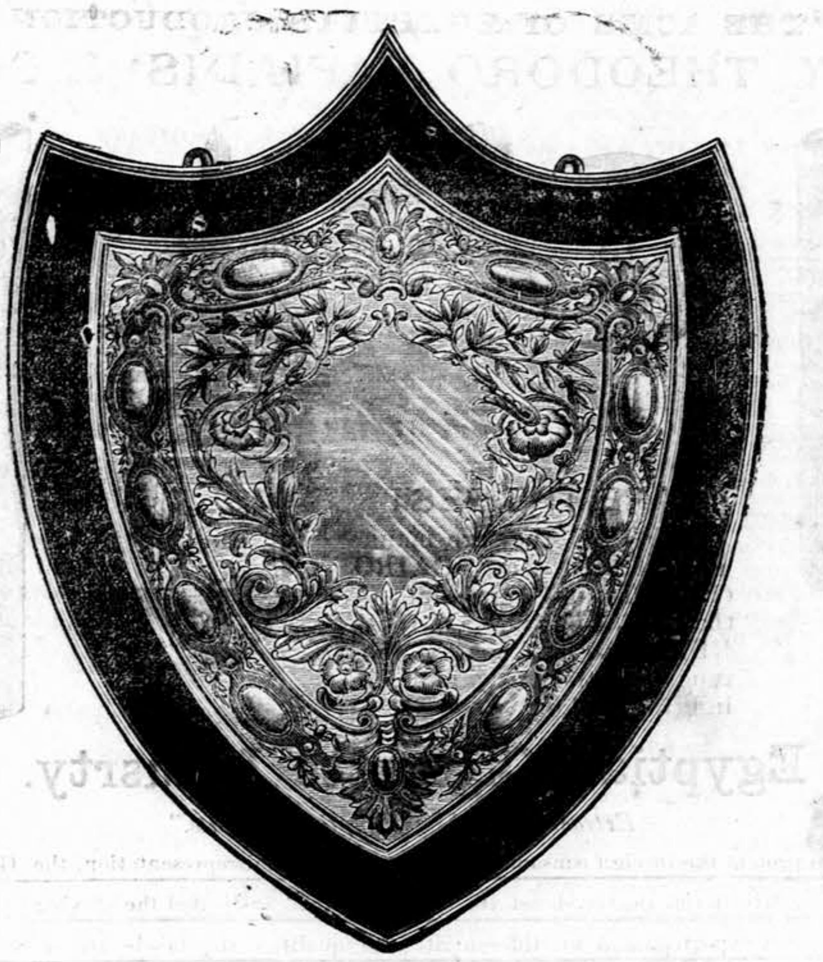

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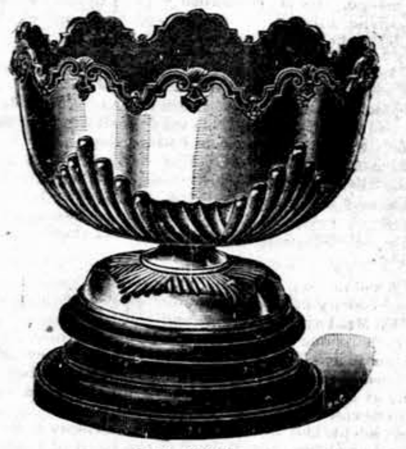

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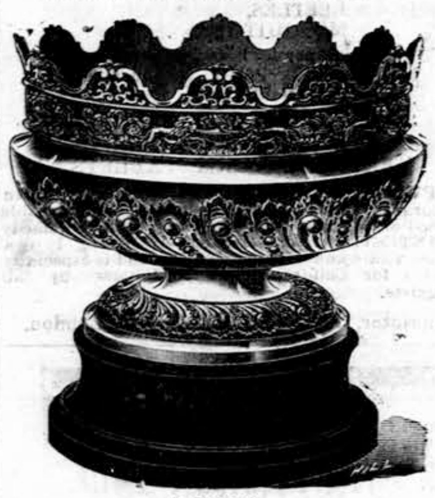

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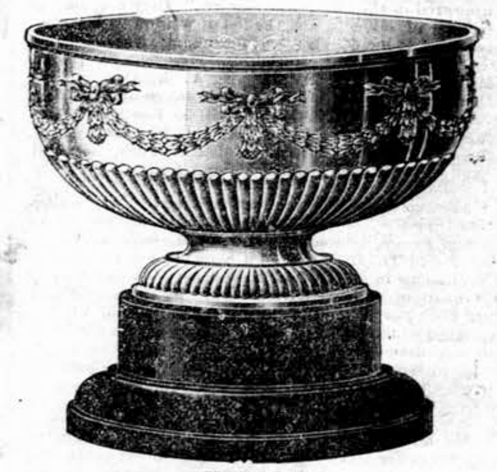

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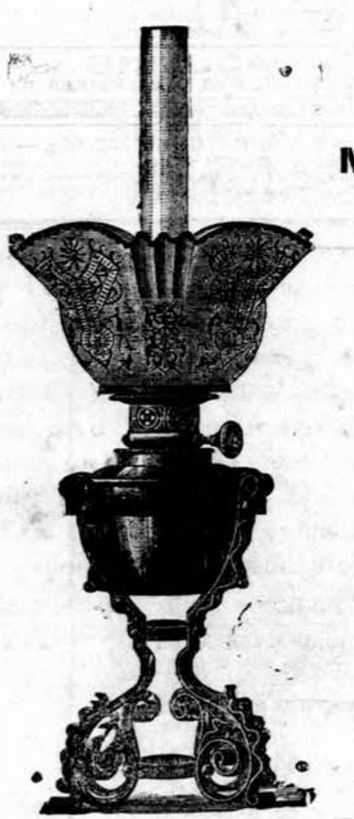
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THE CONCENTRATED JUICES OF NATURES REMEDIES ROOTS AND HERBS
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IN POWDER FORM. KEEPS INDEFINITELY.

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